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LAKE PETIT DAM Pickens County, Georgia State ID No. 112-009-00462 NID No. GA00685

Emergency Action Plan

Prepared for:

Big Canoe® Property Owners Association, Inc.

10586 Big Canoe Jasper, GA 30143 Pickens County

Prepared by:

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Chattanooga, TN 37402

Project No: TN7833

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REVISION LOG

Revision No.	Effective Date	Affected Page Numbers	Description of Revision/Change	Performed By
0	September 1998	All	Original Issue	Jordan, Jones, and Goulding, Inc.
1	April 2007	-	Contact Information Update	Jordan, Jones, and Goulding, Inc.
2	June 2017	-	Contact Information Update; Added Condition C; and Updated Appendices	Geosyntec Consultants, Inc.
3	May 2018	-	Update Condition Identifications; Added (formerly known as Dam Failure Notification of Properties Downstream of Big Canoe) former Table 3	Geosyntec Consultants, Inc.
4	November 2021	All	Complete EAP Revision; Updated inundation mapping	Geosyntec Consultants, Inc.

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1. INTRODUCTION

This Emergency Action Plan (EAP or document) was prepared by Geosyntec Consultants, Inc. (Geosyntec) of Chattanooga, Tennessee on behalf of the Big Canoe® Property Owners Association, Inc. (POA or Owner), Jasper, Georgia in accordance with the Rule for Dam Safety of Georgia (GA) Safe Dams Act of 1978.

The purpose of this EAP is to prescribe procedures to be followed in the event of an emergency associated with the Lake Petit Dam (Dam), which may be caused by an unusually large flood, earthquake, a malfunction (hydraulic or structural) of the spillway, malicious human activity such as sabotage, vandalism, or terrorism, or failure of the Dam.

This document establishes procedures for warning, evacuating, and protecting the public, and to protect property, which would be endangered in the event of a failure of the Dam; as well as taking timely action to notify the appropriate emergency management agency (EMA), law enforcement bodies, and/or governing officials of unusual, potential, or imminent events that might lead to failure of the Dam.

1.1 Ownership Information

Contact information for the Owner, Primary Operator of the Dam, and Dam Owner's Technical Representative is provided in this Section of the EAP. For emergency purposes, refer to the appropriate Notification Flowchart presented in Section 4 of this document.

Owner Information

Owner and Primary Operator: Big Canoe Property Owners Association, Inc. Address: 10586 Big Canoe, Jasper, Georgia 30143 Daytime Phone #: (706) 268-3346 Emergency Phone #: Refer to the Dam Owner's Representative Emergency Phone.

Dam Owner's Representative

Dam Owner's Representative: Scott Auer Address: 10586 Big Canoe, Jasper, Georgia 30143 Daytime Phone #: (706) 268-2400 Emergency Phone #: (770) 596-9003

Additional Contacts

Dam Owner's Technical Representative: Wesley MacDonald, P.E._{TN, AL, GA, and WA} Address: 835 Georgia Avenue, Suite 500, Chattanooga, Tennessee 37402 Daytime Phone #: (423) 385-2312 Emergency Phone #: (615) 830-5139

1.2 Dam Data Sheet

In this section of the EAP, high-level categorical data with regards to the Dam is provided in the table below (Table 1). For location and descriptions of pertinent dam, features refer to the Lake Petit Dam Operations & Maintenance (O&M) Plan (Geosyntec, 2021).

Dam Name:	Lake Petit Dam			
State ID:	No. 112-009-00462			
NID:	GA00685			
Dam Owner/Operator:	Big Canoe POA			
Classification:	Category I			
Purpose of Dam:	Recreation and Water Supply			
Drainage Area:	1.53 square miles			
Height:	126 feet			
Year Constructed:	1972			
Year(s) Modified:	1974, 1976, 1997, 1998, 2008, and 2009 For details on the major construction and modification activities at Lake Petit, refer to the Dam History and Technical Information (Geosyntec, 2020).			
Design Engineer/Firm:	Baldwin & Cranston Associates (1971)		
GPS Location:	34.4625 (North) -84.2903 (West)			
County:	Pickens			
Access to Dam:	The Dam is located within the private development owned and operated by Big Canoe Property Owner Associates, Inc., which is a gated, private residential community. The Dam can be accessed from the crest via Wilderness Parkway and from the toe via Wolfscratch Drive.			

1.3 Project Description

The Dam was constructed in 1972 as a zoned earth embankment consisting of a central clayey silt core and predominantly silty sand embankment shells. The Dam was constructed to supply water and provide recreation for the Big Canoe development and is permitted as a Category I Dam under Chapter 391-3-8 of the GA State Code Rules for Dam Safety. The Dam is owned, operated, and maintained by the Big Canoe POA. The original design drawings for the Dam were prepared by Baldwin & Cranston Associates (Baldwin & Cranston Associates, 1971).

The Dam is located within the Big Canoe development on Petit Creek approximately 5.8 miles upstream of Marble Hill, in Pickens County, north-central Georgia. The reservoir formed by the Dam has a surface area of 105 acres at a normal pool elevation of 1635.5 and extends up Petit Creek approximately 0.7 miles. The GA Safe Dams Program (GSDP) database lists the total storage for the reservoir at approximately 7,500 acre-feet (ac-ft), however, the calculated maximum storage is approximately 5,000 ac-ft based on calculations based on original design drawings. Table 1 presents additional dam data. The topography around the Dam consists of very steep, wooded, mountainous foothills.

The Dam has a maximum height of 126 feet according to the GSDP database, a length of 880 feet, and a top width of 35 feet. The dam has a 15-foot-wide concrete cascading channel spillway on the east side of the earth dam's abutment. The spillway discharge is controlled by a concrete crest underneath a bridge located on the roadway (i.e., Wilderness Parkway) running along the crest of the Dam. The Dam has a 36-inch low-level discharge conduit which is the only permanent means of lowering the reservoir level beneath the spillway crest, short of structural excavations or the use of temporary pumps or siphons. The low-level discharge conduit is operated via a lift system used to operate the heavy-duty sluice gate, which is located under the hatch cover of the low-level discharge conduit gate operator vault.

Lake Sconti, owned by Big Canoe, is located approximately 1.0 mile downstream of Lake Petit. Lake Disharoon, owned by Big Canoe, is located approximately 0.1 mile upstream of Lake Sconti. Lake Petit does not directly recharge the reservoir at Lake Disharoon, however, in the event of an inundation, Lake Disharoon is in the inundation area of Lake Petit. Cox Lake Dam is located approximately 3.5 miles downstream from Lake Petit Dam, south of Cove Road, and is not owned or operated by Big Canoe.

1.4 Site and Pertinent Structure Access

Big Canoe has two permanent roadway access points, both of which have a guard shack with gate access: (1) the main entrance off Steve Tate Highway is Wilderness Parkway, which crosses Petit Creek approximately 2.3 miles downstream of Lake Petit Dam, and (2) the secondary (northern) entrance off Steve Tate Highway (also Wilderness Parkway) which crosses over the top of Lake Petit Dam (only staffed during the day). Access to the toe is via Wolfscratch Drive, a connector road that both starts and ends at different portions of Wilderness Parkway. A third access route to Big Canoe is through an unmanned, locked gate at the Big Canoe Golf Maintenance Area. These three (3) connections are the only exit points from Big Canoe to Steve Tate Highway. The use of these evacuation routes will be controlled by the Big Canoe Department of Public Safety to prevent the endangerment of evacuees in case of an imminent failure. Dam access routes (1) and (3) are

displayed in Figure 1 – Evacuation Map Vicinity of Big Canoe. To assist with access to the Dam, directions from Downtown Atlanta, Georgia to the Dam were sourced from Google Maps (Google, 2021) and are presented in Appendix A – Directions from Atlanta GA, to the Dam.

For emergency conditions that require the operation of the low-level discharge conduit, the gate operator vault for the low-level discharge conduit is located on the upstream face, near the center of the Dam at Station (STA) 4+70. This is just north of the present-day flagpole. A 30-inch (in.) x 30-in. heavy-duty sluice gate (inlet) was designed (Baldwin & Cranston, 1971) to be mounted on the low-level inlet structure that connects the low-level discharge conduit to the reservoir. The low-level discharge conduit, and associated structures, are the only permanent means of lowering the reservoir level beneath the sill of the spillway, short of structural excavations or the use of temporary pumps or siphons. The lift used to operate the heavy-duty sluice gate is located under the hatch cover of the low-level discharge conduit gate operator vault. The handle to operate the low-level discharge conduit lift is not kept on the structure. For access to the handle, please contact the Dam Owner's Representative. An alternative handle may be located on a similar lift on Lake Disharoon Dam, located on the intake structure. Descriptions and locations of all other pertinent Dam features are discussed and presented in the O&M Plan (Geosyntec, 2021).

1.5 Document History

The EAP for the Dam was originally created and revised by Jordan, Jones, and Goulding, Inc. in 1998 and 2007, respectively. Geosyntec revised the EAP in 2017 and 2018 based on guidance from the GSDP Document Engineer Guidelines (Georgia Environmental Protection Division, 2015), and templates referred to in Engineer Guidelines created by the North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality and the Association of State Dam Safety Officials. A summary of known dates of revision of this EAP is provided in the Revision Log where future revisions and modifications to the EAP should be documented. Concurrences, Records of Holders of Control Copies, documentation from EAP reviews, and periodic tests of this EAP should be documented in the forms provided in Appendix B.

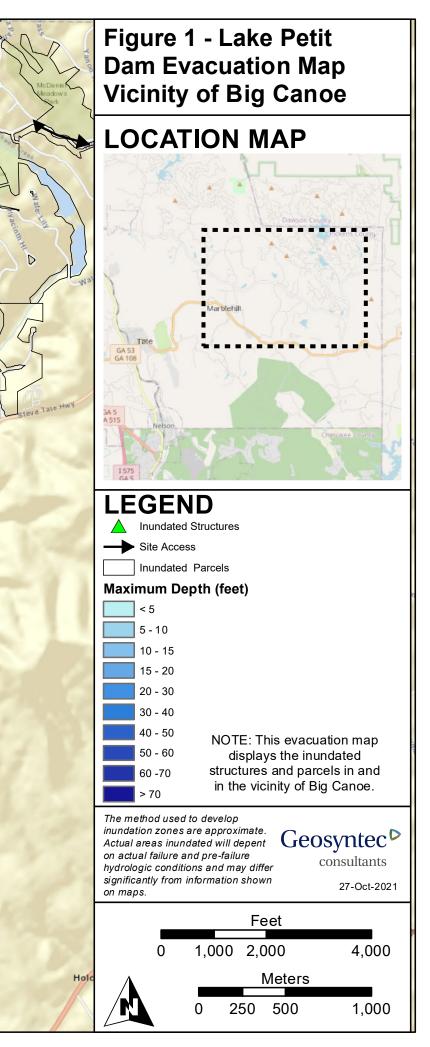
Geosyntec revised this EAP based on guidance from the GSDP template Emergency Action Plan Template (Georgia Environmental Protection Division, 2021); as well as guidelines prepared by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) titled Federal Guidelines for Dam Safety (Federal Emergency Management Agency, 2013). The inundation mapping and calculations provided in Appendix C – Inundation Mapping were prepared in 2021 with more recent survey data and the updated requirements from the Engineer Guidelines (GA EPD, 2015). The property parcels and addresses for properties downstream of the Dam were provided by the Pickens County EMA. Updated evacuation maps were prepared using the inundation calculations from the Inundation Mapping analysis. The evacuation maps are split into two figures: (i) Figure 1 – Evacuation Map Vicinity of Big Canoe (Part 1); and (ii) Figure 2 – Evacuation Map Downstream of Big Canoe (Part 2). The purpose of Figure 1 is to display the inundated structures and parcels within and near Big Canoe, while the purpose of Figure 2 is to display the inundated structures and parcels downstream of Big Canoe.

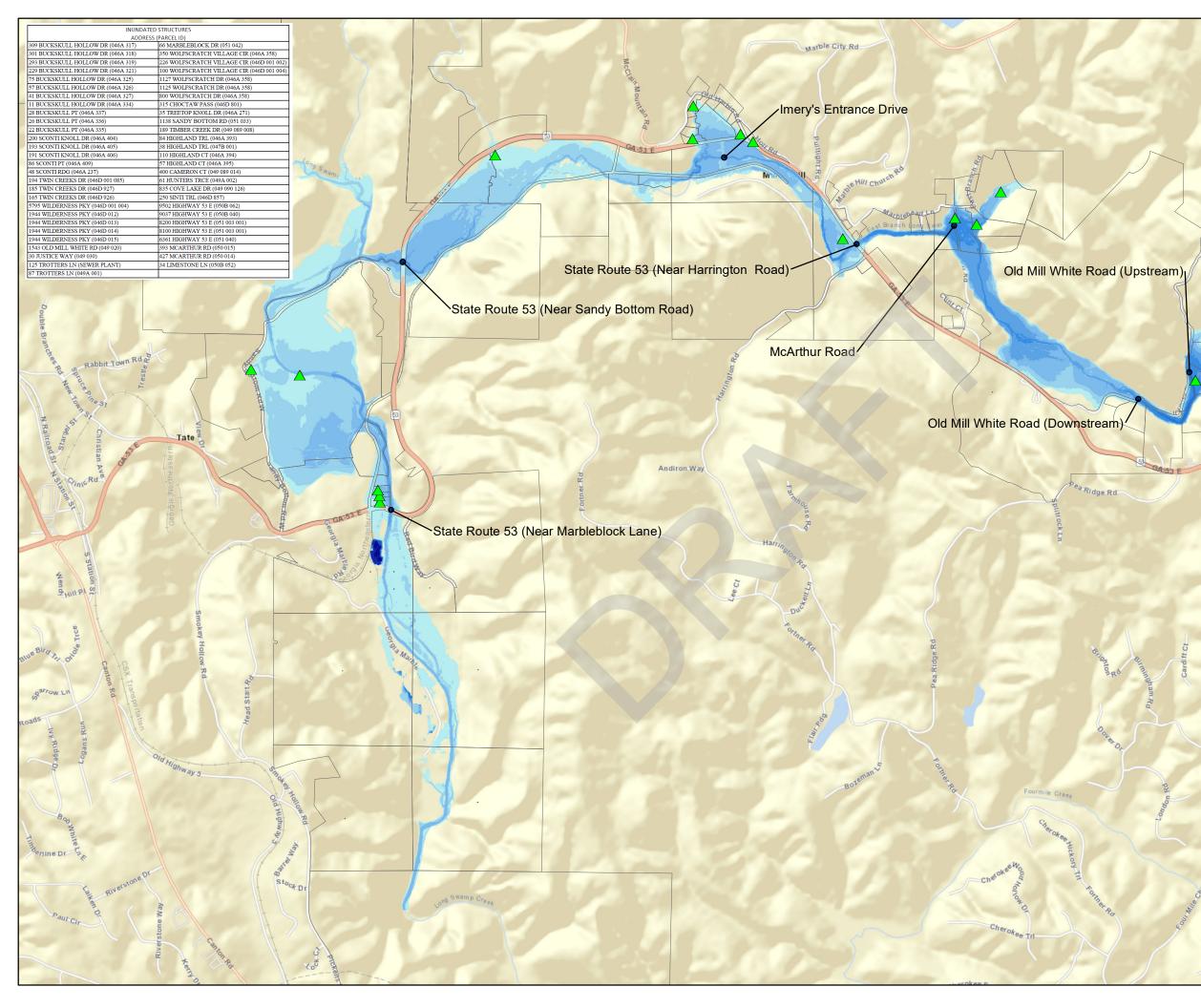
A list of terms frequently used when discussing dam-related topics and features are presented in Appendix D – Definitions.

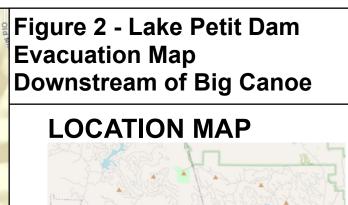
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301 BUCKSKULL HOLLOW DR (046A 318)	350 WOLFSCRATCH VILLAGE CIR (046A 358)		Lake Petit Dam	
293 BUCKSKULL HOLLOW DR (046A 319)	226 WOLFSCRATCH VILLAGE CIR (046D 001 002)			Humess off the
229 BUCKSKULL HOLLOW DR (046A 321)	100 WOLFSCRATCH VILLAGE CIR (046D 001 004)	55 PKWS		
75 BUCKSKULL HOLLOW DR (046A 325)	1127 WOLFSCRATCH DR (046A 358)	ane a		Welfscratch Drive
57 BUCKSKULL HOLLOW DR (046A 326)	1125 WOLFSCRATCH DR (046A 358)	20 22		
41 BUCKSKULL HOLLOW DR (046A 327)	800 WOLFSCRATCH DR (046A 358)			
11 BUCKSKULL HOLLOW DR (046A 334)	315 CHOCTAW PASS (046D 801)	and a second		SWAN
28 BUCKSKULL PT (046A 337)	35 TREETOP KNOLL DR (046A 271)		- I mila	Big Canc
26 BUCKSKULL PT (046A 336)	1138 SANDY BOTTOM RD (051 033)	Samon Lug	k Gumbra	
22 BUCKSKULL PT (046A 335)	189 TIMBER CREEK DR (049 089 008)	onto		
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86 SCONTI PT (046A 409)	57 HIGHLAND CT (046A 395)	n nu		
48 SCONTI RDG (046A 237)	400 CAMERON CT (049 089 014)			1 A Company
194 TWIN CREEKS DR (046D 001 085)	61 HUNTERS TRCE (049A 002)			
185 TWIN CREEKS DR (046D 927)	835 COVE LAKE DR (049 090 126)	A A		Lake Sgonti Dam
165 TWIN CREEKS DR (046D 926)	250 SINTI TRL (046D 857)			h h
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	8200 HIGHWAY 53 E (051 003 001)			
1944 WILDERNESS PKY (046D 014)	8100 HIGHWAY 53 E (051 003 001)	a ou		
1944 WILDERNESS PKY (046D 015)	6361 HIGHWAY 53 E (051 040)	3	FT P 100	
1543 OLD MILL WHITE RD (049 020)	393 MCARTHUR RD (050 015)			
30 JUSTICE WAY (049 030)	427 MCARTHUR RD (050 014)	B.K.		
125 TROTTERS LN (SEWER PLANT)	34 LIMESTONE LN (050B 052)	Ŧ		
87 TROTTERS LN (049A 001)				
Marble City Rd		A.	Amicalois	Wilderness Parkway
The second secon	Branch Ra			
Boo Marbiete	McArthur Road	Old Mill White Rd	Trotter	Cove Road
	Old Mill White Road (I	Ipstream)		
				ox Dam
State Route 53 (Near Han	rington Road) Old Mill White Road (Downstream)		Pendley Woods Road	Steine - Tale Huy
+			Care Care	II Rd

1.53 E

Ridge Rd











Inundated Structures

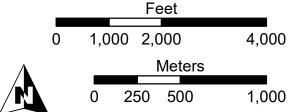
Inundated Parcels

Maximum Depth (feet)

< 5
5 - 10
10 - 15
15 - 20
20 - 30
30 - 40
40 - 50
50 - 60
60 -70
> 70

NOTE: This evacuation map displays the inundated structures and parcels downstream of Big Canoe (i.e., downstream of Figure 1).

The method used to develop inundation zones are approximate. Actual areas inundated will depend on actual failure and pre-failure hydrologic conditions and may differ significantly from information shown on maps. **Geosyntec** consultants 27-Oct-2021 **Feet**



2. SUMMARY OF EAP PROCESS

In the state of Georgia, dam owners and operators shall develop, and submit to GSDP an EAP for each Category I dam owned. The EAP contains actions designed to prevent a failure to dam structures or to minimize the impact of a dam failure on life and property. It establishes and documents procedures for notifying state and local EMA, law enforcement bodies, and downstream residents affected by a dam failure.

2.1 Summary of the EAP Process

There are four steps that must be followed anytime an unusual or emergency event is detected at the Dam. The steps are described in the following sections. An EAP Process Overview Flowchart outlining the following steps is provided in Figure 3. The forms that should be used to document unusual or emergency events are provided in Appendix E (E-1:Contact Checklist; E-2: Condition B (Level 2) or C (Level 3) Event Log; and E-3: Dam Emergency Situation Report forms).

Step 1 – Event Detection, and Emergency Level Determination and Index

During the initial step, an unusual event or emergency event is detected at the Dam and classified by the Dam Owner's Representative or designee. The Emergency Classifications are presented briefly subsequently and discussed in further detail in Section 3.1 of this document.

- Condition A (Level 1), GREEN: Unusual Event, slowly developing
- Condition B (Level 2), YELLOW: Emergency Event, potential dam failure situation, rapidly developing
- Condition C (Level 3), RED: Urgent! Emergency Event, Dam failure imminent or is in progress

Step 2 - Notification and Communication

After the event level has been determined, notifications are made in accordance with the appropriate Notification Flowchart provided in Section 4 of this document.

Step 3 – Remedial Actions

After the initial notifications are made, the EAP Coordinator should confer with the Dam Owner's Technical Representative, Dam Owner's Representative, and the GSDP to develop and execute appropriate preventative actions. During this step of the EAP, there is a continuous process of taking actions, assessing the status of the situation, and keeping others informed through the communication channels established during the initial notifications. The EAP may go through multiple event levels during Steps 2 and 3 as the situation either improves or worsens.

Step 4 – Termination and Follow-up

Once the event has ended or been resolved, termination and follow-up procedures should be followed as outlined in Section 6 of this document. EAP operations can only be terminated after completing operations under Condition C (Level 3) or A (Level 1). If Condition B (Level 2) is declared, the operations must be reclassified to Condition A (Level 1) or C (Level 3) before terminating the EAP operations.



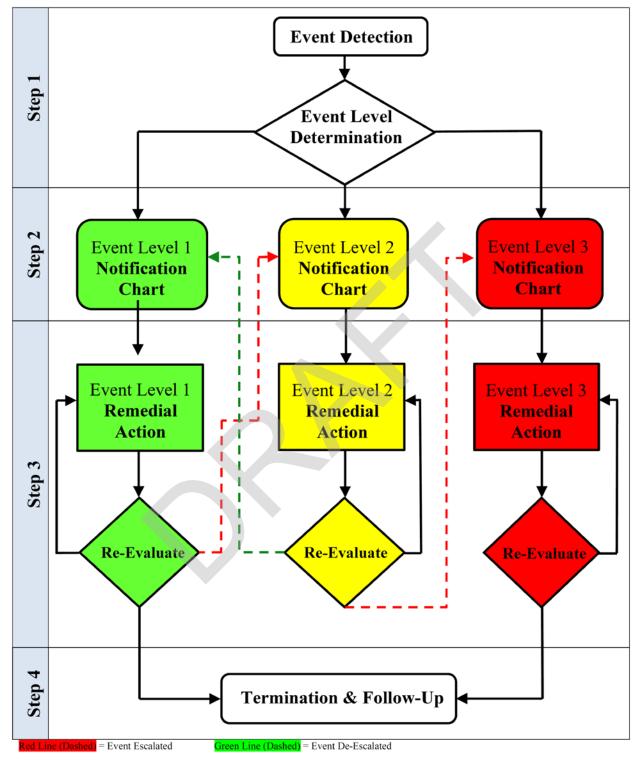


Figure 3 – EAP Process Overview Flowchart

3. STEP 1 – EMERGENCY LEVEL DETERMINATION AND INDEX

3.1 Emergency Classification

Dam Failure Emergencies will be classified according to their severity and urgency. For the purposes of this EAP, three emergency classifications are provided. Conditions A, B, and C are consistent with other Big Canoe action plans, while Levels 1, 2, and 3 are consistent with GSDP. To assist the Dam Owner's Representative with the determination of the emergency classification, events and the dam failure mechanism derived from the events are presented in Table 2 – Emergency Level Determination and Emergency Level Index of this document.

To assist the EMA in selecting their appropriate course of action and to provide a proper transition from Condition A (Level 1) to Condition B (Level 2) or Condition B (Level 2) to Condition C (Level 3) the Big Canoe Public Safety Director will clearly communicate the situation to the EMA. For Conditions C (Level 3) and B (Level 2) situations, the Big Canoe Public Safety Director will place the first series of notifications on initial alert, and provide periodic updates on the situation as it develops so that the EMA can assess when they should implement their evacuation procedures. For example, the Dam Owner's Representative will issue an initial warning and periodic updates on the lake level as it rises during flooding conditions and eventually overtops the Dam. As the lake rises, a "potential failure situation is developing" warning should be issued with periodic updates on how much time is available before overtopping occurs. Once the Dam 0vertops, a "failure is imminent or has occurred" warning should be issued, as suggested in Section 4.3.2 of this document.

3.1.1 Condition A (Level 1) – Unusual Event

This is a condition where a situation is developing but has not yet threatened the operation or the structural integrity of the Dam. The Dam Owner's Technical Representative, and if applicable, GSDP should be contacted to investigate the situation and recommend remedial actions. The condition of the Dam should be closely monitored, especially during storm events, to detect any development of a potential or imminent dam failure situation. The Dam Owner's Representative will assess the situation and determine a path forward approach. Warnings shall not be issued unless the situation develops into a Condition B (Level 2) situation.

3.1.2 **Condition B (Level 2) – Potential Failure Event**

This is a condition where a failure may eventually occur, but preplanned actions taken during certain events (such as major floods, earthquakes, evidence of piping, etc.) may alleviate dam failure. Generally, for Condition B (Level 2) there is more time available than in a Condition C (Level 3) to issue warnings and/or take preparedness actions. Even if failure is inevitable, for a Condition B (Level 2) Event there should be a reasonable amount of time available for analysis before deciding on the evacuation of downstream residents. Preplanned actions will be initiated once a Condition B (Level 2) Emergency has been declared and the initial notifications have been completed. The preplanned actions that should be undertaken are shown in Section 5 of this document (Step 3 – Remedial Actions).

If time permits, the Dam Owner's Technical Representative, and if applicable GSDP, should be contacted to investigate the situation and recommend additional remedial actions after preplanned

actions were implemented to prevent the progression of the Dam's condition to Condition C (Level 3).

When a dam safety condition is observed that may lead to a failure if left unattended, but there is no immediate danger, the Dam Owner's Representative will issue a warning that a "potential failure situation is developing". The Dam Owner's Representative will assess the situation and determine the urgency of the emergency situation. Based on the Dam Owner's Representative's assessment, the first series of notifications should be made, and it is up to the EMA officials to determine the subsequent course of action to follow.

3.1.3 Condition C (Level 3) – Imminent Failure Event

This is an urgent condition where a failure either has occurred, is occurring, or is about to occur and likely cannot be prevented. Modeling of multiple failure and breach scenarios was not completed as part of his work, and each failure and breach scenario may be different. Therefore, once the Dam Owner's Representative determines that there is no longer time available to implement preplanned actions to prevent dam failure, the "failure is imminent or has occurred" warning, as suggested in Section 4.3, should be issued. EMA officials shall interpret the phrase "failure is imminent" to mean that the dam is failing and order an evacuation of residents in potential inundation areas. For evacuation purposes, "failure is imminent" and "failure has occurred" shall be interpreted as the same condition.

3.2 Event Detection and Level Index

Routine surveillance, observation, and/or instrumentation readings at the site will be the normal methods of detecting potential emergency situations. Unusual or emergency events may be detected by:

- Observations at or near the dam, including reservoir level;
- Evaluation of instrumentation data;
- Earthquakes felt or reported in the vicinity of the Dam; and
- Forewarning of conditions that may cause an unusual event or emergency event at the dam (e.g., a severe weather or flash flood forecast).

Event	Dam Failure Mechanism	Evaluation of Failure	Condition (Level) ⁽¹⁾
Unexpected Failure	• Unknown	Dam unexpectedly and without warning begins to fail	Condition C (Level 3)
Major Flood/		Erosion and removal of the road and embankment occurring	Condition C (Level 3)
Embankment Overtopping	• Overtopping of dam	Flood pool rapidly approaching top of dam and embankment still intact	Condition B (Level 2)
Global	Settlement of dam crest	Settlement of more than a few inches Slope movement larger than the size of a car Flowing water from downstream face of dam	Condition C (Level 3)
Earthquake or SeismicEvidence of seepage or pipingActivityDamage to dam	• Evidence of seepage or piping	Settlement of less than a few inches Slope movement of less than the size of a car Wet areas on downstream face of dam that continue to increase in size and intensity of flow	Condition B (Level 2)
		Measurable earthquake felt or reported near the dam and dam appears to be stable. Settlement of more than a few inches	Condition A (Level 1)
Embankment	• Settlement of dam crest	Slope movement larger than the size of a car	Condition C (Level 3)
Movement	Slope movement	Settlement of less than a few inches Slope movement of less than the size of a car	Condition B (Level 2)
Embankment		New cracks in the embankment greater than 1/4-inch wide without seepage Seepage with a notable increase in flow (minimum a 25 % increase) and cloudiness from either weir on Bench No. 1, or the internal toe drains	Condition A (Level 1) Condition C (Level 3)
Seepage	• Evidence of seepage or piping	Wet areas with cloudy discharge on downstream face of dam that continue to increase in size and intensity of flow	Condition B (Level 2)
	• Spillway overflow	New seepage areas in or near the dam, water flowing clear Spillway overflowing with an advancing head cut that is threatening the control	Condition A (Level 1)
Spillway		section or that is already flooding people downstream Spillway overflowing with active gully erosion	Condition C (Level 3) Condition B (Level 2)
Flow	Spillway erosion	Spillway overflowing with no active erosion Normal flow with erosion under, beneath, or at edges of the spillway	Condition A (Level 1) Condition A (Level 1)

Table 2 – Emergency Level Determination and Emergency Level Index

Event	Dam Failure Mechanism		Evaluation of Failure	Condition (Level) ⁽¹⁾
			Rapidly enlarging sinkhole on dam or appurtenances	Condition C (Level 3)
Sinkholes	•	Observed sinkhole	Observation of new sinkhole in reservoir area or on embankment	Condition B (Level 2)
			Observation of sinkhole downgradient of the dam	Condition A (Level 1)
			Increase in piezometer readings of more than 10 feet and flowing water from downstream face of dam Rapid decrease in lake level and flowing water from downstream face of dam	Condition C (Level 3)
Routine Instrument.	•	Significant change in piezometer readings	Increase in piezometer readings of more than 10 feet and no flowing water from downstream face of dam	Condition B (Level 2)
Readings	•	Rapid decrease in lake level	Rapid decrease in lake level with no apparent reason and no flowing water from downstream face of dam	
			Piezometer readings vary beyond predetermined values and no flowing water from downstream face of dam	Condition A (Level 1)
			Detonated bomb that has results in damage to the dam or appurtenances	Condition C (Level 3)
Security Threat	•	Bomb threat	Verified bomb threat that, if carried out, could result in damage to the dam or appurtenances with no impacts to the functioning of the dam	Condition B (Level 2)
			Reported bomb threat, unverified	Condition A (Level 1
Sabotage/	•	Damage to dam or	Damage or modification to the dam or appurtenances with no impacts to the function of the dam	Condition A (Level 1)
Vandalism		appurtenances	Damage to dam or appurtenances that has resulted in seepage flow	Condition B (Level 2)
			Damage to dam or appurtenances that has resulted in uncontrolled water release	Condition C (Level 3)
Blocked culverts	•	Blockage	Debris is blocking a spillway pipe, causing lake level to rise	Condition C (Level 3)

Note: (1) Conditions A, B, and C are consistent with other Big Canoe action plans while Levels 1, 2, and 3 are consistent with Georgia Department of Natural Resources (GA DNR) Safe Dams Program. For clarity, both nomenclatures are provided

4. STEP 2 – NOTIFICATIONS AND COMMUNICATIONS

After the appropriate Emergency Level has been determined by the Dam Owner's Representative or designee, the appropriate contacts listed in the Notification Flowcharts in this section of the document should be contacted and notified immediately.

4.1 Notification Flowchart

The Notification Flowcharts (Figures 4 and 5) summarize the following information which is applicable during an impending or imminent failure of the Dam:

- Who is responsible for notifying Big Canoe or the Dam Owner Representative and/or EMA officials;
- Who is to be notified; and
- What is the priority order in which individuals are to be notified.

All residents and employees of Big Canoe can and should be observers of unusual events at the Dam. This observer group will be educated through the local newsletter regarding what are symptoms of impending or imminent failure, and who at the POA should be contacted to initiate the Notification Process.

The Dam Owner's Representative or his/her designee is responsible for initiating the Notification Process. The Dam Owner's Representative or his designee will verify the condition of Lake Petit Dam which the observer has identified and initiate the notification. The Dam Failure Notification Flow Charts and Tables (Figures 4 and 5, and Table 3) identify the critical structures, EMA, government agencies, and Big Canoe Property Owners Association employees that should be contacted immediately and in what order. Subsequent contacts by each of these individuals are shown in priority order.

Table 4 – Dam Failure Notification of Inundated Parcels Downstream of Lake Petit Dam shows the inundated parcels and addresses downstream of the Dam that were provided by Pickens County EMA. The inundated structures and addresses downstream of the Dam in the inundated areas were provided by the Pickens County EMA and are presented in Table 5 – Dam Failure Notification of Inundated Structures Downstream of Lake Petit Dam. The addresses and parcels were identified based on the inundation zone determined in the Inundation Calculation presented in Appendix C.



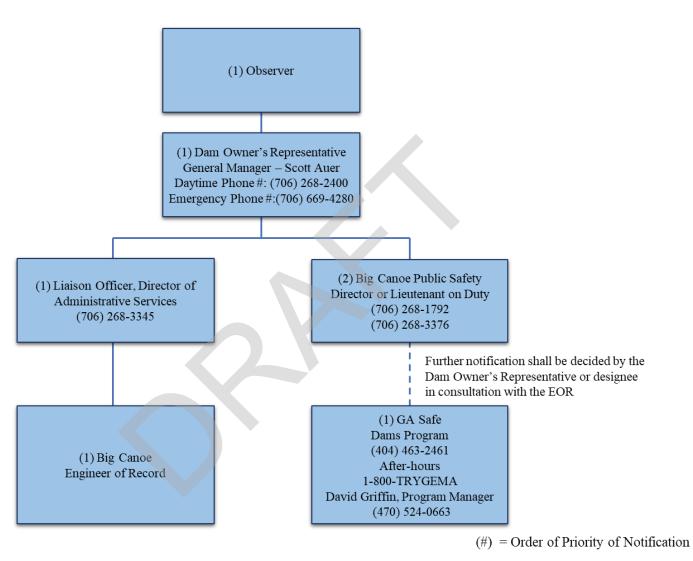
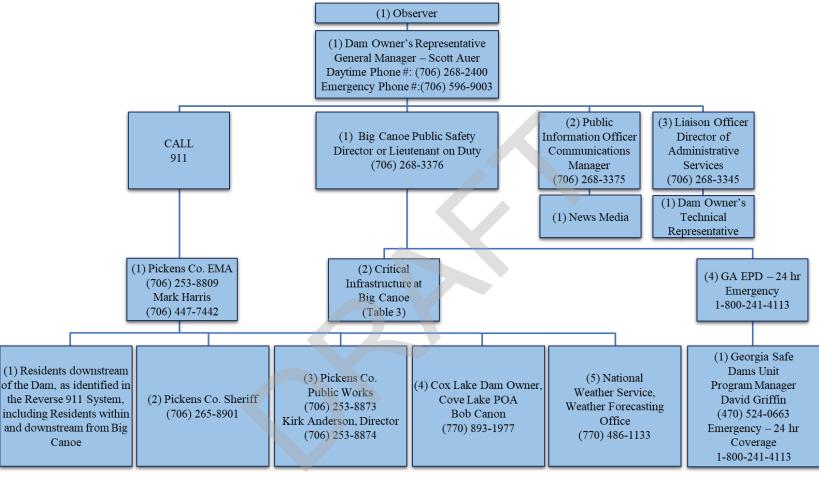


Figure 4 – Dam Failure Notification Flowchart for Condition A (Level 1) Emergencies



(#) = Order of Priority of Notification

Figure 5: Dam Failure Notification Flowchart for Conditions B (Level 2) & C (Level 3) Emergencies



Facility	Big Canoe Street	Phone Number
Utilities Office	Highland Trail/Wolfscratch Drive	(706) 268-3400
Beach Club	Wolfscratch Drive	(706) 268-3317
Wellness Center	Wolfscratch Drive	(706) 268-3441
Chapel	Wolfscratch Circle	(706) 268-3203
Racquet Club	Wolfscratch Circle	(706) 268-3367
Package Porch	Wolfscratch Circle	(706) 268-3376
Lakewatch Village	Wilderness Parkway	(706) 268-3376
Clubhouse	Clubhouse Drive	(706) 268-1253
Fire Station #3	Wolfscratch Drive	(706) 268-1792
Duffers	Clubhouse Drive	(706) 268-3273
Golf Shop	Clubhouse Drive	(706) 268-3323
Cart Barn	Clubhouse Drive	(706) 268-3323

Table 3 – Dam Failure Notification of Big CanoeCritical Infrastructure Downstream of Dam

Parcel IDStreet NumberStreet NameParcel IDStreet NumberStreet Name49080130ALYSON WAY046A 222 001155CHESTNUT RISE049A 046 001BLACKWELL046A 222 002155CHESTNUT RISE049A 046 001BLACKWELL046A 222 004155CHESTNUT RISE046A 13518BLUEBIRD CT046D 801315CHOCTAW PASS046A 317309BUCKSKULL046D 802333CHOCTAW PASS046A 32657BUCKSKULL046D 807CHOCTAW PASS046A 32657BUCKSKULL046D 807CHOCTAW PASS046A 33411BUCKSKULL5002259CLINT COURT046A 33522BUCKSKULL PT49090113976COVE LAKE DR046A 435205CANADA GEESE49090114COVE LAKE DR046A 4455CHESTNUT49090115COVE LAKE DR046A 4455CHESTNUT49090112COVE LAKE DR046A 4457CHESTNUT49090116COVE LAKE DR046A 4457CHESTNUT49090122COVE LAKE DR046A 4457CHESTNUT49090122COVE LAKE DR046A 4467CHESTNUT49090123651COVE LAKE DR046A 44531CHESTNUT49090120COVE LAKE DR046A 44531CHESTNUT49090120COVE LAKE DR046A 4467CHESTNUT49090120COVE LAKE DR046A 4467CHESTNUT<	Table 4 (Cont d)			Table 4 (Collt d)			
049A 046 001 BLACKWELL 046A 222 002 155 CHESTNUT RISE 049A 063 BLACKWELL 046A 222 004 155 CHESTNUT RISE 049A 064 295 BLACKWELL 046A 222 004 155 CHESTNUT RISE 046A 135 18 BLUEBIRD CT 046A 222 004 155 CHOCTAW PASS 046A 317 309 BUCKSKULL 046D 802 333 CHOCTAW PASS 046A 326 57 BUCKSKULL 046D 807 CHOCTAW PASS 046A 336 26 BUCKSKULL PT 046D 912 0 CHOCTAW PASS 046A 336 26 BUCKSKULL PT 49090112 COVE LAKE DR 046A 335 046A 335 22 BUCKSKULL PT 49090113 976 COVE LAKE DR 046A 148 172 CANADA GEESE 49090113 COVE LAKE DR 046A 445 046A 445 5 CHESTNUT 49090118 C61 COVE LAKE DR 046A 446 7 CHESTNUT 49090123 C51 COVE LAKE DR 046A 446 <th>Parcel ID</th> <th></th> <th colspan="2">Street Name</th> <th>Parcel ID</th> <th></th> <th>Street Name</th>	Parcel ID		Street Name		Parcel ID		Street Name
049A 063 BLACKWELL 046A 222 004 155 CHESTNUT RISE 049A 064 295 BLACKWELL 046A 222 004 155 CHOCTAW PASS 046A 135 18 BLUEBIRD CT 046D 801 315 CHOCTAW PASS 046A 317 309 BUCKSKULL 046D 806 CHOCTAW PASS 046A 326 57 BUCKSKULL 046D 807 CHOCTAW PASS 046A 327 41 BUCKSKULL 046D 912 0 CHOCTAW PASS 046A 336 26 BUCKSKULL PT 046A 336 26 BUCKSKULL PT 49090112 COVE LAKE DR 046A 336 22 BUCKSKULL PT 49090113 976 COVE LAKE DR 046A 148 172 CANADA GEESE 49090114 COVE LAKE DR 49090115 COVE LAKE DR 046A 445 5 CHESTNUT 49090118 661 COVE LAKE DR 046A 446 7 CHESTNUT 49090123 651 COVE LAKE DR 046A 446 7 CHESTNUT 49090125 249 C	49089013	0	ALYSON WAY		046A 222 001	155	CHESTNUT RISE
049A 064 295 BLACKWELL 046A 135 18 BLUEBIRD CT 046D 801 315 CHOCTAW PASS 046A 317 309 BUCKSKULL 046D 802 333 CHOCTAW PASS 046A 318 301 BUCKSKULL 046D 807 CHOCTAW PASS 046A 326 57 BUCKSKULL 046D 807 CHOCTAW PASS 046A 327 41 BUCKSKULL 046D 912 0 CHOCTAW PASS 046A 334 11 BUCKSKULL 046D 912 0 CHOCTAW PASS 046A 335 22 BUCKSKULL PT 49090112 COVE LAKE DR 046A 148 172 CANADA GEESE 49090114 COVE LAKE DR 046A 149 230 CANADA GEESE 49090117 779 COVE LAKE DR 046A 149 21 CHESTNUT 49090118 661 COVE LAKE DR 046A 7 </td <td>049A 046 001</td> <td></td> <td>BLACKWELL</td> <td></td> <td>046A 222 002</td> <td>155</td> <td>CHESTNUT RISE</td>	049A 046 001		BLACKWELL		046A 222 002	155	CHESTNUT RISE
046A 135 18 BLUEBIRD CT 046D 802 333 CHOCTAW PASS 046A 317 309 BUCKSKULL 046D 806 CHOCTAW PASS 046A 326 57 BUCKSKULL 046D 807 CHOCTAW PASS 046A 326 57 BUCKSKULL 046D 807 CHOCTAW PASS 046A 326 57 BUCKSKULL 046D 912 0 CHOCTAW PASS 046A 336 26 BUCKSKULL PT 49090112 COVE LAKE DR 046A 335 22 BUCKSKULL PT 49090113 976 COVE LAKE DR 046A 148 172 CANADA GEESE 49090114 COVE LAKE DR 046A 149 230 CANADA GEESE 49090117 779 COVE LAKE DR 046A 447 21 CHESTNUT 49090118 661 COVE LAKE DR 046A 447 9 CHESTNUT 49090123 651 COVE LAKE DR 046A 448 11 CHESTNUT 49090125 249 COVE LAKE DR 046A 449 31 CHESTNUT RISE 49090120 <td>049A 063</td> <td></td> <td>BLACKWELL</td> <td></td> <td>046A 222 004</td> <td>155</td> <td>CHESTNUT RISE</td>	049A 063		BLACKWELL		046A 222 004	155	CHESTNUT RISE
046A 317 309 BUCKSKULL 046A 318 301 BUCKSKULL 046D 806 CHOCTAW PASS 046A 326 57 BUCKSKULL 046D 807 CHOCTAW PASS 046A 327 41 BUCKSKULL 046D 912 0 CHOCTAW PASS 046A 327 41 BUCKSKULL 046D 912 0 CHOCTAW PASS 046A 334 11 BUCKSKULL PT 49090112 COVE LAKE DR 046A 335 22 BUCKSKULL PT 49090113 976 COVE LAKE DR 49089014 400 CAMERON CT 49090113 976 COVE LAKE DR 046A 149 230 CANADA GEESE 49090116 COVE LAKE DR 046A 150 205 CANADA GEESE 49090117 779 COVE LAKE DR 046A 437 21 CHESTNUT 49090122 COVE LAKE DR 046A 447 9 CHESTNUT 49090125 249 COVE LAKE DR	049A 064	295	BLACKWELL		046D 801	315	CHOCTAW PASS
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046A 327 41 BUCKSKULL 046A 334 11 BUCKSKULL 50022 59 CLINT COURT 046A 336 26 BUCKSKULL PT 49090112 COVE LAKE DR 046A 335 22 BUCKSKULL PT 49090113 976 COVE LAKE DR 49089014 400 CAMERON CT 49090115 COVE LAKE DR 046A 149 230 CANADA GEESE 49090115 COVE LAKE DR 046A 150 205 CANADA GEESE 49090117 779 COVE LAKE DR 046A 150 205 CANADA GEESE 49090118 661 COVE LAKE DR 046A 437 21 CHESTNUT 49090122 COVE LAKE DR 046A 446 7 CHESTNUT 49090123 651 COVE LAKE DR 046A 449 31 CHESTNUT 49090125 249 COVE LAKE DR 046A 420 01 135 CHESTNUT RISE 49090120 10<	046A 318	301	BUCKSKULL		046D 807		CHOCTAW PASS
046A 334 11 BUCKSKULL 046A 336 26 BUCKSKULL PT 046A 335 22 BUCKSKULL PT 49089014 400 CAMERON CT 49089014 400 CANADA GEESE 046A 172 CANADA GEESE 046A 150 205 CANADA GEESE 046A 150 205 CANADA GEESE 49024 CHASTAIN CT 49090113 661 COVE LAKE DR 046A 437 21 CHESTNUT 49090118 661 COVE LAKE DR 046A 4445 5 CHESTNUT 49090122 COVE LAKE DR 046A 4446 7 CHESTNUT 49090123 651 COVE LAKE DR 046A 4449 31 CHESTNUT 49090125 249 COVE LAKE DR 046A 449 31 CHESTNUT 49090127 391 COVE LAKE DR 046A 220 002 135 CHESTNUT RISE 04909 8822 <td>046A 326</td> <td>57</td> <td>BUCKSKULL</td> <td></td> <td>046D 912</td> <td>0</td> <td>CHOCTAW PASS</td>	046A 326	57	BUCKSKULL		046D 912	0	CHOCTAW PASS
046A 336 26 BUCKSKULL PT 046A 335 22 BUCKSKULL PT 49089014 400 CAMERON CT 046A 148 172 CANADA GEESE 046A 149 230 CANADA GEESE 046A 150 205 CANADA GEESE 046A 150 205 CANADA GEESE 49024 CHASTAIN CT 49090113 661 COVE LAKE DR 046A 437 21 CHESTNUT 49090119 COVE LAKE DR 046A 4445 5 CHESTNUT 49090122 COVE LAKE DR 046A 4446 7 CHESTNUT 49090123 651 COVE LAKE DR 046A 4447 9 CHESTNUT 49090125 249 COVE LAKE DR 046A 449 31 CHESTNUT 49090125 249 COVE LAKE DR 046A 449 31 CHESTNUT 49090120 0000 8822 COVE LAKE DR 046A	046A 327	41	BUCKSKULL		50022	59	CLINT COURT
046A 335 22 BUCKSKULL PT 49089014 400 CAMERON CT 49089014 400 CAMERON CT 046A 148 172 CANADA GEESE 046A 149 230 CANADA GEESE 046A 150 205 CANADA GEESE 046A 437 21 CHASTAIN CT 046A 445 5 CHESTNUT 046A 446 7 CHESTNUT 046A 447 9 CHESTNUT 046A 448 11 CHESTNUT 046A 449 31 CHESTNUT 046A 450 41 CHESTNUT 046A 220 001 135 CHESTNUT RISE 046A 221 001 145 CHESTNUT RISE 046A 221 002 145 CHESTNUT RISE 046A 221 003 145 CHESTNUT RISE 046A 22	046A 334	11	BUCKSKULL		49090112		COVE LAKE DR
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046A 149 230 CANADA GEESE 49090117 779 COVE LAKE DR 046A 150 205 CANADA GEESE 49090118 661 COVE LAKE DR 49024 CHASTAIN CT 49090118 661 COVE LAKE DR 046A 437 21 CHESTNUT 49090122 COVE LAKE DR 046A 446 7 CHESTNUT 49090123 651 COVE LAKE DR 046A 447 9 CHESTNUT 49090123 651 COVE LAKE DR 046A 448 11 CHESTNUT 49090125 249 COVE LAKE DR 046A 449 31 CHESTNUT 49090125 249 COVE LAKE DR 046A 449 31 CHESTNUT 49090127 391 COVE LAKE DR 046A 220 001 135 CHESTNUT RISE 04900130 969 COVE LAKE DR 046A 221 001 145 CHESTNUT RISE 49090120 112 COVERLOOK CT 046A	49089014	400	CAMERON CT		49090115		COVE LAKE DR
046A 150 205 CANADA GEESE 49024 CHASTAIN CT 49090118 661 COVE LAKE DR 046A 437 21 CHESTNUT 49090119 COVE LAKE DR 046A 445 5 CHESTNUT 49090122 COVE LAKE DR 046A 446 7 CHESTNUT 49090123 651 COVE LAKE DR 046A 447 9 CHESTNUT 49090125 249 COVE LAKE DR 046A 449 31 CHESTNUT 49090125 249 COVE LAKE DR 046A 449 31 CHESTNUT 49090125 249 COVE LAKE DR 046A 450 41 CHESTNUT 49090127 391 COVE LAKE DR 046A 220 002 135 CHESTNUT RISE 04904046 0 COVE RD 046A 221 001 145 CHESTNUT RISE 49090120 112 COVERLOOK CT 046A 221 002 145 CHESTNUT RISE 49031 475 <td>046A 148</td> <td>172</td> <td>CANADA GEESE</td> <td></td> <td>49090116</td> <td></td> <td>COVE LAKE DR</td>	046A 148	172	CANADA GEESE		49090116		COVE LAKE DR
49024 CHASTAIN CT 046A 437 21 CHESTNUT 046A 445 5 CHESTNUT 046A 446 7 CHESTNUT 046A 446 7 CHESTNUT 046A 447 9 CHESTNUT 046A 448 11 CHESTNUT 046A 449 31 CHESTNUT 046A 450 41 CHESTNUT 046A 220 001 135 CHESTNUT RISE 046A 220 002 135 CHESTNUT RISE 046A 221 001 145 CHESTNUT RISE 046A 221 002 145 CHESTNUT RISE 046A 221 003 145 CHESTNUT RISE 046A 221 003 145 CHESTNUT RISE	046A 149	230	CANADA GEESE		49090117	779	COVE LAKE DR
046A 437 21 CHESTNUT 046A 445 5 CHESTNUT 49090122 COVE LAKE DR 046A 446 7 CHESTNUT 49090123 651 COVE LAKE DR 046A 446 7 CHESTNUT 49090123 651 COVE LAKE DR 046A 447 9 CHESTNUT 49090125 249 COVE LAKE DR 046A 448 11 CHESTNUT 49090126 COVE LAKE DR 046A 449 31 CHESTNUT 49090127 391 COVE LAKE DR 046A 420 001 135 CHESTNUT RISE 04900127 391 COVE LAKE DR 046A 220 002 135 CHESTNUT RISE 04900130 969 COVE LAKE DR 046A 220 004 135 CHESTNUT RISE 490901 8822 COVE ROAD 046A 221 002 145 CHESTNUT RISE 49021 385 DELL MOORE RD 046A	046A 150	205	CANADA GEESE	CANADA GEESE 49090118		661	COVE LAKE DR
046A 445 5 CHESTNUT 046A 446 7 CHESTNUT 046A 446 7 CHESTNUT 046A 446 7 CHESTNUT 046A 447 9 CHESTNUT 046A 448 11 CHESTNUT 046A 448 11 CHESTNUT 046A 449 31 CHESTNUT 046A 450 41 CHESTNUT 046A 220 001 135 CHESTNUT RISE 046A 220 002 135 CHESTNUT RISE 046A 221 001 145 CHESTNUT RISE 046A 221 002 145 CHESTNUT RISE 046A 221 003 145 CHESTNUT RISE 046A 145 CHESTNUT RISE 046A <	49024		CHASTAIN CT		49090119		COVE LAKE DR
046A 446 7 CHESTNUT 046A 447 9 CHESTNUT 046A 447 9 CHESTNUT 046A 448 11 CHESTNUT 046A 448 11 CHESTNUT 046A 449 31 CHESTNUT 046A 450 41 CHESTNUT 046A 220 001 135 CHESTNUT RISE 046A 220 002 135 CHESTNUT RISE 046A 220 004 135 CHESTNUT RISE 046A 221 001 145 CHESTNUT RISE 046A 221 002 145 CHESTNUT RISE 046A 221 003 145 CHESTNUT RISE 046A 221 003 145 CHESTNUT RISE 046A 221 003 145 CHESTNUT RISE 046A 145 CHESTNUT RISE 49031 046A 173 84 FLYCATCHER	046A 437	21	CHESTNUT		49090122		COVE LAKE DR
046A 447 9 CHESTNUT 046A 448 11 CHESTNUT 49090125 249 COVE LAKE DR 046A 448 11 CHESTNUT 49090126 COVE LAKE DR 046A 449 31 CHESTNUT 49090127 391 COVE LAKE DR 046A 450 41 CHESTNUT 49090130 969 COVE LAKE DR 046A 220 001 135 CHESTNUT RISE 049A 046 0 COVE RD 046A 220 004 135 CHESTNUT RISE 49090120 112 COVERLOOK CT 046A 221 001 145 CHESTNUT RISE 49021 385 DELL MOORE RD 046A 221 003 145 CHESTNUT RISE 046A 173 84 FLYCATCHER	046A 445	5	CHESTNUT		49090123	651	COVE LAKE DR
046A 448 11 CHESTNUT 046A 449 31 CHESTNUT 046A 450 41 CHESTNUT 046A 450 41 CHESTNUT 046A 220 001 135 CHESTNUT RISE 046A 220 002 135 CHESTNUT RISE 046A 220 004 135 CHESTNUT RISE 046A 220 004 135 CHESTNUT RISE 046A 221 001 145 CHESTNUT RISE 046A 221 002 145 CHESTNUT RISE 046A 221 003 145 CHESTNUT RISE 046A 221 003 145 CHESTNUT RISE 046A 145 CHESTNUT RISE 4909120 112 046A 145 CHESTNUT RISE 49021 385 DELL MOORE RD 046A 145 CHESTNUT RISE 046A 173 84 FLYCATCHER	046A 446	7	CHESTNUT		49090124		COVE LAKE DR
046A 449 31 CHESTNUT 49090127 391 COVE LAKE DR 046A 450 41 CHESTNUT 49090130 969 COVE LAKE DR 046A 220 001 135 CHESTNUT RISE 049A 046 0 COVE RD 046A 220 002 135 CHESTNUT RISE 49090 8822 COVE ROAD 046A 220 004 135 CHESTNUT RISE 49090120 112 COVERLOOK CT 046A 221 001 145 CHESTNUT RISE 49021 385 DELL MOORE RD 046A 221 003 145 CHESTNUT RISE 046A 173 84 FLYCATCHER	046A 447	9	CHESTNUT		49090125	249	COVE LAKE DR
046A 450 41 CHESTNUT 49090130 969 COVE LAKE DR 046A 220 001 135 CHESTNUT RISE 049A 046 0 COVE RD 046A 220 002 135 CHESTNUT RISE 49090130 969 COVE LAKE DR 046A 220 002 135 CHESTNUT RISE 490900 8822 COVE ROAD 046A 221 001 145 CHESTNUT RISE 49090120 112 COVERLOOK CT 046A 221 002 145 CHESTNUT RISE 49021 385 DELL MOORE RD 046A 221 003 145 CHESTNUT RISE 046A 173 84 FLYCATCHER	046A 448	11	CHESTNUT		49090126		COVE LAKE DR
046A 220 001 135 CHESTNUT RISE 049A 046 0 COVE RD 046A 220 002 135 CHESTNUT RISE 49090 8822 COVE ROAD 046A 220 004 135 CHESTNUT RISE 49090 8822 COVE ROAD 046A 221 001 145 CHESTNUT RISE 49090120 112 COVERLOOK CT 046A 221 002 145 CHESTNUT RISE 49021 385 DELL MOORE RD 046A 221 003 145 CHESTNUT RISE 046A 173 84 FLYCATCHER	046A 449	31	CHESTNUT		49090127	391	COVE LAKE DR
046A 220 002 135 CHESTNUT RISE 49090 8822 COVE ROAD 046A 220 004 135 CHESTNUT RISE 49090 8822 COVE ROAD 046A 220 004 135 CHESTNUT RISE 49090120 112 COVERLOOK CT 046A 221 001 145 CHESTNUT RISE 49021 385 DELL MOORE RD 046A 221 003 145 CHESTNUT RISE 49031 475 DELL MOORE RD 046A 221 003 145 CHESTNUT RISE 046A 173 84 FLYCATCHER	046A 450	41	CHESTNUT		49090130	969	COVE LAKE DR
046A 220 004 135 CHESTNUT RISE 49090120 112 COVERLOOK CT 046A 221 001 145 CHESTNUT RISE 49021 385 DELL MOORE RD 046A 221 002 145 CHESTNUT RISE 49031 475 DELL MOORE RD 046A 221 003 145 CHESTNUT RISE 046A 173 84 FLYCATCHER	046A 220 001	135	CHESTNUT RISE 049A 046		0	COVE RD	
046A 221 001 145 CHESTNUT RISE 49021 385 DELL MOORE RD 046A 221 002 145 CHESTNUT RISE 49031 475 DELL MOORE RD 046A 221 003 145 CHESTNUT RISE 046A 173 84 FLYCATCHER	046A 220 002	135	CHESTNUT RISE 49090		8822	COVE ROAD	
046A 221 002 145 CHESTNUT RISE 49031 475 DELL MOORE RD 046A 221 003 145 CHESTNUT RISE 046A 173 84 FLYCATCHER	046A 220 004	135	CHESTNUT RISE 49090120		49090120	112	COVERLOOK CT
046A 221 003 145 CHESTNUT RISE 046A 173 84 FLYCATCHER	046A 221 001	145	CHESTNUT RISE	49021		385	DELL MOORE RD
	046A 221 002	145	CHESTNUT RISE	49031		475	DELL MOORE RD
046A 221 004 145 CHESTNUT RISE 046A 174 81 FLYCATCHER	046A 221 003	145	CHESTNUT RISE		046A 173	84	FLYCATCHER
	046A 221 004	145	CHESTNUT RISE		046A 174	81	FLYCATCHER

Table 4 – Dam Failure Notification of Inundated Parcels Downstream of Lake Petit Dam
Table 4 (Cont'd)Table 4 (Cont'd)

TN7833/GA210198_Lake Petit Emergency Action Plan

For Official Use Only – Not for Distribution – November 2021

Geosyntec^D consultants

Table 4 (Cont'd)

Parcel ID	Street Number	Street Name
046A 165	118	GOLDFINCH
046A 166	121	GOLDFINCH PT
046D 002	51	GOLF CLUB
046D 003	79	GOLF CLUB
046D 004	65	GOLF CLUB
046D 005	43	GOLF CLUB
046D 006	29	GOLF CLUB
046A 394	110	HIGHLAND CT
046A 395	57	HIGHLAND CT
046A 393	84	HIGHLAND TRL
49018		HIGHWAY 53 E
50023	11117	HIGHWAY 53 E
50029	10322	HIGHWAY 53 E
046A 208	40	HOLLY POINT
049A 032	1109	HUNTERS TRACE
049A 002	61	HUNTERS TRCE
049A 003	100	HUNTERS TRCE
049A 031	1089	HUNTERS TRCE
046A 127	216	INDIGO BUNTING
046A 128	254	INDIGO BUNTING
046A 129	270	INDIGO BUNTING
046A 130	288	INDIGO BUNTING
046A 131	289	INDIGO BUNTING
046A 132	255	INDIGO BUNTING
046A 134		INDIGO BUNTING
046D 804		ISUBA TRL
49030	30	JUSTICE WAY
49031001	43	JUSTICE WAY
49089	20	MEERKAT WAY
49017		OLD MILL WHITE
49020	1543	OLD MILL WHITE
50026	1985	OLD MILL WHITE
50027	2192	OLD MILL WHITE

Table 4 (Cont'd)

Parcel ID	Street Number	Street Name
50027002	2164	OLD MILL WHITE
50028001	2030	OLD MILL WHITE
49090121		OVERLOOK CT
49090128	40	OVERLOOK CT
49090129	27	OVERLOOK CT
49119	420	PARTAIN RD
49121	638	PARTAIN RD
49129001		PARTAIN RD
49129003		PARTAIN RD
49120		PENDLEY WOODS
49124	54	PENDLEY WOODS
046A 171	36	PETIT RIDGE
049A 016	0	PONY LANE
049A 017	78	PONY LN
049A 051	534	RED BUD PASS
049A 052		RED BUD PASS
049A 053	523	RED BUD PASS
046A 429	34	SCONTI CT
046A 403	196	SCONTI KNOLL
046A 404	200	SCONTI KNOLL
046A 405	193	SCONTI KNOLL
046A 406	191	SCONTI KNOLL
046A 412	110	SCONTI POINT
046A 407	60	SCONTI PT
046A 409	86	SCONTI PT
046A 410	0	SCONTI PT
046A 411	111	SCONTI PT
046A 239 001	86	SCONTI RDG
046A 240 005	86	SCONTI RDG
046A 244 005	116	SCONTI RDG
046A 227	20	SCONTI RIDGE
046A 228	20	SCONTI RIDGE
046A 229	20	SCONTI RIDGE

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Table 4 (Cont'd)

Parcel ID	Street Number	Street Name	
046A 230	20	SCONTI RIDGE	
046A 231	34	SCONTI RIDGE	
046A 232	34	SCONTI RIDGE	
046A 233	34	SCONTI RIDGE	
046A 234	34	SCONTI RIDGE	
046A 237	48	SCONTI RIDGE	
046A 235	48	SCONTI RIDGE	
046A 237	48	SCONTI RIDGE	
046A 236	48	SCONTI RIDGE	
046A 239 002	86	SCONTI RIDGE	
046A 241 001	86	SCONTI RIDGE	
046A 242	86	SCONTI RIDGE	
046A 246 005	116	SCONTI RIDGE	
046A 249	140	SCONTI RIDGE	
046A 219	0	SCONTI RIDGE	
046A 423	62	SCONTI VIEW	
046D 847	0	SINTI TRAIL	
046D 849	140	SINTI TRAIL	
046D 850	0	SINTI TRAIL	
046D 851	164	SINTI TRAIL	
046D 853	190	SINTI TRAIL	
046D 848	126	SINTI TRL	
046D 854	204	SINTI TRL	
046D 855	220	SINTI TRL	
046D 856		SINTI TRL	
046D 857	250	SINTI TRL	
49019	881	SPARKLING	
49019001	890	SPARKLING	
49019002	874	SPARKLING	
49019003		SPARKLING	
046D 001 003		STEVE TATE RD	
046A 183	190	SWALLOW POINT	
046A 184	181	SWALLOW POINT	

Table 4 (Cont'd)

Parcel ID	Street Number	Street Name
046A 185	153	SWALLOW POINT
046A 186	115	SWALLOW POINT
046A 187	95	SWALLOW POINT
046A 188	0	SWALLOW POINT
046A 467	28	TANAGER WAY
046A 126	47	TANAGER WAY
046A 189	18	THRUSH TURN
046A 190	56	THRUSH TURN
046A 191	74	THRUSH TURN
49089008	189	TIMBER CREEK
046A 271	35	TREETOP KNOLL
046A 267	40	TREETOPPER LN
046A 270	104	TREETOPPER LN
049A 001	87	TROTTERS LN
049A 080		TROTTERS LN
049A 081		TROTTERS LN
UTILITY	125	TROTTERS LN
046D 001 085	194	TWIN CREEKS DR
046D 921	75	TWIN CREEKS DR
046D 922	101	TWIN CREEKS DR
046D 923	115	TWIN CREEKS DR
046D 924	131	TWIN CREEKS DR
046D 925	151	TWIN CREEKS DR
046D 926	165	TWIN CREEKS DR
046D 927	185	TWIN CREEKS DR
046D 929	112	TWIN CREEKS DR
046D 930	104	TWIN CREEKS DR
046D 931	80	TWIN CREEKS DR
046D 934		TWIN CREEKS DR
046A 069	0	WILDERNESS
046A 070	5888	WILDERNESS
046d 001 004	1944	WILDERNESS
046D 007	1944	WILDERNESS

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Parcel ID	Street Number	Street Name
046D 008	1944	WILDERNESS
046D 009	1944	WILDERNESS
046D 010	1944	WILDERNESS
046D 011	1944	WILDERNESS
046D 012	1944	WILDERNESS
046D 013	1944	WILDERNESS
046D 014	1944	WILDERNESS
046D 015	1944	WILDERNESS
046D 016	1944	WILDERNESS
046D 017	1944	WILDERNESS
046D 018	1944	WILDERNESS

Table 4 (Cont'd)

Table 4	(Cont'd)
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Parcel ID	Street Number	Street Name
046D 019	1944	WILDERNESS
046D 020	1944	WILDERNESS
046D 021	1944	WILDERNESS
046A 210	287	WILLOW DRIVE
046A 359 001		WOLFSCRATCH
046A 514	24	WOLFSCRATCH
046D 001 002	226	WOLFSCRATCH
046A 358	1125	WOLFSCRATCH
046A 356	1175	WOLFSCRATCH
046D 935	0	

Note:

Property information was provided by the Pickens County EMA in October 2021. Personal names and contact information for residents outside of Big Canoe are not accessible outside of the Pickens County EMA CodeRED system.

Street Number	Street Name	Parcel ID
309	Buckskull Hollow Drive	046A 317
301	Buckskull Hollow Drive	046A 318
293	Buckskull Hollow Drive	046A 319
229	Buckskull Hollow Drive	046A 321
41	Buckskull Hollow Drive	046A 327
75	Buckskull Hollow Drive	046A 325
11	Buckskull Hollow Drive	046A 334
57	Buckskull Hollow Drive	046A 326
26	Buckskull Point	046A 336
28	Buckskull Point	046A 337
22	Buckskull Point	046A 335
400	Cameron Court	049A 001
315	Choctaw Pass	046D 801
835	Cove Lake Drive	049 090 126
110	Highland Court	046A 394
57	Highland Court	046A 395
84	Highland Trail	046A 393
38	Highland Trail	047B 001
9037	Highway 53 East	050B 040
8200	Highway 53 East	051 003 001
9502	Highway 53 East	050B 062
6361	Highway 53 East	050B 062
8100	Highway 53 East	051 003 001
61	Hunters Trace	049A 002
30	Justice Way	049 030
34	Limestone Lane 050B 05	
66	Marbleblock Drive	051 042

Table 5 – Dam Failure Notification of Inundated Structures Downstream of Lake Petit Dam

Note:

Property information was provided by the Pickens County EMA in October 2021. Personal names and contact information for residents outside of Big Canoe are not accessible outside of the Pickens County EMA CodeRED system.

Street Number	Street Name	Parcel ID
427	McArthur Road	050 014
393	McArthur Road	050 015
1543	Old Mill White Road	049 020
1138	Sandy Bottom Road	051 033
86	Sconti	046A 409
200	Sconti Knoll Drive	046A 404
193	Sconti Knoll Drive	046A 405
191	Sconti Knoll Drive	046A 406
48	Sconti Ridge	046A 237
250	Sinti Trail	046D 857
189	Timber Creek Drive	049 089 008
35	Treetop Knoll Drive	046A 271
87	Trotters Lane	049A 001
125	Trotters Lane	Sewer Plant
185	Twin Creeks Drive	046D 927
165	Twin Creeks Drive	046D 926
194	Twin Creeks Drive	046D 001 085
1944	Wilderness Parkway	046D 012
1944	Wilderness Parkway	046D 013
1944	Wilderness Parkway	046D 014
1944	Wilderness Parkway	046D 015
5795	Wilderness Parkway	046D 001 004
800	Wolfscratch Drive	046A 358
1125	Wolfscratch Drive	046A 358
1127	Wolfscratch Drive	046A 358
226	Wolfscratch Village Circle	046D 001 002
100	Wolfscratch Village Circle	046D 001 004
350	Wolfscratch Village Circle	046A 358

Table 5 – Dam Failure Notification of Inundated Structures Downstream of Lake Petit Dam (Continued)

Note:

Property information was provided by the Pickens County EMA in October 2021. Personal names and contact information for residents outside of Big Canoe are not accessible outside of the Pickens County EMA CodeRED system.

4.2 Communication – Emergency Condition A (Level 1)

For a Condition A (Level 1) emergency, the Dam Owner's Representative or designee, is responsible for contacting the Public Safety Director at Big Canoe and the Liaison Officer, Director of Administrative Services.

The Liaison Officer, Director of Administrative Services is responsible for contacting the Dam Owner's Technical Representative. The Public Safety Director at Big Canoe is responsible for contacting the GSDP, if required by the Dam Owner's Representative.

Note that a warning message shall not be issued for a Condition A (Level 1) emergency.

4.3 Communication – Emergency Condition B (Level 2) and C (Level 3)

For a Condition B (Level 2) or Condition C (Level 3) emergency, the Dam Owner's Representative or designee, is responsible for contacting the Public Safety Director at Big Canoe, the Public Information Officer Communications Manager, and the Liaison Officer, Director of Administrative Services.

The Public Safety Director at Big Canoe is responsible for notifying Pickens County EMA, Critical Infrastructure at Big Canoe, Dawson County 911 Services, and the GA EPD 24-Hour Emergency Contact in the event of an emergency. If time allows, they should seek advice and assistance.

The Public Information Officer, Communications Manager is responsible for notifying the News Media (including radio and television media). The Liaison Officer, Director of Administrative Services is responsible for notifying Dam Owner's Technical Representative.

The Pickens County EMA is responsible for notification of the residents below the Dam as identified in the Reverse 911 System, including: (i) Big Canoe residents and residents downstream from Big Canoe; (ii) Pickens County Sheriff's Department; (iii) Pickens County Public Works; (iv) the Cox Lake Dam Owner (Cove Lake Property Owner's Association, Inc.); and the (v) National Weather Service Weather Forecasting Office.

The GA EPD 24 Hour Emergency Contact is responsible for notification of the GSDP.

4.3.1 Emergency Condition B (Level 2) Warning Message

All warning messages for an Emergency Condition B (Level 2) should be brief and to the point. The following message may be used to help describe the emergency situation to the emergency management personnel:

"This is (**Big Canoe Public Safety Director or Lieutenant on Duty**). We have an emergency condition at Lake Petit Dam, located about 5.7 miles upstream of Marble Hill in Pickens County, Georgia. We have activated the Emergency Action Plan for this dam and are currently under Emergency Condition B (Level 2). We are implementing predetermined actions to respond to a rapidly developing situation that could result in dam failure. Please prepare to evacuate the area along low-lying portions of Disharoon Creek and East Branch Long Swamp Creek downstream of the Dam. Reference the evacuation map in your copy of the Emergency Action Plan. We will advise you when the situation is resolved or if the situation gets worse.



I can be contacted at the following number (**Big Canoe Public Safety Director's or** Lieutenant's on Duty phone number to be contacted). If you cannot reach me, please call the following alternative telephone number (**Big Canoe Public Safety Director's or** Lieutenant's on Duty alternative phone number to be contacted at)."

4.3.2 Emergency Condition C (Level 3) Warning Message

All warning messages for an Emergency Condition C (Level 3) should be brief and to the point. The EMA should be contacted immediately and the area evacuated. The following actions should be taken:

• Call 911. Be sure to say, "*This is an emergency*." They will call other authorities and begin the evacuation. The following message may be used to help describe the emergency situation to the Pickens County Sheriff's Department, or Pickens County EMA:

"This is an emergency. This is (**Big Canoe Public Safety Director or Lieutenant on Duty**). Lake Petit Dam, located about 5.7 miles upstream of Marble Hill in Pickens County, Georgia is failing. The downstream area must be evacuated immediately based on the inundation mapping. Repeat, Lake Petit Dam, is failing; evacuate the downstream area. We have activated the Emergency Action Plan for this dam and are currently under Emergency Condition C (Level 3). Reference the evacuation map in your copy of the Emergency Action Plan.

I can be contacted at the following number (Big Canoe Public Safety Director's or Lieutenant's on Duty phone number to be contacted). If you cannot reach me, please call the following alternative telephone number (Big Canoe Public Safety Director's or Lieutenant's on Duty alternative phone number to be contacted at)."

- Do whatever is necessary to bring anyone in immediate danger (anyone on the Dam, downstream from the Dam, boating on the reservoir, or evacuees) to safety if directed by the EMA.
- Keep in frequent contact with the EMA and emergency services to keep them up to date on the condition of the Dam.
- If all means of communication are lost: (1) try to find out why, (2) try to get to another radio or telephone that works, or (3) get someone else to try to re-establish communications. If these means fail, handle the immediate problems that can be resolved, and periodically try to re-establish contact with the local police department and emergency services.

The following pre-scripted message may be used as a guide for the local law enforcement or the emergency services personnel to communicate the status of the emergency with the public:

• "Attention: This is an emergency message from the Pickens County Emergency Management Agency. Listen carefully. Your life may depend on immediate action.

Lake Petit Dam, located 5.7 miles upstream of Marble Hill, is failing. The downstream area must be evacuated immediately. Repeat, Lake Petit Dam, is failing.



If you are in or near this area, proceed immediately to high ground away from the flood wave. Do not travel on State Route 53 or return to your home to recover your possessions. You cannot outrun or drive away from the flood wave. Proceed immediately to high ground."

Repeat message.



5. STEP 3 – REMEDIAL ACTIONS

After the initial notifications are made, the Dam Owner's Representative or designee should confer with the Dam Owner's Technical Representative, and the GSDP, to develop and execute appropriate preventative actions. Some suggested preplanned actions that should be undertaken are shown in Table 6 – Preplanned Actions for Emergency Condition B (Level 2). Refer to the list of locally available resources that could be used in the event of an emergency in Appendix F – Locally Available Resources. These businesses can supply pumps, power generators, divers for inspections, and materials for a temporary repair, depending on the emergency. Also, the Pickens County EMA has provided a list of equipment that may be available during a dam failure. During this step of the EAP, there is a continuous process of taking actions, assessing the status of the situation, and keeping others informed through communication channels established during the initial notifications. The EAP may go through multiple event levels during Steps 2 and 3 as the situation either improves or worsens.

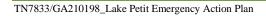
Event	Impending	Preplanned Actions in Priority Order
	Dam Failure	
	Mechanism	
Major Flood/Embankment Overtopping	Overtopping of the Dam	 Ensure concrete chute spillway is unblocked, remove any debris. Make a reasonable attempt to open the sluice gate on the low-level drain or bring in pumps and discharge outflow to spillway or directly into Petit Creek, to lower level of lake. Open the bypass valve on the water supply line to the water treatment plant (if available). If lake levels continue to rise dangerously close to top of the dam crest, excavate emergency channel in abutment area adjacent to concrete chute spillway. Also bring in emergency pumps and discharge outflow to spillway or directly into Petit Creek.
		Do not excavate channel on top of dam, or discharge pump outflow on face of dam
Earthquake or Seismic Activity	Slope Failure	 Make a reasonable attempt to open the sluice gate on the low- level drain or bring in pumps and discharge outflow to spillway or directly into Petit Creek, to lower level of lake.
		 Open the bypass valve on the water supply line to the water treatment plant (if available). Monitor piezometer readings daily and plot readings to identify
		significant changes in readings. Also record lake levels.
		elevations of each point to identify significant changes in readings.
		5) Obtain input from Georgia Safe Dams Program and Owner's Engineer as to emergency repairs to be constructed (if any).
Embankment Movement, Embankment	Slope Failure	1) Make a reasonable attempt to open the sluice gate on the low- level drain or bring in pumps and discharge outflow to spillway or directly into Petit Creek, to lower level of lake.
Seepage, Spillway		2) Open the bypass valve on the water supply line to the water treatment plant (if available).
Flow, or Sinkhole		 Monitor piezometer readings daily and plot reading to identify significant changes in readings. Also record lake levels.
		 Survey elevation along top of dam daily at 50' intervals. Plot elevations of each point to identify significant changes in readings.
		5) Obtain input from Georgia Safe Dams Program and Owner's Engineer as to emergency repairs to be constructed (if any).

Table 6 – Preplanned Actions for Emergency Condition B (Level 2)



Event	Impending Dam Failure	Preplanned Operations in Priority Order
	Mechanism	
Routine	Slope Failure	1) Make a reasonable attempt to open the sluice gate on the low-
Instrumentation		level drain or bring in pumps and discharge outflow to spillway
		or directly into Petit Creek, to lower level of lake.
		2) Open the bypass valve on the water supply line to the water.
		3) Monitor piezometer readings daily and plot reading to identify
		significant changes in readings. Also record lake levels.
		4) Survey elevation along top of dam daily at 50' intervals. Plot
		elevations of each point to identify significant changes in
		readings.
		5) Obtain input from Georgia Safe Dams program or Owner's
		Engineer as to emergency repairs to be constructed (if any).
Security Threat	Slope Failure	1) Make a reasonable attempt to open the sluice gate on the low-
or Sabotage		level drain or bring in pumps and discharge outflow to spillway
or suboluge		or directly into Petit Creek, to lower level of lake.
		2) Open the bypass valve on the water supply line to the water
		treatment plant (if available).

Table 6 – Preplanned Actions for Emergency Condition B (Level 2) (Continued)





6. STEP 4 – TERMINATION AND FOLLOW UP

Pickens County EMA in coordination with the GSDP and the Dam Owner's Representative or designee, is responsible for terminating the EAP operations and relaying this decision to all parties active in EAP operations. It is then the responsibility of each person to notify the same group of contacts that were notified during the original event notification process and inform them that the event has been terminated.

Prior to termination of an Emergency Condition C (Level 3) event that has not caused actual dam failure, the GSDP technical representative will inspect the dam and/or require a state-certified engineer to inspect the Dam and determine whether any damage has occurred that could potentially result in loss of life, injury, or property damage. If it is determined conditions do not pose a threat to human life or property, Pickens County EMA will be advised to terminate EAP operations as described above.

The Dam Owner's Representative or designee shall ensure that the *Dam Safety Emergency Situation Report* in Appendix E–3 is completed to document the emergency event and all actions taken. The Dam Owner's Representative or designee shall distribute copies of the completed report to the GSDP.





7. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Dam owners, in coordination with EMA authorities, are responsible for implementing the EAP. EMA authorities with statutory obligations are responsible for warning and evacuation within affected areas. All entities involved with EAP implementation should document incident-related events. All parties responsible for implementing the EAP shall verify their responsibilities with their signature in Appendix B-1 – Concurrences of this document.

7.1 Dam Owner's Responsibilities

The person responsible for performing the tasks required under the EAP is the Dam Owner's Representative or designee, and the Public Safety Director. If the Public Safety Director is absent, the responsible person will be the Public Safety Director Lieutenant on duty at that time.

As soon as an emergency event is observed or reported, the Dam Owner's Representative and Public Safety Director under the EAP shall:

- 1) Initiate the initial assessment of the event and designate the appropriate emergency condition (i.e., also referred to by GA EPD as an emergency level):
 - Condition A (Level 1);
 - Condition B (Level 2); or
 - Condition C (Level 3).
- 2) Based on the type of condition:
 - a) If a Condition A (Level 1) is determined, initiate Figure 4: Dam Failure Notification Flowchart for Condition A (Level 1) Emergencies;
 - b) If a Condition B (Level 2) is determined, initiate the preplanned actions in Table 6 Preplanned Actions for Emergency Condition B (Level 2), and Figure 5 Dam Failure Notification Flowchart for Condition B (Level 2) and C (Level 3) Emergencies; and
 - c) If a Condition C (Level 3) is determined, initiate Figure 5 Dam Failure Notification Flowchart for Condition B (Level 2) and C (Level 3) Emergencies.
- 3) If a Condition B (Level 2) or Condition C (Level 3) emergency is determined, provide updates of the situation to the EMA to assist them in making timely and accurate decisions regarding warnings and evacuations.
- 4) Provide leadership to assure the EAP is reviewed and updated annually and copies of the revised EAP are distributed to all who received copies of the original EAP.

7.2 EAP Coordinator Responsibility

The Dam Owner's Representative or designee will be the designated EAP Coordinator who will be responsible for EAP-related activities, including preparing revisions to the EAP, establishing training activities, coordinating EAP exercises, etc. They will also be the EAP contact if any of the involved parties have questions about the plan. The EAP will be reviewed annually with



contacts, phone numbers, verified for accuracy. Revisions to the EAP should documented in the Revision Log of this document. As infrastructure and homes are built in the inundation map hazard areas, contact information (i.e., resident's names, addresses, and phone numbers) will be added to Tables 4, 5, and 6, as appropriate and available.

7.3 Local Emergency Management (Pickens County EMA)

Pickens County EMA will serve as the primary contact responsible for coordination of all emergency actions. During EAP preparation they will coordinate with local responders and dispatchers to ensure each has an opportunity for input into the EAP and each has a copy and is aware of their responsibilities and participate in review and updates of the EAP.

7.3.1 Responsibility of Evacuation

Warning and evacuation planning are the responsibilities of the Pickens County EMA who have the statutory obligation. Under the EAP, the Big Canoe Public Safety Director is responsible for notifying the Pickens County EMA when a failure is imminent or has occurred (Condition A or Level 1), or a potential failure situation is developing (Condition B or Level 2). Big Canoe will not assume the responsibility of government entities for the evacuation of people. This procedure should be coordinated with the appropriate public officials prior to an emergency situation developing.

When a Condition B (Level 2) situation occurs, The Pickens County EMA will:

- Prepare response personnel for possible evacuations that may be needed if a Level 3 situation develops.
- Alert the public as appropriate.

When a Condition C (Level 3) situation develops:

- Alert the public.
- Immediately close roads and evacuate people within and possibly adjacent to the inundation area.

7.3.2 Responsibility for Duration, Security Termination, and Follow-Up

The Pickens County EMA is responsible for monitoring the situation at the Dam and keeping local authorities informed of developing conditions at the Dam from the time that an emergency starts until the emergency has been terminated. Security measures at the Dam should be implemented by the Pickens County Sheriff's Department.

The Pickens County EMA is responsible for declaring that the emergency at the Dam is terminated in coordination with the dam owner and the GSDP.

A follow-up evaluation after an emergency by all participants will be conducted, as outlined in Section 8.



7.4 Dam Owner's Technical Representative(s)

The Dam Owner's Technical Representative is an individual with intimate knowledge of the dam. During an emergency condition if time permits, the Technical Representative will be contacted accordingly and will,

- advise the Dam Owner's Representative of the emergency level determination.
- advise the Dam Owner's Representative of remedial actions to take if an event occurs.

7.5 Georgia Safe Dams Program

The GSDP, or the GSDP technical representative, is responsible for providing technical assistance to the Dam Owner's Representative as needed.

8. MAINTENANCE, PREVENTION, AND PREPAREDNESS ACTIONS

8.1 EAP Annual Review

The Dam Owner's Representative or designee will review and, if needed, update the EAP at least once each year. The EAP annual review will include the following:

- Call all contacts in the Notification Flowcharts in this document to verify that the phone numbers and the contact personnel are current. The EAP will be revised if any of the contacts have changed.
- Contact the local law enforcement agency to verify the phone numbers and/or personnel in the specified positions. In addition, the Dam Owner's Representative or designee will ask if the person contacted knows where the EAP is kept and if responsibilities described in the EAP are understood.
- Call the locally available resources (Appendix F) to verify that the phone numbers, addresses, and services are current.
- Confirm all-hazard contact information listed in the document is correct.

8.2 EAP Revisions

The Dam Owner's Representative or designee is responsible for updating the EAP document. The EAP document held by the Big Canoe POA is the master document. When revisions occur, the Dam Owner's Representative or designee will provide the revised pages and a revised revision summary page to all the EAP document holders. The document holders are responsible for revising outdated copies of the respective document(s) whenever revisions are received. Outdated pages shall be immediately discarded to avoid any confusion with the revisions. Future revisions and modifications to the EAP should be documented in the Revision Log of this document.

8.3 EAP Periodic Tests

The Dam Owner's Representative or designee will host and facilitate a periodic test of the EAP at least once every 5 years.

The periodic test will consist of a meeting, including a tabletop exercise. Attendance should include the Dam Owner's Representative or designee, GSDP staff, and Pickens County EMA, at least one representative of the local law enforcement agency, and others with key responsibilities listed in the EAP document. At the discretion of the Dam Owner's Representative or designee, other organizations that may be involved with an unusual or emergency event at the Dam are encouraged to participate. Before the tabletop exercise begins, meeting participants will visit the Dam during the periodic test to familiarize themselves with the Dam site.

The tabletop exercise will begin with the facilitator presenting a scenario of an unusual or emergency event at the Dam. The scenario will be developed prior to the exercise. Once the scenario has been presented, the participants will discuss the responses and actions that they would take to address and resolve the scenario. The narrator will control the discussion, ensuring realistic

responses and developing the scenario throughout the exercise. The Dam Owner's Representative or designee should complete an event log as they would during an actual event.

After the tabletop exercise, the EAP will be reviewed and discussed. Mutual aid agreements and other emergency procedures can be discussed. The Dam Owner's Representative or designee will prepare a written summary of the periodic test and revise the EAP, as necessary.

8.4 **Prevention and Preparedness Actions**

The following prevention and preparedness actions should be taken in preparation of an emergency:

- Initiation of a dam inspection and surveillance program per the O&M Plan (Geosyntec, 2021). The Dam should be formally inspected quarterly, at minimum, and readings from the Dam instrumentation should be taken and interpreted quarterly, at minimum.
- Preparation of a systematic warning and evacuation plan. A formal notification system should be coordinated with residents and businesses in the inundation area, and evacuation routes should be discussed/provided to those residents.
- Preparations should be made for evacuation on weekends, weekdays, and any time of day or night, including holidays. The emergency responders should have backup ways of communicating and a way to respond to the emergency in case of power outages.
- Community awareness programs for emergency response procedures. The community should be made aware of the possible emergencies and procedures associated with the possible failure of the dam.
- Establishment of emergency flood operating procedures.
- Revisions of this EAP should be documented in the Revision Log of this document.
- Conduct emergency exercises. At minimum, an orientation meeting should be held with key people so that those playing key roles and those having responsibilities outlined in this EAP can become familiar with it. A drill or tabletop exercise can be held and coordinated with the Pickens County EMA. Documentation of reviews, and tests of this EAP should be documented in the forms provided in Appendix B.
- Organization of equipment, labor, and materials for use in emergency situations. A list of locally available resources that could be used in the event of an emergency are provided in Appendix F. These businesses can supply pumps, power generators, divers for inspections, and materials for temporary repair, depending on the emergency. Also, the Pickens County EMA has provided a list of equipment that may be available during a dam failure.

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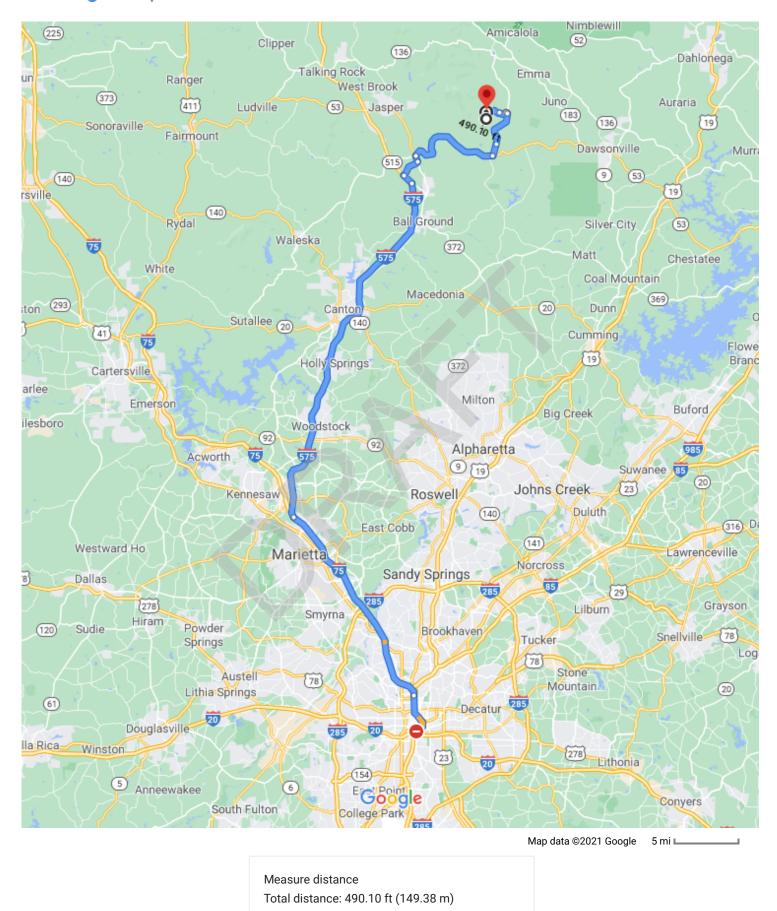
https://www.google.com/maps/dir/Atlanta,+Georgia/Big+Canoe,+Georgia+30143/@34.102 7978,-84.6706833,10z/data=!3m1!4b1!4m14!4m13!1m5!1m1!1s0x88f5045d6993098d:0x6 6fede2f990b630b!2m2!1d-84.3879824!2d33.7489954!1m5!1m1!1s0x885f860f41a7eec5:0x 4dda01276ca3c02!2m2



APPENDIX A Directions from Atlanta, GA to the Dam

Google Maps Atlanta, GA to Lake Petit Dam, Jasper, GA

Drive 70.0 miles, 1 hr 18 min



1 min (0.4 mi)

Google Maps Atlanta, GA to Lake Petit Dam, Jasper, GA Drive

Drive 70.0 miles, 1 hr 17 min

Atlanta

Georgia

Get on I-75 N/I-85 N

1	1.	Head north on Capitol Ave SW	– 79 ft
• 2	2.	Turn right onto M.L.K. Jr Dr SE	0.2 mi
k 3	3.	Turn left to merge onto I-75 N/I-85 N	0.2 mi
llow ounty		5 N and I-575 N to GA-5 N/GA-515 E in Picker	
\	4.	46 min (5 Merge onto I-75 N/I-85 N	1.8 mi) 3.1 mi
• 5	5.	Keep right to continue on I-75 N	18.0 mi
6	6.	Keep right at the fork to continue on GA-5 N/I- N, follow signs for Canton	
			30.8 mi
	lwy 7.	53 E and Steve Tate Hwy to Wilderness Pkwy 28 min (1 Continue onto GA-5 N/GA-515 E	30.8 mi 7.8 mi)
7	-	53 E and Steve Tate Hwy to Wilderness Pkwy 28 min (1	7.8 mi) 0.9 mi
- - - -	7.	53 E and Steve Tate Hwy to Wilderness Pkwy 28 min (1 Continue onto GA-5 N/GA-515 E	7.8 mi) 0.9 mi 1.7 mi
1 7 8 9 9 1	7. 8.	53 E and Steve Tate Hwy to Wilderness Pkwy 28 min (1 Continue onto GA-5 N/GA-515 E Sharp right onto Worley Crossroads	7.8 mi) 0.9 mi 1.7 mi 0.5 mi
1 7 	7. 8. 9.	53 E and Steve Tate Hwy to Wilderness Pkwy 28 min (1 Continue onto GA-5 N/GA-515 E Sharp right onto Worley Crossroads Turn left onto Canton Rd Turn right onto Hwy 53 E	7.8 mi) 0.9 mi 1.7 mi 0.5 mi 8.5 mi
• 7 • 8 • 8 • 1 • 1 • 1	7. 8. 9.	53 E and Steve Tate Hwy to Wilderness Pkwy 28 min (1 Continue onto GA-5 N/GA-515 E Sharp right onto Worley Crossroads Turn left onto Canton Rd Turn right onto Hwy 53 E	7.8 mi) 0.9 mi 1.7 mi 0.5 mi 8.5 mi 1.0 mi on
7 8 8 8 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	7. 8. 9. 10.	53 E and Steve Tate Hwy to Wilderness Pkwy 28 min (1 Continue onto GA-5 N/GA-515 E Sharp right onto Worley Crossroads Turn left onto Canton Rd Turn right onto Hwy 53 E Turn left onto Steve Tate Hwy At the traffic circle, take the 1st exit and stay	7.8 mi) 0.9 mi 1.7 mi 0.5 mi 8.5 mi 1.0 mi

14. Turn left to stay on Wilderness Pkwy
 Destination will be on the right

1.3 mi

Lake Petit Dam

Jasper, GA 30143

These directions are for planning purposes only. You may find that construction projects, traffic, weather, or other events may cause conditions to differ from the map results, and you should plan your route accordingly. You must obey all signs or notices regarding your route.

APPENDIX B

B-1: Concurrences B-2: Record of Holders of Control Copies B-3: EAP Review B-4: Periodic Tests

APPENDIX B-1 – CONCURRENCES

By my signature, I acknowledge that I, or my representative, have reviewed this plan and concur with the tasks and responsibilities assigned herein for me and my organization.

Dam Owner's Representative, Big Canoe POA

1		
Signature	Organization	Date
Printed name and title:		
Big Canoes POA's Public Safety		
2.		
Signature	Organization	Date
Printed name and title:		
Big Canoe POA's Engineer of Reco	rd	
2		
3Signature	Organization	Date
Printed name and title:	organization	Dule
Georgia Safe Dams Program Repre	sentative	
4.		
Signature	Organization	Date
Printed name and title:	*	
Pickens County Sheriff's Departme	nt	
5		
<i>Signature</i> Printed name and title:	Organization	Date
Pickens County Emergency Manage	ement Agency	
6.		
Signature	Organization	Date
Printed name and title:		

Pickens County Public Works

7.		
Signature	Organization	Date
Printed name and title:		

Cox Lake Dam Owner, Cove Lake Property Association

o		
×		
0		

01		
Signatu	e Organization	Date
Printed name and title:		

APPENDIX B-2 – RECORD OF HOLDERS OF CONTROL COPIES

Copy Number	Organization	Person Receiving Copy
1	Big Canoe Property Owners Association, Inc. 10586 Big Canoe Jasper, Georgia 30143	Jason Brownell
2	Big Canoe POA's Public Safety Director 41 Wolfscratch Circle Marble Hill, GA 30148	Ricky Jordan
3	Engineer – Geosyntec Consultants, Inc. 835 Georgia Avenue, Suite 500 Chattanooga, Tennessee 37402	Wesley MacDonald, P.E.(TN, AL, GA, and WA)
4	Georgia Safe Dams Program 2 Martin Luther King Jr. Drive SE, Suite 1362 Atlanta, GA 30334	David Griffin, P.E.
5	Pickens County Sheriff's Department 2985 Camp Rd., Jasper GA 30143	Kristy Easterwood
6	Pickens County EMA 1266 East Church Street Jasper, Georgia 30143	John Nicholson, GA-ACEM
7	Pickens County Public Works 3043 Camp Road Jasper, Georgia 30143	Kirk Anderson
8	Cox Lake, Cove Lake Property Association	Bob Canon

APPENDIX B-3 – EAP ANNUAL REVIEW

An Annual Review of this EAP should be conducted by the Big Canoe Property Owner's Association. The annual review should be documented in this appendix.

Date	Conducted By	Notes and Observations

APPENDIX B-4 – EAP PERIODIC TEST

A periodic test of the EAP procedures is recommended every 5 years. Documentation for the test is provided in this appendix.

Date	Conducted By	Observations

APPENDIX C Inundation Mapping



engineers | scientists | innovators



LAKE PETIT DAM Pickens County, Georgia State ID No. 112-009-00462 NID No. GA00685

Lake Petit Dam Breach Analysis

Prepared for:

Big Canoe® Property Owners Association, Inc. 10586 Big Canoe Jasper, GA 30143

Prepared by:

Geosyntec Consultants, Inc.

835 Georgia Avenue, Suite 500 Chattanooga, TN 37402

Project No: TN7208

Document No:

May 2021



GEOSYNTEC CONSULTANTS COMPUTATION COVER SHEET

Dam Owner: Big Canoe Property Owners	Association	Project: Lake Petit Dam E	Breach Analysis	Project #: TN7208
TITLE OF COMPUTATIONS Da	am Breach an	d Inundation Analysis for	Lake Petit	
COMPUTATIONS BY:	Signature	12 ja		05/18/2021
		Poniito Tiwori		DATE
	Printed Name and Title	Ranjita Tiwari Senior Staff Professional		
	and The	Senior Starr Professional	·	
ASSUMPTIONS AND PROCEDURES CHECKED BY:	C ¹ and the set	Emily Campbell		05/18/2021
(Peer Reviewer)	Signature			DATE
	Printed Name	Emily Campbell		
	and Title	Engineer		
COMPUTATIONS CHECKED BY:	Signature	Emily Compbell		05/18/2021
				DATE
	Printed Name	Emily Campbell		
	and Title	Engineer		
COMPUTATIONS	Signature	13 12		05/18/2021
BACKCHECKED BY: (Originator)		and the second s		DATE
	Printed Name	Ranjita Tiwari	1	
	and Title	Senior Staff Professiona	<u>l</u>	
APPROVED BY:	Signature	Wode buchan		05/18/2021
(PM or Designate)	_			DATE
(Senior Reviewer)	Printed Name	Wade Burcham		
	and Title	Principal		
APPROVAL NOTES:				
REVISIONS (Number and initial all re-	evisions)			
NO. SHEET DA	TE	BY CHECK	ED BY	APPROVAL
			<u> </u>	

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LIST OF ATTACHMENTS

- Attachment A Bridge Survey, Profile and Photos of Points of Interest
- Attachment B Electronic Copy with Digital Files (On CD)
- Attachment C Stage Storage Tables
- Attachment D Breach Parameter Calculation
- Attachment E Settings and Tolerances
- Attachment F Inundation Map
- Attachment G Velocity Map
- Attachment H Summary of Warnings and Notes
- Attachment I Potential Hazard Addresses
- Attachment J Hydrographs
- Attachment K Photographs of the Dam and Points of Interest
- Attachment L Aerial Photos of Point of Interests



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This dam breach analysis report has been prepared in support of revised inundation mapping of Lake Petit Dam located in Pickens County, Georgia. The most recent inundation mapping was performed in 2000 by Jordan, Jones, and Goulding utilizing DAMBRK software. The current recommendations from the State of Georgia's Safe Dam Program (SDP) require inundation mapping utilizing HEC-RAS software. These regulations were published in the Engineer Guidelines (Version 4.0, 2015) by the SDP on July 2015.

Lake Petit Dam, constructed in 1972, is located within the Big Canoe Development on Petit Creek about 5.8 miles upstream of Marble Hill, in Pickens County, north central Georgia. The reservoir formed by the dam has a surface area of 104 acres at a normal pool elevation of 1635.0 and extends up Petit Creek approximately 0.70 miles. The total storage for the reservoir is approximately 5,000 ac-ft. The drainage area upstream of Lake Petit Dam is 1.53 square miles.

Two other dams of interest are located downstream of the Lake Petit Dam. Lake Sconti is located approximately 1.0 miles downstream of Lake Petit. This earthen dam has a maximum height 45 feet, a length of 209 feet and a top width of 20 feet. The dam has a 10-foot wide concrete spillway on the eastern abutment. Cox Lake Dam is located approximately 3.5 miles downstream from Lake Petit Dam south of Cove Road. The dam has a maximum height of 97 feet, a length of 2,110 feet and a top width of 20 feet.

There are 11 bridges downstream of Lake Petit that are of interest. In the hydraulic model, all downstream dams, bridges and culverts are set to breach when overtopped by two feet. All bridges and culverts were modeled assuming 50 percent obstruction. Lake Petit Dam and Lake Sconti Dam breached during the simulation. Lake Cox Dam did not breach. Modeled bridges at Wolfscratch Drive, Wilderness Parkway, Cove Road, Pendley Woods, Old Mill Road (Upstream), Old Mill Road (Downstream), McArthur Road and Imery Entrance Drive breached during the simulation. Modeled bridges at State Route 53 (Near Sandy Bottom Road) and State Route 53 (Near Marbleblock Lane) did not breach.

The dam breach analysis described in this report evaluated the impacts of a potential embankment failure for Lake Petit Dam, and found that the Lake Petit Dam has a high hazard potential with potential for loss of life. Consequently, Lake Petit Dam is classified as Category I, Very Large Dam.

DAM BREACH ANALYSIS LAKE PETIT DAM

1. BACKGROUND AND PURPOSE

This calculation package has been prepared in support of revised inundation mapping of Lake Petit Dam located in Pickens County, Georgia. The most recent inundation mapping was performed in 2000 by Jordan, Jones, and Goulding utilizing DAMBRK software. The current recommendations from the State of Georgia's Safe Dam Program (SDP) require inundation mapping utilizing HEC-RAS software. These regulations were published in the Engineer Guidelines (Version 4.0, 2015) by the SDP on July 2015.

The purpose of this calculation package is to evaluate the impacts of a potential embankment failure for Lake Petit Dam, and, in particular, to evaluate the depth and velocity of potential flood waters and to identify impacted structures and roadways within the inundation extent. The dam breach analysis and inundation mapping will ensure the emergency planning and response meets the most recent State requirements.

2. SITE DESCRIPTION

Lake Petit Dam is located within the Big Canoe Development on Petit Creek about 5.8 miles upstream of Marble Hill, in Pickens County, north central Georgia. The reservoir formed by the dam has a surface area of 104 acres at a normal pool elevation of 1635.0 and extends up Petit Creek approximately 0.70 miles. The total storage for the reservoir is approximately 5,000 ac-ft at maximum embankment elevation 1648.0 feet. The drainage area upstream of Big Canoe Dam is 1.53 square miles. The topography around the dam consists of very steep, wooded, mountainous foothills.

Lake Petit Dam is listed in the Georgia State Safe Dams Program and the National Inventory of Dams (NID) under the following identification numbers, respectively: 112-009-00462 and GA00685. Per NID, the earth dam has a maximum height of 126 feet and a length of 908 feet. The dam has a 15-foot wide concrete cascading channel spillway on the east side of the earth dam's abutment. The spillway discharge is controlled by a concrete crest underneath a bridge located on the roadway (i.e. Wilderness Parkway) running along the crest of the dam.

Lake Sconti is located approximately 1.0 miles downstream of Lake Petit. Per NID, Lake Sconti Dam has a maximum height of 45 feet and a length of 209 feet. The dam has a 10-foot wide concrete spillway on the eastern abutment. Cox Lake Dam is located approximately 3.5 miles downstream from Lake Petit Dam south of Cove Road. Per NID, the dam has a maximum height of 85 feet. The dam has a length of 2,110 feet and a top width of 20 feet as measured on the digital elevation model (DEM).

There are twelve (12) bridges downstream of Lake Petit that are of interest. See Figure 1 for location of dams and bridges. Approximate distance of bridges from Lake Petit are presented in Attachment A.

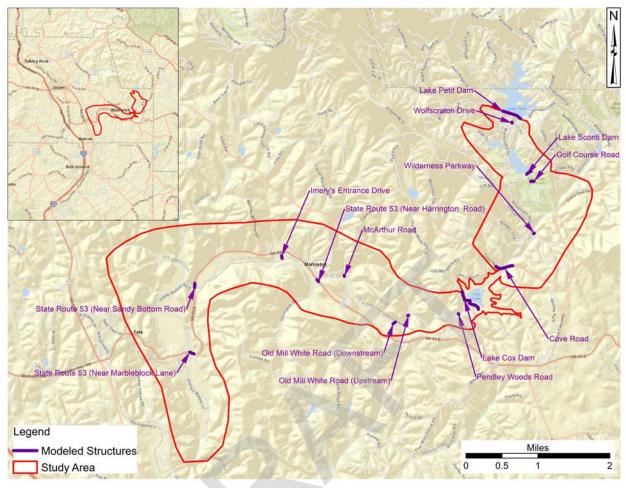


Figure 1: Site Location

3. EXISTING CONDITIONS

The HEC-RAS model uses Pickens County LIDAR topography from NOAA (National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, 2012) and field data provided by Jordan Engineering (2021). The dates of field work were January 13 and 14, 2021. Field data included bridge and culvert crossing survey. Elevations for the lowest adjacent grades for points of interests are estimates using LIDAR elevations. The bridge survey files along with photos of points of interest are provided in Attachment A. Shapefiles and the digital elevation model are included in Attachment B.

4. EMBANKMENT BREACH DEVELOPMENT

4.1 Modes of Breach Failure

Typical dam failure modes based on FEMA (2013) area summarized in Table 1.

Failure Mode	Example	Percentage of Failures ¹
Hydrologic	Overtopping	70.9%
Geologic	Piping/Seepage	14.3%
Structural	Failure of upstream/downstream face	1.8%
Seismic	Earthquake	unlisted
Human Related	Misoperation/Terrorism	0.6%

Table 1: Typical Dam Failure Modes, FEMA (2013)

Overtopping is the most frequent failure scenario. In accordance with SDP guidance, it was assumed that a non-hydrologic failure due to overtopping occurs.

4.2 Selected Breach Scenario

In accordance with SDP guidance, a sunny day failure due to overtopping was chosen for the dam breach analysis. Geosyntec created a HEC-RAS 2D model to simulate the inundation of the downstream area due to embankment failure to evaluate the potential impact due to the directional flow of the breach.

The model was run under the following assumptions:

- 1. A sunny day mode of failure was assumed;
- 2. No infiltration losses are assumed;
- 3. The water surface elevation (WSEL) is 1648.0 ft NAVD 1988 Datum when the breach occurs;
- 4. The discharge structure is completely blocked; and
- 5. No losses due to evapotranspiration were considered.

A sunny day failure is appropriate for Lake Petit dam because of the large storage capacity and small inflow drainage area to the Lake. A small drainage area to the pond means that additional flows to the pond would be relatively small during a wet weather event.

All additional downstream structures: Lake Sconti Dam, Lake Cox Dam and twelve (12) bridges were modeled using a sunny day failure. The stage storage tables of Lake Petit, Lake Sconti and Lake Cox are provided in Attachment C.

Table 2 provides dam characteristics used as input in the model. Storage volume at dam failure is the storage capacity at 1,648 feet, 1,472 feet and 1,338 feet elevation for Lake Petit Dam, Lake Sconti Dam and Lake Cox Dam respectively. Embankment top elevation and bottom elevation are elevation as seen in the LIDAR. Maximum depth is the difference between embankment top elevation and bottom elevation. Embankment lengths represent the length of the structures as drawn in geometry file of the model. Embankments are drawn to capture length of the dams and

¹ Based on Table 14-2 of the FEMA Federal Guidelines for Inundation Mapping of Flood Risks Associated with Dam Incidents and Failures (July 2013)

extended further to capture any high ridges at the ends of the dam. Crest widths represent widths of the dams as seen in the LIDAR.

Estimated Permitted Area Characteristics (units)	Lake Petit	Lake Sconti	Lake Cox
Storage Volume at Failure (acre-feet)	4,625	281	4,490
Embankment Top Elevation (feet)	1,648	1,470	1,336
Bottom Elevation (feet)	1,530	1,430	1,239
Maximum Depth (feet)	118	40	97
Embankment Length (feet)	1,443	398	2,110
Embankment Crest Width (feet)	35	20	20

Table 2: Dam Characteristics

4.3 Breach Characteristics

Breach characteristics used to develop the breach hydrograph include shape, final depth, width, side slopes, breaching time, and the rate at which the breach develops. Table 3 is based on the guidelines provided by SDP (2015). This was used as an aid to determine breach characteristics.

 Table 3: SDP Suggested Breach Parameters (Embankment Dams)

Failure Mode	
Minimum Average Breach Width	3x Height of dam
Side Slope (H:1V)	1
Maximum Breach Time (hour)	0.5

The Froehlich (2008) equations were used for computing the average breach widths and times of embankment dams, but with a minimum average breach width of three (3) times the height of the dam, and a maximum breach time of a half ($\frac{1}{2}$) hour. These equations have been found to correlate well with breach widths for actual failures for every dam size, and they are widely used and respected in the engineering community. Side slopes for the breach were modeled as a 1 horizontal to 1 vertical (1H:1V) slope based on the guidelines provided by SDP (2015).

The following assumptions were made:

- 1. The model assumes obstruction on the bottom half of all downstream bridges and culverts.
- 2. One (1) acre-foot of pool volume at failure has been assumed for all bridges for calculation of breach parameters.
- 3. All downstream structures breach when overtopped with two feet of flow, or more.
- 4. The entire bridge structure collapses due to the breach. The bottom breach widths were calculated using Froelich (2008) and widened to match the breach opening to the riverbed.

The average breach width and breach development time based on Froelich (2008) used for the analysis are summarized in Table 4. Breach parameter calculation for the three dams and Cove Road are presented in Attachment D.

Modeled Dams and Bridges	Connection name used in the model	Average Breach Width (feet)	Breach Bottom Width (feet)	Breach Time (hour)
Lake Petit Dam	Petit Dam	354	236	0.37
Wolfscratch Drive	1. Wolfscratch D	44*	25	0.03
Lake Sconti Dam	Sconti Dam	120	80	0.27
Golf Course Road	2. Golfcourse Ro	99	80	0.03
Wilderness Parkway	3. Wilderness Pa	45*	12	0.03
Cove Road	Cove Road	290	193	0.1
Lake Cox Dam	Cox Dam	291	194	0.45
Pendley Woods Road	4. Pendley Woods	11*	3	0.08
Old Mill White Road (Upstream)	5. Old Mill Upst	47*	25	0.08
Old Mill White Road (Downstream)	6. Old Mill Down	39*	25	0.04
McArthur Road	7. McArthur Road	32	25	0.09
State Route 53 (Near Harrington Road)	8. Harrington Ro	106	90	0.04
Imerys Entrance Drive	09. To Imery Pla	37	25	0.05
State Route 53 (Near Sandy Bottom Road)	10. State Route	142	120	0.03
State Route 53 (Near Marbleblock Lane)	11. Route 53 - M	113	85	0.02
*Average breach width does not meet the SDP guidelines that minimum average breach width should be three (3) times the height of the dam. The bridge openings were widened to fit a				

Table 4: Summary of Breach Parameters used for Dam Breach Analysis

*Average breach width does not meet the SDP guidelines that minimum average breach width should be three (3) times the height of the dam. The bridge openings were widened to fit a natural ground profile. Widening breach bottom width further in order to increase average breach width would have made the bridge opening wider than the natural ground profile.

5. EMBANKMENT BREACH ANALYSIS

5.1 Breach Model Development

HEC-RAS 2D (HEC-RAS 5.0.7, 2019) modeling software was used to develop breach inundation maps for the study area. The following sections describe select parameters and assumptions used in developing the HEC-RAS 2D model.

Model Mesh

The downstream area was modeled with a computational mesh of 100-foot by 100-foot cells. Instead of computing an average elevation for each cell like competitive 2D modeling software, HEC-RAS 2D utilizes meshes for each cell such that the resolution of the underlying topography is not lost. The extent of 2D modeling domain is shown in Figure 1 as Study Area. 2D flow area break lines were added along modeled structures, roads and terrain ridges. Break lines force cell faces to follow terrain ridges and ensure the flow is going over the ridge lines.

Topography Data

2012 LIDAR data provided by NOAA (National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration) was used to create a digital elevation model of the land surrounding the project area.

Floodplain Manning's Roughness Values

Landuse data was downloaded from National Land Cover Database (NLCD, 2016) and Manning's roughness values were assigned based on recommendations from Natural Resource Conservation Service provided in "Manning's n Values for Various Land Covers" (USDA, 2016). Table 5 provides a summary of the Manning's roughness values assigned for each land use. Figure 2 shows the extent of different land uses in the model.

Land Use	Manning's Roughness
Barren land rock/sand/clay	0.025
Deciduous forest	0.16
Developed, high intensity	0.15
Developed, low intensity	0.10
Developed, medium intensity	0.08
Developed, open space	0.04
Emergent herbaceous wetlands	0.07
Evergreen forest	0.16
Grassland/herbaceous	0.035
Mixed forest	0.16
Open water	0.04
Pasture/hay	0.03
Shrub/scrub	0.10
Woody wetlands	0.12

Table 5: Floodplain Manning's Roughness

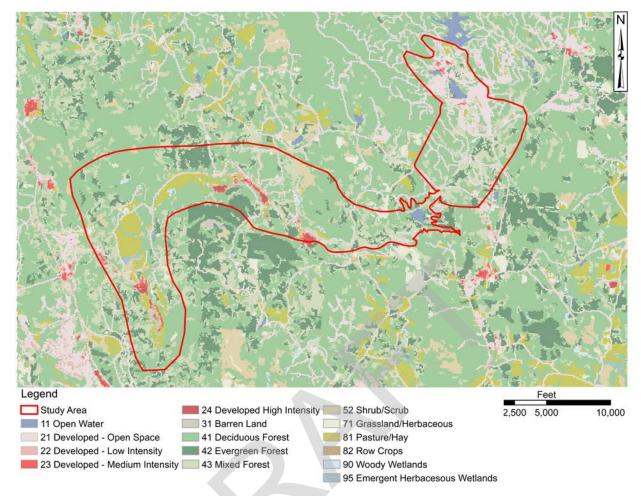


Figure 2: Extent of different land uses in the modeling domain

Unsteady Flow Data

The initial boundary condition was set to top of dam elevation 1,648 feet for Lake Petit and to normal water surface elevation 1,464.3 feet and 1,276.2 feet for Lake Sconti and Lake Cox respectively. Water was assumed to flow off the grid with a normal depth boundary condition at the south-most location of the study area.

Computational Settings

A computation interval of 1 second, mapping output of 5 minutes, hydrograph output of 1 minute and detailed output of 1 minute were selected for the run. The settings and tolerances used in HEC-RAS are shown in Attachment E.

Breach of Structures

A total of three (3) dams and twelve (12) bridges were breached. The bridges consisted of circular culverts, rectangular box culverts or piers. The bridge opening in Cove Road is small and was not included in modeling as a conservative measure. Due to limitations of HEC-RAS 5.0.7 version to model bridges; all bridge openings were created using culverts. Box culverts with spacing were used to represent piers. The breach characteristics and assumptions are discussed in Section 4.3. The bridge profiles are provided in Attachment A.

5.2 <u>Results</u>

The 2D HEC-RAS model was run with the inputs described above. The breach analysis found that Lake Petit Dam and Lake Sconti Dam breached while Lake Cox overtopped but did not breach. All modeled downstream bridges (see Table 4), except State Route 53 (Near Sandy Bottom Road) and State Route 53 (Near Marbleblock Lane), breached during the simulation. The maximum inundation depths and velocity for the 2D flow region are shown in Attachment F and Attachment G respectively. See Attachment H for summary of warnings and notes.

5.2.1 Hazard Potential

The hazard classification is based on simulated flow depth and velocity downstream of Lake Petit. The areas that are shown to be inundated have habitable structures and public roads as shown in inundation map (Attachment F).

5.2.2 Probable Loss of Life

Loss of life is considered probable by the SDP when any of the following conditions exist:

- 1. A structure is flooded by 18 inches or more of water above finished floor elevation.
- 2. A structure is flooded by 30 inches or more of water against the building at lowest adjacent grade.
- 3. A structure is flooded such that the destruction factor (maximum velocity in feet per second x maximum depth in feet) is equal to or greater than 15.
- 4. An unanchored mobile home is flooded such that the destruction factor is equal to or greater than 9.
- 5. A structure which is flooded such that the destruction factor is 7 or greater shall be evaluated using engineering judgment to determine if other factors warrant a probable loss of life designation.

The SDP recommends classification of dams according to whether probable loss of life is present downstream. The maximum destruction factor raster was used to extract factors at the points of interests using GIS. Based on destruction factors higher than 15 for majority of points of interests and inundation areas encompassing existing structures, the breach of the dam would likely result in loss of life. Destruction factor at points of interests are provided in Table 6. The destruction factors are calculated as maximum velocity in feet per second times the maximum depth in feet. Maximum depth is calculated as shown in Table 7. Maximum velocity is taken at the location of the modeled structures as seen in velocity map in Attachment F. The list of addresses potentially affected by the breach of Lake Petit Dam were provided by the county and are available in Attachment I.

Points of Interest	Maximum Depth (ft)	Maximum Velocity (ft/sec)	Destruction Factor (sq.ft/sec)
Lake Petit Dam	47.2	21.1	995.9
Wolfscratch Drive	42.9	14.4	616.8
Lake Sconti Dam	49.0	23.0	1,125.3
Golf Course Road	35.0	17.3	605.4
Wilderness Parkway	31.1	26.8	833.5
Cove Road	11.2	2.9	32.1
Lake Cox Dam	NA	4.2	NA
Pendley Woods Road	18.2	13.0	236.1
Old Mill White Road (Upstream)	9.3	14.8	137.2
Old Mill White Road (Downstream)	12.0	14.1	168.6
McArthur Road	20.0	6.0	119.2
State Route 53 (Near Harrington Road)	1.8	11.5	20.9
Imerys Entrance Drive	5.9	10.1	59.5
State Route 53 (Near Sandy Bottom Road)	NA	9.6	NA
State Route 53 (Near Marbleblock Lane)	NA	7.9	NA

Table 6: Destruction Factor at Points of Interest

5.2.1 Flood Crest Profile Plot

Figure 3 presents the flood crest profile plot showing the three dams mentioned. Lake Petit Dam and Sconti Dam breached as they were overtopped by two (2) feet. Cox Dam did not breach. The depth of overtopping for all structures are presented in Table 7. See Attachment J for hydrographs at each of the points of interest listed in Table 7.

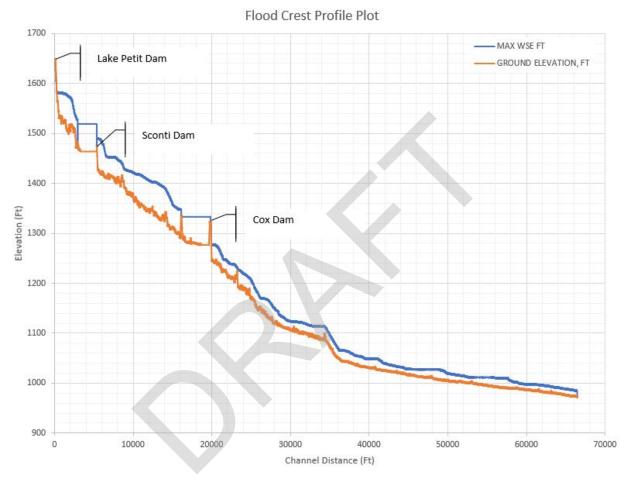


Figure 3: Flood Crest Profile Plot

Based on the profile plot (Figure 3), Lake Cox Dam appears to overtop with depth greater than two feet indicating breach of Lake Cox Dam however computation message from HEC-RAS and hydrograph directly taken from HEC-RAS confirm that Lake Cox Dam did not breach. The maximum water surface elevation at Lake Cox Dam is 1,333 feet and the dam crest is at 1,335.5 feet as seen in terrain profile. The ground elevation as seen in the profile plots are based on a profile line that goes through the spillway and thus shows a lower ground elevation of approximately 1,324 feet. See Figure 4 for terrain profile of Lake Cox Dam and Figure 5 for zoomed in flood crest profile plot at Lake Cox Dam.



Figure 4: Zoomed-in Flood Crest Profile at Lake Cox Dam

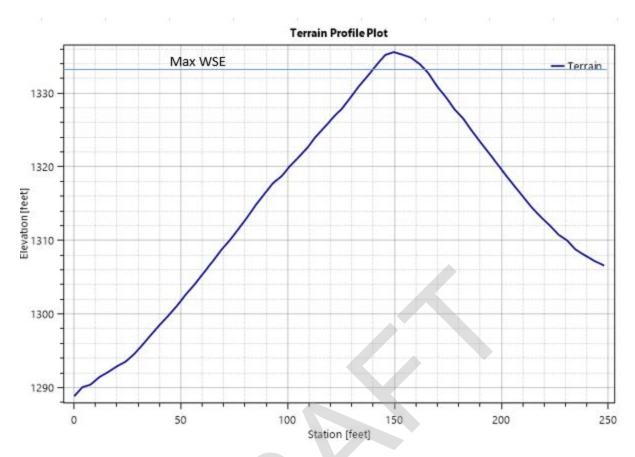


Figure 5: Terrain Profile - Lake Cox Dam

Points of Interest	High Chord (feet)	Max Stage Elevation (feet)	Overtopping Depth (feet)
Wolfscratch Drive	1,538.0	1,580.9	42.9
Lake Sconti Dam	1,470.0	1,519.0	49.0
Golf Course Road	1,447.8	1,482.8	35.0
Wilderness Parkway	1,371.5	1,402.6	31.1
Cove Road	1,335.0	1,346.2	11.2
Lake Cox Dam	1,335.5	1,333.0	NA
Pendley Woods Road	1,230.1	1,248.3	18.2
Old Mill White Road (Upstream)	1,160.1	1,169.4	9.3
Old Mill White Road (Downstream)	1,129.8	1,141.8	12.0
McArthur Road	1,093.6	1,113.7	20.0
State Route 53 (Near Harrington Road)	1,066.3	1,068.1	1.8
Imerys Entrance Drive	1,042.8	1,048.7	5.9
State Route 53 (Near Sandy Bottom Road)	1,028.7	1,027.4	NA
State Route 53 (Near Marbleblock Lane)	1,017.8	1,009.6	NA

Table 7: Overtopping Depths at Points of Interest

6. CONCLUSIONS

This memo summarizes the results of the dam breach analysis for the purpose of supporting a Hazard Potential Classification Assessment (HPCA) for the Lake Petit Dam.

Based on the assumptions and inputs as described herein, it is Geosyntec's opinion that the Lake Petit Dam is Category I, Very Large Dam per the Georgia SDP Engineering Guidelines.

7. REFERENCES

Jordan Engineering (2021). "Big Canoe Stream Sections" Survey, Pickens County, Georgia.

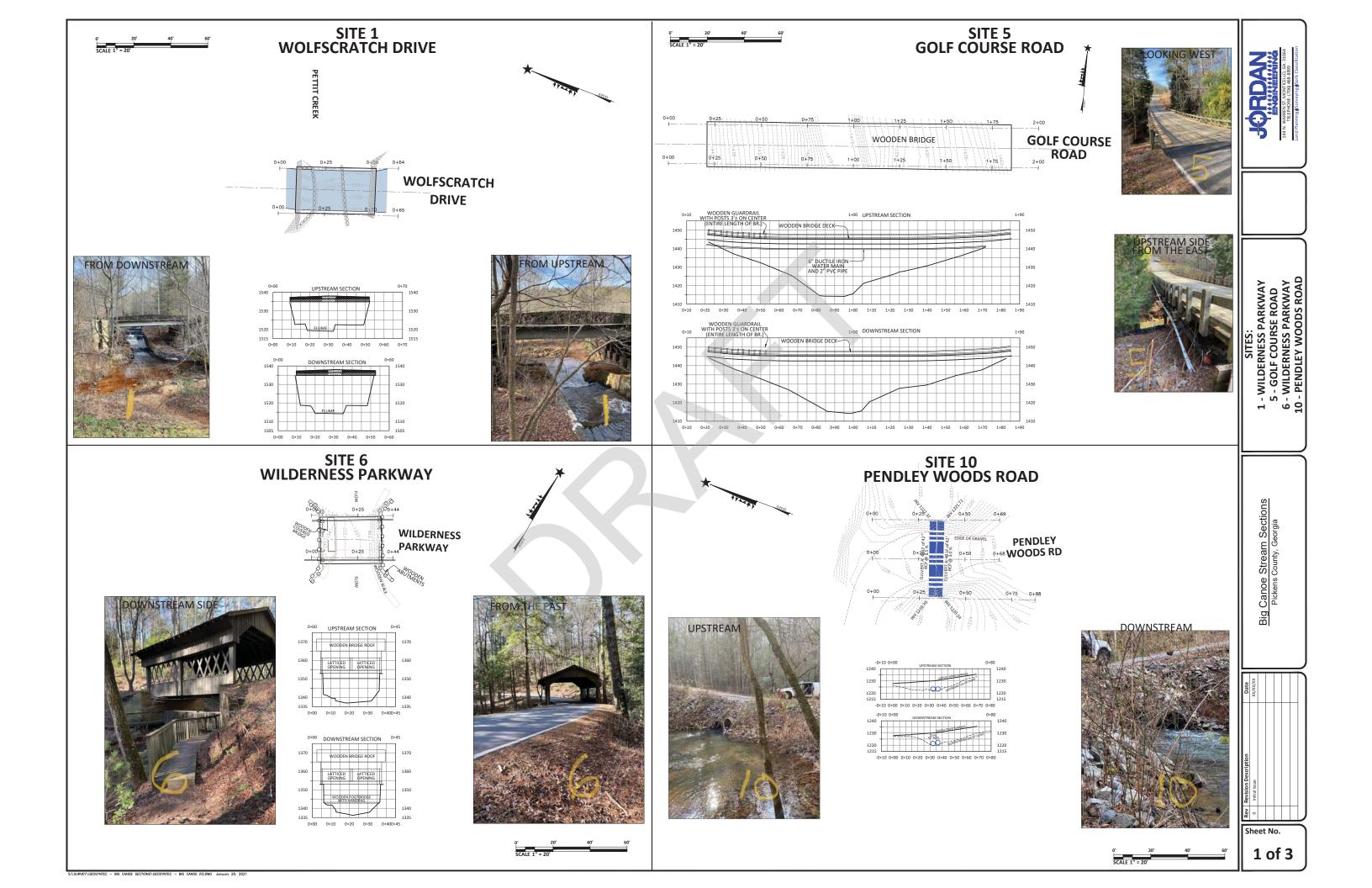
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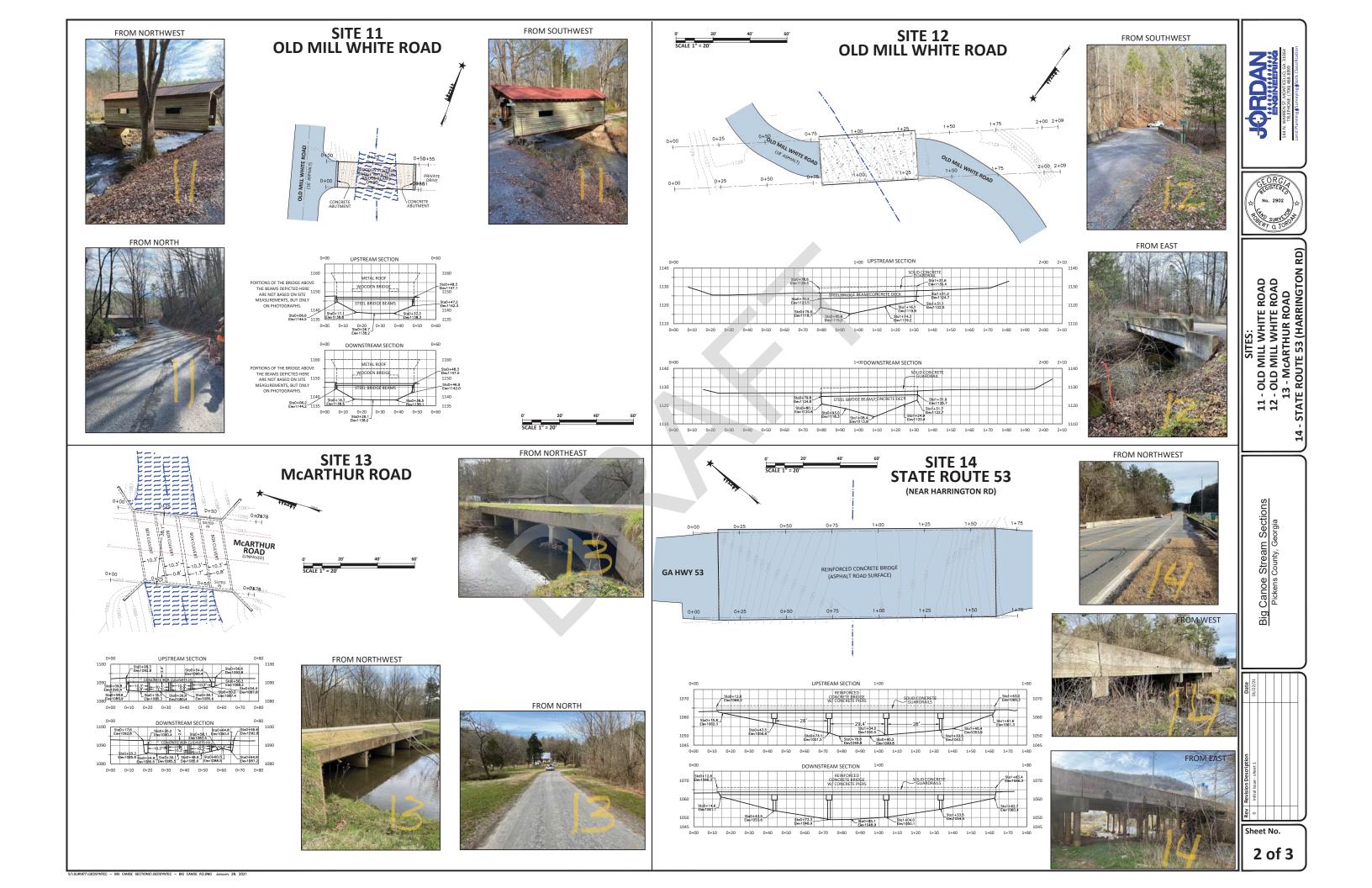
ATTACHMENT A

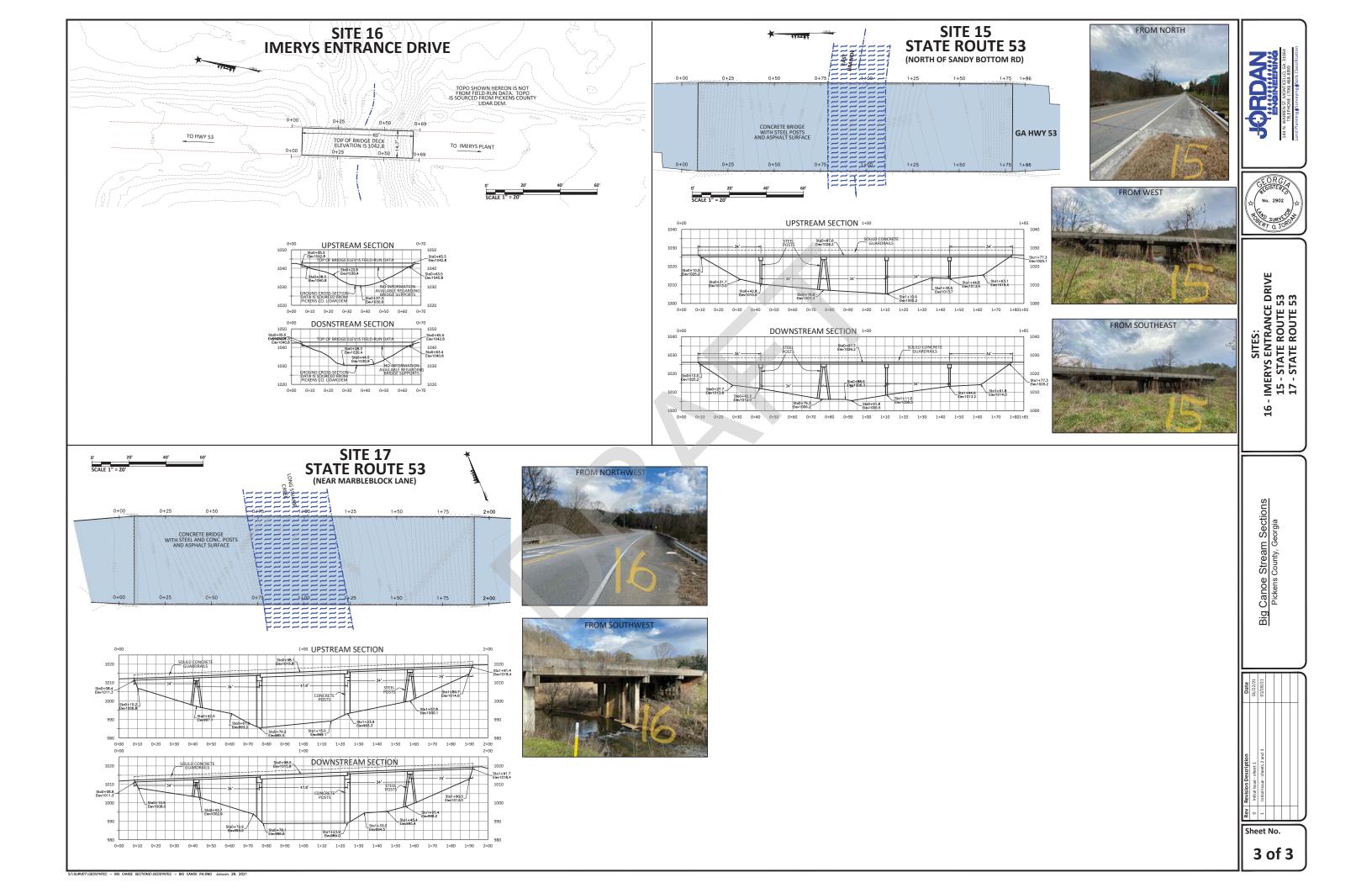
BRIDGE SURVEY, PROFILE AND PHOTOS OF POINTS OF INTEREST

Modeled Dams and Bridges	Distance (Miles) from Lake Petit Dam
Lake Petit Dam	0
Wolfscratch Drive	0.2
Lake Sconti Dam	1.0
Golf Course Road	1.2
Wilderness Parkway	2.4
Cove Road	3.1
Lake Cox Dam	3.8
Pendley Woods Road	4.0
Old Mill White Road (Upstream)	5.0
Old Mill White Road (Downstream)	5.4
McArthur Road	6.5
State Route 53 (Near Harrington Road)	6.8
Imerys Entrance Drive	7.6
State Route 53 (Near Sandy Bottom Road)	9.3
State Route 53 (Near Marbleblock Lane)	10.8

Approximate Distance of Structures from Lake Petit Dam

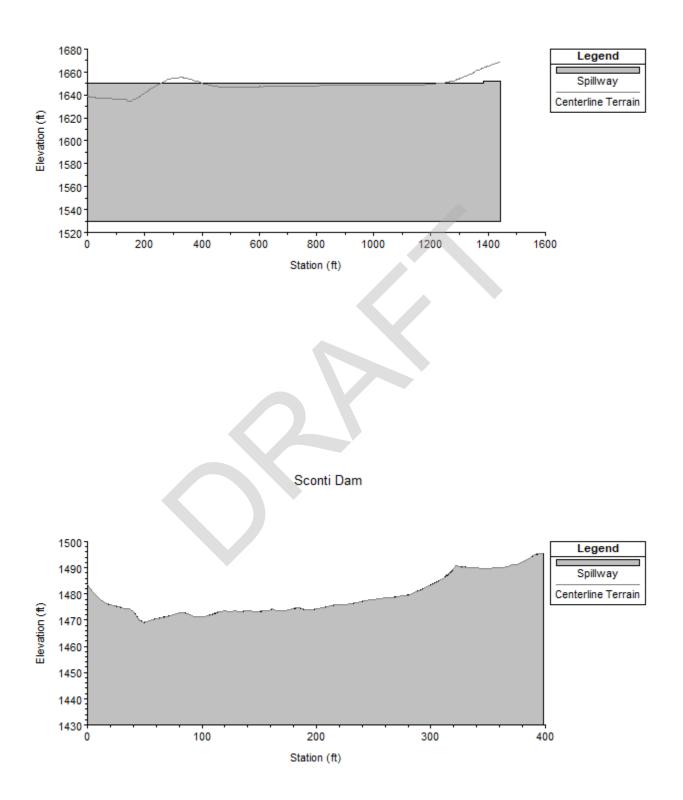




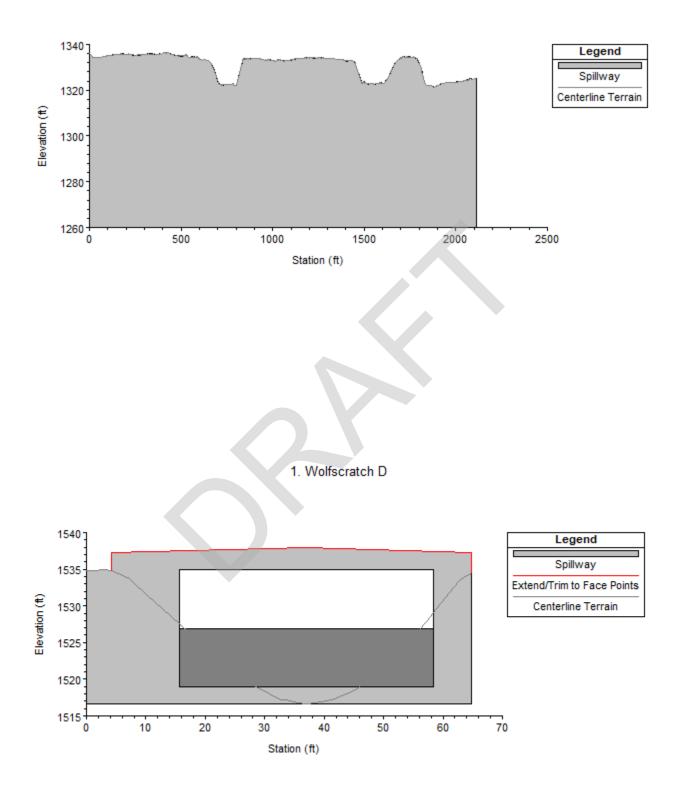


PROFILES

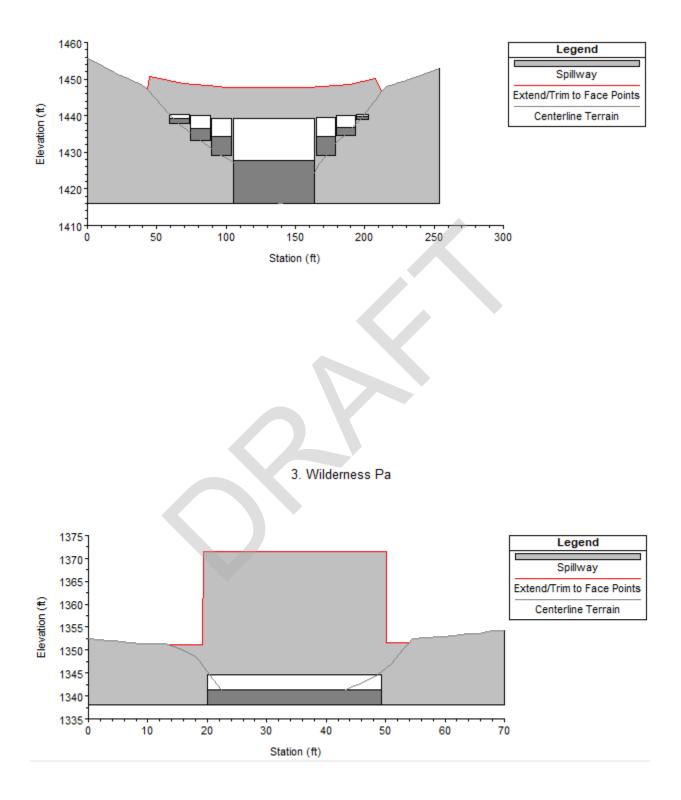
Petit Dam



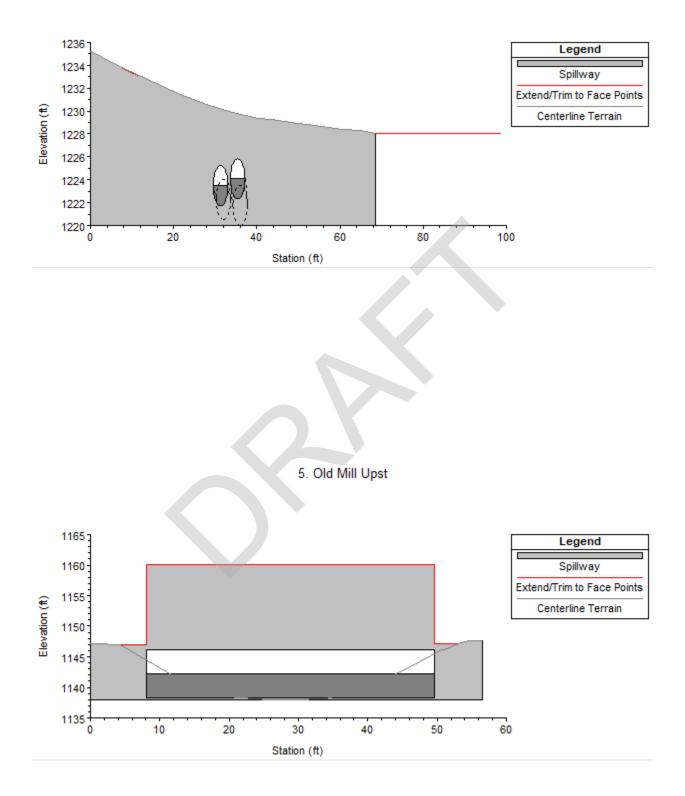




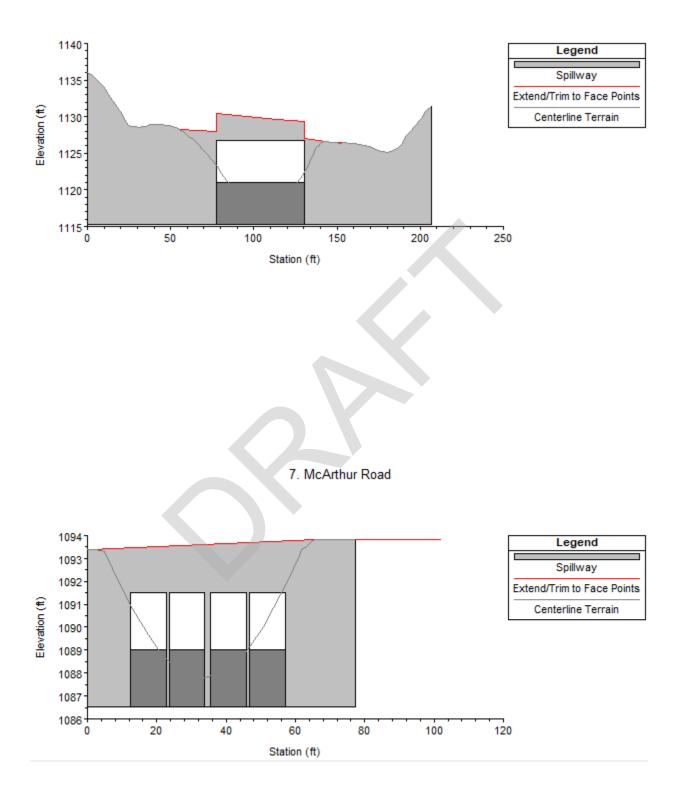
2. Golfcourse Ro

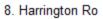


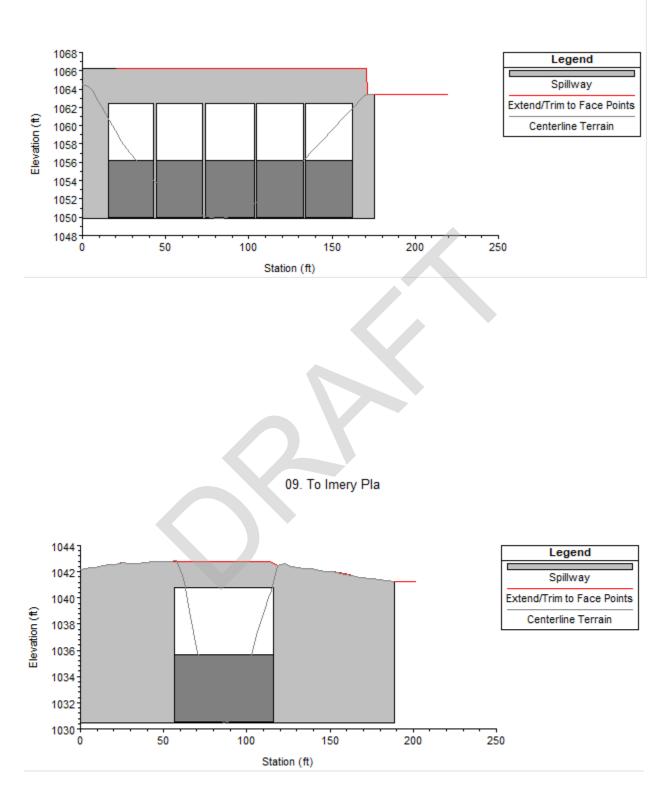


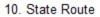


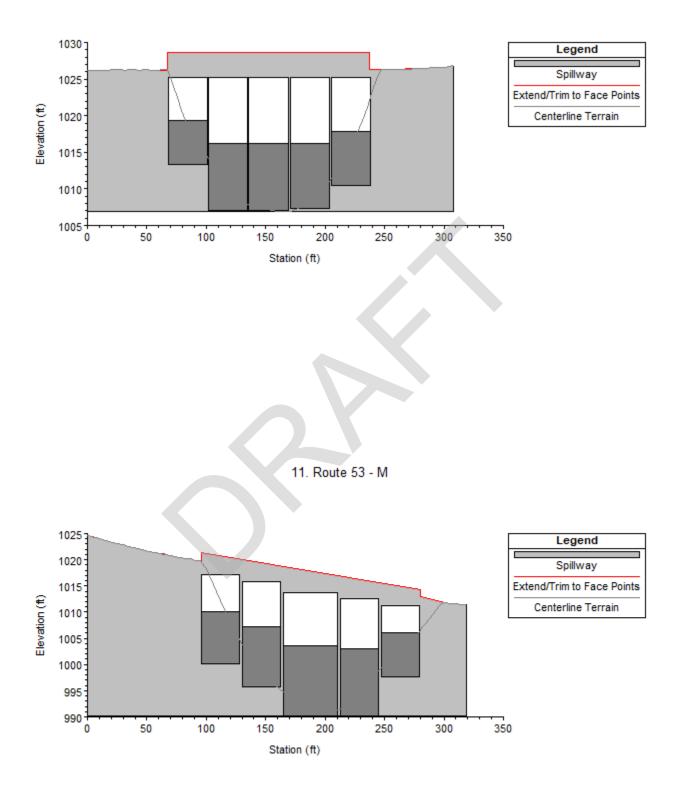
6. Old Mill Down



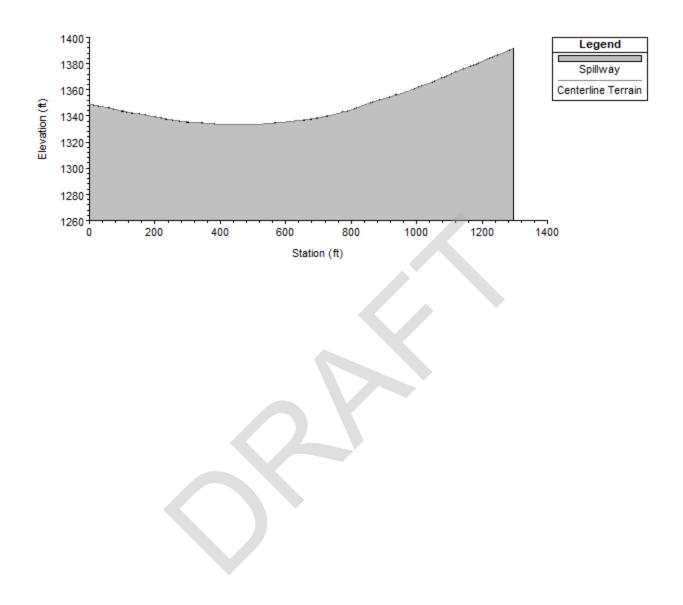












ATTACHMENT B

ELECTRONIC COPY WITH DIGITAL FILES (ON CD)

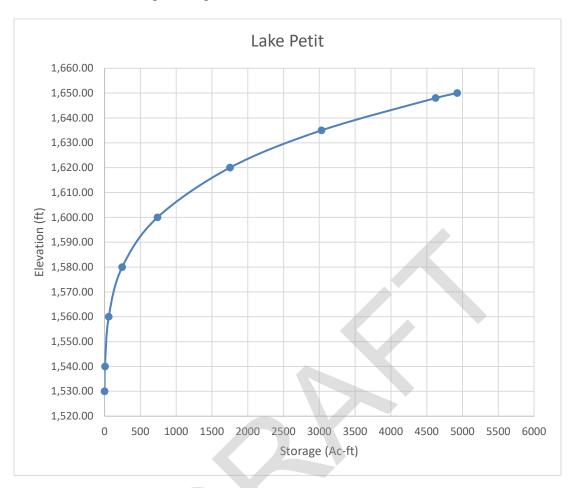
List of files Provided on CD

- 1. Shapefiles
 - a. Dam Breach Location
 - b. Inundation Boundary (Limits of Inundation)
 - c. Inundation Raster
 - d. Velocity Raster
 - e. Potential Hazards Labeled with Address
 - f. Distance Downstream
 - g. Points of Interest
 - i. Distance downstream
 - ii. Name of Road or Dam
 - iii. Depth of Overtopping
 - iv. Maximum Flow Velocity
 - v. Destruction Factor
 - vi. Lowest Adjacent Grade
 - h. Digital Elevation Model
- 2. HEC-RAS Model

ATTACHMENT C

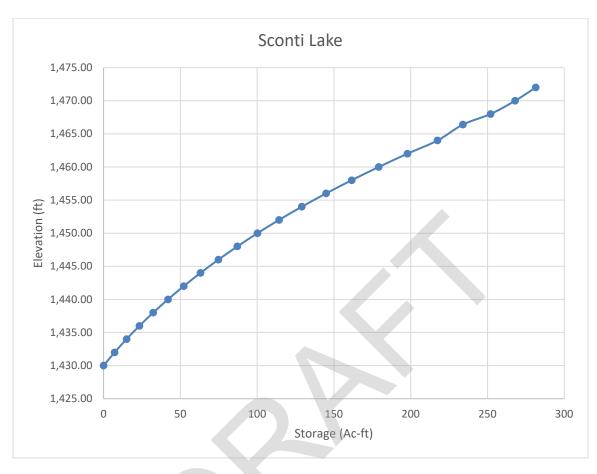
STAGE STORAGE TABLES

1. Lake Petit Stage-storage Table



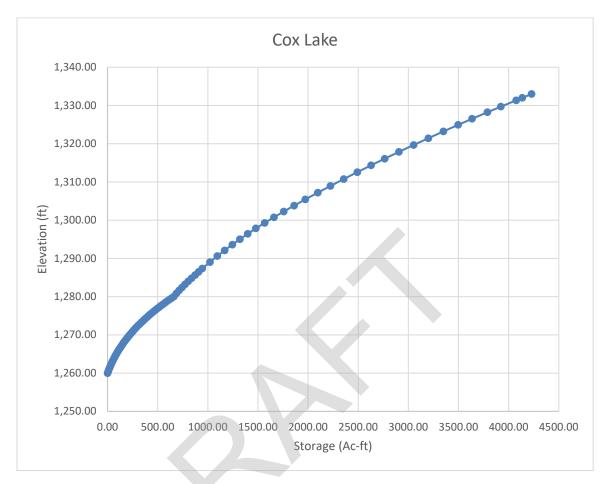
	
Elevation	Volume (Acre-
(ft)	ft)
1,530	0
1,540	5.5
1,560	58.5
1,580	246.5
1,600	739.5
1,620	1,751.5
1,635	3,029.5
1,648	4,625.0
1,650	4,924.8

2. Lake Sconti Stage-storage Table



		٦
Elevation	Volume (Acre-	
(ft)	ft)	
1,430.00	0	
1,432.00	7.21	
1,434.00	14.99	
1,436.00	23.36	
1,438.00	32.34	
1,440.00	41.95	
1,442.00	52.21	
1,444.00	63.15	
1,446.00	74.79	
1,448.00	87.14	
1,450.00	100.27	
1,452.00	114.26	
1,454.00	129.12	
1,456.00	144.88	
1,458.00	161.56	
1,460.00	179.21	
1,462.00	197.83	
1,464.00	217.46	
1,466.40	234	
1,468.00	252	
1,470.00	268	
1,472.00	281.40	
		-

3. Lake Cox Stage-storage Table



Elevation	Volume (Acre-
(ft)	ft)
1,260.00	0.00
1,260.40	5.57
1,260.80	11.38
1,261.20	17.42
1,261.60	23.71
1,262.00	30.25
1,262.40	37.05
1,262.80	44.10
1,263.20	51.42
1,263.60	59.00
1,264.00	66.86
1,264.40	75.00
1,264.80	83.42
1,265.20	92.13
1,265.60	101.13
1,266.00	110.43
1,266.40	120.03
1,266.80	129.94
1,267.20	140.16
1,267.60	150.70
1,268.00	161.57
1,268.40	172.75
1,268.80	184.27
1,269.20	196.13
1,269.60	208.33
1,270.00	220.87
1,270.40	233.77
1,270.80	247.02
1,271.20	260.63
1,271.60	274.61
1,272.00	288.95
1,272.40	303.68
1,272.80	318.78
1,273.20	334.27
1,273.60	350.15
1,274.00	366.42

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Elevation	Volume (Acre-
(ft)	ft)
1,274.40	383.09
1,274.80	400.17
1,275.20	417.66
1,275.60	435.56
1,276.00	453.88
1,276.40	472.62
1,276.80	491.79
1,277.20	511.40
1,277.60	531.44
1,278.00	551.93
1,278.40	572.86
1,278.80	594.25
1,279.20	616.09
1,279.60	638.40
1,280.00	661.18
1,280.83	685.85
1,281.60	713.28
1,282.39	742.58
1,283.19	772.93
1,284.00	804.74
1,284.82	837.71
1,285.65	872.23
1,286.49	907.89
1,287.34	944.58
1,289.04	1,021.15
1,290.60	1,094.26
1,292.10	1,167.52
1,293.61	1,244.65
1,295.01	1319.24
1,296.44	1,398.50
1,297.84	1,479.73
1,299.28	1,566.68
1,299.28	1,658.89
1,302.25	1,756.54
1,302.23	1,730.34
	,
1,305.43	1,972.16

Elevation	Volume (Acre-
(ft)	ft)
1,307.19	2,096.00
1,308.94	2,222.23
1,310.76	2,355.77
1,312.55	2,490.39
1,314.34	2,627.39
1,316.08	2,764.12
1,317.87	2,906.40
1,319.66	3,052.27
1,321.44	3,199.95
1,323.21	3,349.16
1,324.92	3,496.27
1,326.51	3,635.25
1,328.23	3,788.83
1,329.69	3,922.35
1,331.34	4,075.13
1,332.00	4,136.09
1,333.00	4,228.77
1,335.00	4,344.62
1,337.50	4,490.22

ATTACHMENT D

BREACH PARAMETER CALCULATION

Dam Name:	Lake Petit		Prepareo	l by: RT	
	Pickens County, G	Δ	Date:	4/19/2	121
Breach Scenario:		1	Date.	4/15/20	521
Breach Scenario.	Sunny Duy				
Height of Dam (ft)):		118		
Breach Bottom El			1530		
Height of water above breach bottom (ft):		118			
•	Volume at Failure		4625.0		
-	Area at Failure (ac		148.80		
Failure Scenario:			Overtopping		
Discharge through	n spillways at failur	e (Q _o , cfs):	0		
Froelich (2008)		Breach	Parameters	\rightarrow	
	(5.)	254.2			
Avg. Breach Widtl		354.0		ide Slopes:	<u>1.0</u> H:1V
Breach Bottom W		236.0	K _o Factor	:	1.3
Time of failure (hr	-s):	0.37			
Froelich (1995)					
Avg. Breach Widtl	n (ft):	354.0	Breach S	ide Slopes:	1.4 H:1V
Breach Bottom W		188.8	K _o Factor		1.0
Time of failure (hr		0.41	, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i		
MacDonald & Lar	ngridge-Monopolis	(1984)	[For Piping Scenario Only whe	n Storage Volume	is less than 100 acre-feet]
Avg. Breach Widtl	o (f+):	52.1	Broach S	ide Slopes:	0.5 H:1V
Breach Bottom W		-6.9	Upstrear	•	2.5 H:1V
Time of failure (hr		1.00	-	eam Slopes:	3.5 H:1V
	sj. <u>×</u>	Storage exceeds			35
VALUES USED FO	R ANALYSIS (To be	Entered by Engi	ineer)		
			-		
Avg. Breach Width	n (ft):	354.0	Breach S	ide Slopes:	1 H:1V
Breach Bottom W	idth (ft):	236.0	(based on o	n selected values)	
Time of failure (hr	-s):	0.37			
	\bigcirc	Check for: Time	of Failure too long		
	\bigcirc	Check for: Time	of Failure less than recommen	ded minimum valu	le
Notes:	The supremult of the second	the second term of the state			
	-		an The width of The stream val		
			nimum reasonable value (base te (Von Thun & Gillette (1990)	•	ice) and the maximum

Lake Petit

Location:

Pickens County, GA

Prepared by: RT Date: 4/2

4/19/2021

Breach Scenario: Sunny Day

Peak Breach Discharge

National Weather Service Simple Dam Break Equation

Avg. Breach Width (ft) from previous sheet: Time of failure (hrs) from previous sheet: Height of water above breach bottom (ft): Reservoir Surface Area at Failure (acres): Discharge through spillways at failure (Q_o, cfs):

354	
0.37	
118	
148.8	
0	

$$Q_b = Q_o + 3.1B_r (C/(T_f + C/\sqrt{H}))^3$$

Q_b = Peak breach discharge plus discharge through spillways (cfs)

 Q_{o} = Discharge through principal and emergency spillways with water surface at failure level

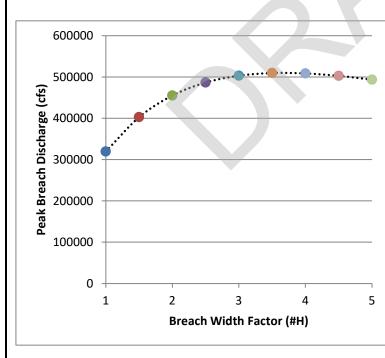
B_r = Avg. Breach Width (ft), typically 1 to 5 times height of dam

A_s = Reservoir Surface Area at with water surface at failure level (acres)

H = Height of water above breach bottom (ft)

T_f = Time to failure (hrs)

$$C = 23.4*A_{s}/B_{r}$$



Breach Width		h Width C	
Factor	(feet)	C	Q _b (cfs)
[H]	118	29.51	319663
[1.5H]	177	19.67	402661
[2H]	236	14.75	455205
[2.5H]	295	11.80	486614
[3H]	354	9.84	503269
[3.5H]	413	8.43	509601
[4.0H]	472	7.38	508721
[4.5H]	531	6.56	502833
[5.0H]	590	5.90	493513

Peak Breach Discharge: 509600.7 cfs

Dam Name:	Lake Sconti		Pr	repared by:	RT		
Location:	Pickens County,	GA	Da	ate:	4/19/202	21	
Breach Scenario:	Sunny Day						
leight of Dam (ft)			40		-		
Breach Bottom Elevation:		143					
Height of water above breach bottom (ft):		42		_			
Reservoir Storage				281.4			
Reservoir Surface Failure Scenario:	Area at Failure (acres):	140. ⁻				
			Overtop	oping	-		
Discharge through	h spillways at fai	ure (Q_0, CTS) :	0				
		Breach	n Parameters				
Froelich (2008)							
Avg. Breach Widtl	n (ft):	120.0	Br	reach Side Sl	opes:	1.0	H:1V
Breach Bottom W	· · ·	80.0	-	Factor:		1.3	_
Time of failure (hr	. ,	0.26	-				_
		0.20	-				
roelich (1995)							
Avg. Breach Widtl	n (ft):	99.1	Br	reach Side Sl	opes:	1.4	H:1V
Breach Bottom W	· · ·	43.1	-	Factor:	•	1.0	
Time of failure (hr	· · ·	0.28					_
MacDonald & Lar	igridge-ivionopo	lis (1984)	[For Piping Scenario	Only when Stora	ige Volume is	less than 100	acre-feet]
Avg. Breach Widtl	n (ft):	20.2	Br	reach Side Sl	opes:	0.5	H:1V
Breach Bottom W		0.2	-	pstream Slop	•	3.0	H:1V
Time of failure (hr		0.34	-	ownstream S		3.0	H:1V
		Storage exceed	-	rest Width (f	•	35	
ALUES USED FO	R ANALYSIS (To	be Entered by Eng	(ineer)				
			1				-
Avg. Breach Widtl		120.0	Br	reach Side Sl	opes:	1	H:1V
Breach Bottom W		80.0	(ba	ased on on select	ed values)		
Time of failure (hr	s):	0.27					
			e of Failure too long				
Notes:		Check for: Time	e of Failure less than r	ecommended mi	nimum value		
NOLES:	- The average breach	width cannot be wider th	an The width of The s	tream vallev at T	he particular	elevation.	
	_	f failures are based on m					timum
		ed on expected erosion ra		•		,	

Lake Sconti

Location:

Pickens County, GA

Prepared by: RT Date:

4/19/2021

Breach Scenario: Sunny Day

Peak Breach Discharge

National Weather Service Simple Dam Break Equation

Avg. Breach Width (ft) from previous sheet: Time of failure (hrs) from previous sheet: Height of water above breach bottom (ft): Reservoir Surface Area at Failure (acres): Discharge through spillways at failure (Q_o, cfs):

120	
0.27	
42	
140.7	
0	

$$Q_b = Q_o + 3.1B_r (C/(T_f + C/\sqrt{H}))^3$$

Q_b = Peak breach discharge plus discharge through spillways (cfs)

 Q_{o} = Discharge through principal and emergency spillways with water surface at failure level

B_r = Avg. Breach Width (ft), typically 1 to 5 times height of dam

A_s = Reservoir Surface Area at with water surface at failure level (acres)

H = Height of water above breach bottom (ft)

T_f = Time to failure (hrs)

$$C = 23.4*A_{s}/B_{r}$$



Breach W	/idth	с	Q _b (cfs)
Factor	(feet)	C	
[H]	42	78.39	33168
[1.5H]	63	52.26	48158
[2H]	84	39.20	62174
[2.5H]	105	31.36	75279
[3H]	126	26.13	87530
[3.5H]	147	22.40	98979
[4.0H]	168	19.60	109678
[4.5H]	189	17.42	119671
[5.0H]	210	15.68	129003

Peak Breach Discharge: 129002.8 cfs

- •·				PT
Dam Name:	Lake Cox	<u> </u>	Prepared by:	RT
Location:	Pickens County, (Aد	Date:	<mark>4/19/2021</mark>
Breach Scenario:	Sunny Day			
leight of Dam (ft).		97	7
Breach Bottom El			1235.5	-
	bove breach botto	om (ft):	99	-
-	Volume at Failur		4490.2	
•	Area at Failure (a	· · · ·	222.91	
ailure Scenario:			Overtopping	
ischarge throug	h spillways at failu	ıre (Q _o , cfs):	0	
		Breach Pa	rameters	
roelich (2008)				
vg. Breach Widt	h (ft):	291.0	Breach Side S	lopes: 1.0 H:1V
Breach Bottom W		194.0	K _o Factor:	1.3
ime of failure (hi		0.44	0	
roelich (1995)				
	. (6.)	245.2		
vg. Breach Widt		245.3	Breach Side S	·
Breach Bottom W		109.5	K _o Factor:	1.0
ime of failure (hi	rs):	0.47		
/lacDonald & Lar	ngridge-Monopoli	is (1984) [For	Piping Scenario Only when Stor	age Volume is less than 100 acre-feet]
vg. Breach Widt	h (ft):	64.5	Breach Side S	lopes: 0.5 H:1V
Breach Bottom W	• •	16.0	Upstream Slo	·
ime of failure (h		0.94	Downstream	
	<u> </u>	3 Storage exceeds 100		
ALUES USED FO	R ANALYSIS (To b	e Entered by Engined	er)	
vg. Breach Widt	h (ft):	291.0	Breach Side S	lopes: 1 H:1V
Breach Bottom W		194.0	(based on on selec	
ime of failure (hi		0.45		
		Check for: Time of F	ailure too long	
			ailure less than recommended m	inimum value
Notes:		-		
	- The average breach w	idth cannot be wider than Th	ne width of The stream valley at 1	he particular elevation.
				DE experience) and the maximum
	reasonable valuesbased	d on expected erosion rate (N	/on Thun & Gillette (1990)).	

Lake Cox

Location:

Pickens County, GA

Prepared by: RT Date: 4/1

4/19/2021

Breach Scenario: Sunny Day

Peak Breach Discharge

National Weather Service Simple Dam Break Equation

Avg. Breach Width (ft) from previous sheet: Time of failure (hrs) from previous sheet: Height of water above breach bottom (ft): Reservoir Surface Area at Failure (acres): Discharge through spillways at failure (Q_o, cfs):

291	
0.45	
99	
222.91	
0	

$$Q_b = Q_o + 3.1B_r (C/(T_f + C/\sqrt{H}))^3$$

Q_b = Peak breach discharge plus discharge through spillways (cfs)

 Q_o = Discharge through principal and emergency spillways with water surface at failure level

B_r = Avg. Breach Width (ft), typically 1 to 5 times height of dam

A_s = Reservoir Surface Area at with water surface at failure level (acres)

H = Height of water above breach bottom (ft)

T_f = Time to failure (hrs)

$$C = 23.4*A_{s}/B_{r}$$



Breach W	/idth	С	Q _b (cfs)	
Factor (feet)		C		
[H]	99	52.69	236692	
[1.5H]	148.5	35.13	316392	
[2H]	198	26.34	377542	
[2.5H]	247.5	21.08	424030	
[3H]	297	17.56	458881	
[3.5H]	346.5	15.05	484466	
[4.0H]	396	13.17	502656	
[4.5H]	445.5	11.71	514931	
[5.0H]	495	10.54	522473	

Peak Breach Discharge 522472.8 cfs

Dam Name:	Cove Road		Prepared	by: RT			
Location:	Pickens County,	GA	Date:	4/19/20	21		
Breach Scenario:	each Scenario: Sunny Day						
Height of Dam (ft).		96.5				
Breach Bottom El			1238.5				
	bove breach bott	om (ft):	98.5				
-	volume at Failur		206.8				
•	Area at Failure (a		10.37 Overtopping				
-ailure Scenario:							
Discharge throug	h spillways at fail	ure (Q _o , cfs):	0				
		Breach	n Parameters				
Froelich (2008)							
Avg. Breach Widt	h (ft):	289.5	Breach Si	de Slopes:	1.0 H:1V		
Breach Bottom W		193.0	K _o Factor:		1.3		
Time of failure (h		0.09	-				
			-				
Froelich (1995)							
Avg. Breach Widt	h (ft):	289.5	Breach Si	de Slopes:	1.4 H:1V		
Breach Bottom W		154.4	K _o Factor:		1.0		
Time of failure (h		0.11	-				
MacDonald & La	ngridge-Monopol	lis (1984)	[For Piping Scenario Only when	n Storage Volume i	s less than 100 acre-feet]		
Avg. Breach Widt		6.1	-	de Slopes:	0.5 H:1V		
Breach Bottom W		-42.2	Upstream	•	3.0 H:1V		
Time of failure (h		0.40		am Slopes:	3.0 H:1V		
	•	Storage exceed	Is 100 ac-ft Crest Wic	lth (ft):	35		
VALUES USED FO	R ANALYSIS (To b	be Entered by Eng	ineer)				
Avg. Breach Widt	h (ft):	289.5	Breach Si	de Slopes:	1 H:1V		
Breach Bottom W		193.0		selected values)			
Time of failure (h		0.09		,			
		Check for: Time	e of Failure too long				
		Check for: Time	e of Failure less than recommend	ded minimum value	2		
Notes:							
	-		an The width of The stream valle				
			inimum reasonable value (based ate (Von Thun & Gillette (1990))	•	ce) and the maximum		
	reasonable valuesbase	a on expected erosion n	are (von mun & Ginette (1990))				

Cove Road

Location:

Pickens County, GA

Prepared by: RT Date:

4/19/2021

Breach Scenario: Sunny Day

Peak Breach Discharge

National Weather Service Simple Dam Break Equation

Avg. Breach Width (ft) from previous sheet: Time of failure (hrs) from previous sheet: Height of water above breach bottom (ft): Reservoir Surface Area at Failure (acres): Discharge through spillways at failure (Q_0, cfs) :

289.5
0.094270773
98.5
10.37
0

$$Q_b = Q_o + 3.1B_r (C/(T_f + C/\sqrt{H}))^3$$

Q_b = Peak breach discharge plus discharge through spillways (cfs)

 Q_{o} = Discharge through principal and emergency spillways with water surface at failure level

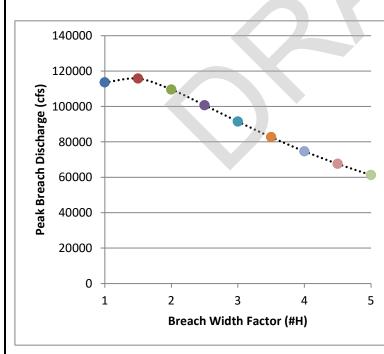
B_r = Avg. Breach Width (ft), typically 1 to 5 times height of dam

A_s = Reservoir Surface Area at with water surface at failure level (acres)

H = Height of water above breach bottom (ft)

T_f = Time to failure (hrs)

$$C = 23.4*A_{s}/B_{r}$$



Breach V	Vidth	С	Q _b (cfs)	
Factor	(feet)	C		
[H]	98.5	2.46	113637	
[1.5H]	147.75	1.64	115775	
[2H]	197	1.23	109588	
[2.5H]	246.25	0.99	100728	
[3H]	295.5	0.82	91459	
[3.5H]	344.75	0.70	82675	
[4.0H]	394	0.62	74689	
[4.5H]	443.25	0.55	67565	
[5.0H]	492.5	0.49	61265	

Peak Breach Discharge: 115774.6 cfs

ATTACHMENT E

SETTINGS AND TOLERANCES

HEC-RAS Unsteady Computation Options and Tolerances

General 2D Flow Options 1D/2D Options A	dvanced Time Step Contro	ID Mixed Flow Options		
1D Unsteady Flow Options	- 1D/2D Unsteady Flow Options			
Theta [implicit weighting factor] (0.6-1.0):	1.		ne steps (0 - 100,000):	0
Theta for warm up [implicit weighting factor] (0.		Time step during warm		0
Theta for warm up [implicit weighting factor] (0.	.0-1.0). [1.	Time step during warm	up period (illis).	lo.
Water surface calculation tolerance [max=0.2]	(ft): 0.02	Minimum time step for	time slicing (hrs):	0
Storage Area elevation tolerance [max=0.2](ft		Maximum number of tir		20
	,. ,	Maximum number of u	ne ancea.	120
Flow calculation tolerance [optional] (cfs):		Lateral Structure flow	stability factor (1.0-3.0):	2.
Max error in water surface solution (Abort Toler	rance)(ft): 100.		ability factor (1.0-3.0):	1.
			e decay exponent (1.0-3.)	
Maximum number of iterations (0-40):	20			-,-
Maximum iterations without improvement (0-40)):	Gate flow submergence	e decay exponent (1.0-3.	0): 1.
		DSS Messaging Level (1 to 10. Dofoult - 4)	4
		Doo Messaging Level (1 to 10, Default = 4)	T
Geometry Preprocessor Options		- ID Numerical Solution -		
			assic HEC-RAS methodolo	av)
Family of Rating Curves for Internal Boundarie		Finite Difference (d		gy)
 Use existing internal boundary tables whe 	en possible.		ssian (Default: faster for o	dondritic quatoma)
C Recompute at all internal boundaries				arge interconnected systems)
			uonal; may be faster for la	arge interconnected systems)
		C Finite Volume (new -	approach)	
		C Finite Volume (new Number of cores to use		All Available
			with Pardiso solver:	
				All Available
			with Pardiso solver:	
C-RAS Unsteady Computation Options and '	Tolerances		with Pardiso solver:	
C-RAS Unsteady Computation Options and	Tolerances		with Pardiso solver:	
		Number of cores to use	with Pardiso solver:	
		Number of cores to use	with Pardiso solver:	
	dvanced Time Step Contro	Number of cores to use	with Pardiso solver:	
General 2D Flow Options 1D/2D Options A	dvanced Time Step Contro	Number of cores to use	with Pardiso solver:	
General 2D Flow Options 1D/2D Options A	dvanced Time Step Contro	Number of cores to use	with Pardiso solver:	
General 2D Flow Options 1D/2D Options A	dvanced Time Step Contro	Number of cores to use	with Pardiso solver:	
General 2D Flow Options 1D/2D Options A	dvanced Time Step Contro omentum equation) All Available 💌	Number of cores to use	With Pardiso solver:	Cancel Defaults
General 2D Flow Options 1D/2D Options A Use Coriolis Effects (only when using the mo Number of cores to use in 2D computations: Parameter	dvanced Time Step Contro omentum equation) All Available (Default)	Number of cores to use	North	Cancel Defaults
General 2D Flow Options 1D/2D Options A	dvanced Time Step Contro omentum equation) All Available (Default) 1	Number of cores to use	North	Cancel Defaults South 1
General 2D Flow Options 1D/2D Options A Use Coriolis Effects (only when using the mo Number of cores to use in 2D computations: Parameter 1 Theta (0.6-1.0): 2 Theta Warmup (0.6-1.0):	dvanced Time Step Contro omentum equation) All Available (Default) 1 1	Number of cores to use ol 1D Mixed Flow Options Middle 1 1 1	North 1	South
General 2D Flow Options 1D/2D Options A Use Coriolis Effects (only when using the mo Number of cores to use in 2D computations: Parameter 1 Theta (0.6-1.0): 2 Theta Warmup (0.6-1.0): 3 Water Surface Tolerance [max=0.2](ft)	dvanced Time Step Contro omentum equation) All Available	Number of cores to use ol 1D Mixed Flow Options Middle 1 1 1 0.01 0.01	North 1 0.01	South 1 0.01
General 2D Flow Options 1D/2D Options A Use Coriolis Effects (only when using the mo Number of cores to use in 2D computations: Parameter 1 Theta (0.6-1.0): 2 Theta Warmup (0.6-1.0): 3 Water Surface Tolerance [max=0.2](ft) 4 Volume Tolerance (ft)	dvanced Time Step Contro omentum equation) All Available (Default) 1 1 0.01 0.01	Number of cores to use ol 1D Mixed Flow Options Middle 1 1 1 0.01 0.01	North 1 1 0.01	South 1 0.01 0.01
General 2D Flow Options 1D/2D Options A Use Coriolis Effects (only when using the mo Number of cores to use in 2D computations: Parameter 1 Theta (0.6-1.0): 2 Theta Warmup (0.6-1.0): 3 Water Surface Tolerance [max=0.2](ft) 4 Volume Tolerance (ft) 5 Maximum Iterations	dvanced Time Step Contro omentum equation) All Available (Default) 1 1 0.01 0.01 20	Number of cores to use ol 1D Mixed Flow Options Middle 1 1 0.01 0.01 20	North 1 1 0.01 0.01 20	Cancel Defaults South 1 0.01 0.01 20 20
General 2D Flow Options 1D/2D Options A Use Coriolis Effects (only when using the mo Number of cores to use in 2D computations: Parameter 1 Theta (0.6-1.0): 2 Theta Warmup (0.6-1.0): 3 Water Surface Tolerance [max=0.2](ft) 4 Volume Tolerance (ft) 5 Maximum Iterations 6 Equation Set	dvanced Time Step Contro omentum equation) All Available (Default) 1 1 0.01 0.01 20	Number of cores to use ol 1D Mixed Flow Options Middle 1 1 0.01 0.01 20	North 1 1 0.01 0.01 20	Cancel Defaults South 1 0.01 0.01 20 20
General 2D Flow Options 1D/2D Options A Use Coriolis Effects (only when using the mo Number of cores to use in 2D computations: Parameter 1 Theta (0.6-1.0): 2 Theta Warmup (0.6-1.0): 3 Water Surface Tolerance [max=0.2](ft) 4 Volume Tolerance (ft) 5 Maximum Iterations 6 Equation Set 7 Initial Conditions Time (hrs)	dvanced Time Step Contro omentum equation) All Available (Default) (Default) 1 1 0.01 0.01 0.01 20 Diffusion Wave	Number of cores to use ID ID Middle 1 0.01 0.01 20 Diffusion Wave	North North 1 0.01 20 Diffusion Wave	South 1 0.01 0.01 20 Diffusion Wave
General 2D Flow Options 1D/2D Options A Use Coriolis Effects (only when using the mo Number of cores to use in 2D computations: Parameter 1 Theta (0.6-1.0): 2 Theta Warmup (0.6-1.0): 3 Water Surface Tolerance [max=0.2](ft) 4 Volume Tolerance (ft) 5 Maximum Iterations 6 Equation Set 7 Initial Conditions Time (hrs) 8 Initial Conditions Ramp Up Fraction (0-1)	dvanced Time Step Contro omentum equation) All Available (Default) 1 0.01 0.01 20 Diffusion Wave 0.1 1	Number of cores to use Number of cores to use I ID Middle 1 0.01 00 Diffusion Wave 0.1	North North North North 1 0.01 20 Diffusion Wave 0.1	South 1 0.01 0.01 20 Diffusion Wave 0.1
Number of cores to use in 2D computations: Parameter 1 Theta (0.6-1.0): 2 Theta Warmup (0.6-1.0): 3 Water Surface Tolerance [max=0.2](ft) 4 Volume Tolerance (ft) 5 Maximum Iterations 6 Equation Set 7 Initial Conditions Time (hrs) 8 Initial Conditions Ramp Up Fraction (0-1) 9 Number of Time Slices (Integer Value)	dvanced Time Step Contro omentum equation) All Available (Default) 1 0.01 0.01 20 Diffusion Wave 0.1 1	Number of cores to use Number of cores to use I ID Middle 1 0.01 00 Diffusion Wave 0.1	North North North North 1 0.01 20 Diffusion Wave 0.1	South 1 0.01 0.01 20 Diffusion Wave 0.1

ОК

Defaults ...

Cancel

HEC-RAS Unsteady Computation Options and Tolerances

General 2D Flow Options 1D/2D Options Advanced Time Step Control 1D Mixed Flow Options			
Maximum iterations between 1D and 2D (0=off, 1 to 20):0Water surface tolerance (ft):0.01Flow Tolerance (%)0.1Minimum flow tolerance (cfs):1.			
		Connel	Defute
	OK	Cancel	Defaults
HEC-RAS Unsteady Computation Options and Tolerances			
General 2D Flow Options 1D/2D Options Advanced Time Step Control 1D Mixed Flow Options			1
Mixed Flow Regime (see menu: "Options/Mixed Flow Options)			
Exponent for Froude number reduction factor m (m>0): 4. Froude number threshold for eliminating acceleration terms: 0.8			
Local Partial Interia Filter			
1.0 0.9			
0.8 0.7 			
b 0.6 c 0.5 c			
m			
0.4 0.3			
0 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6 0.7 0.8 0.9 1 Froude Number			

ATTACHMENT F

INUNDATION MAP

	and the second				
	INUNDATED STRUCTURES				
	ADDRESS (PARCEL ID)				
	309 BUCKSKULL HOLLOW DR (046A 317)	66 MARBLEBLOCK DR (051 042)			
	301 BUCKSKULL HOLLOW DR (046A 318)	350 WOLFSCRATCH VILLAGE CIR (046A 358)			
	293 BUCKSKULL HOLLOW DR (046A 319)	226 WOLFSCRATCH VILLAGE CIR (046D 001 002)			
	229 BUCKSKULL HOLLOW DR (046A 321)	100 WOLFSCRATCH VILLAGE CIR (046D 001 004)			
ŝ	75 BUCKSKULL HOLLOW DR (046A 325)	1127 WOLFSCRATCH DR (046A 358)			
2	57 BUCKSKULL HOLLOW DR (046A 326)	1125 WOLFSCRATCH DR (046A 358)			
¢	41 BUCKSKULL HOLLOW DR (046A 327)	800 WOLFSCRATCH DR (046A 358)			
l	11 BUCKSKULL HOLLOW DR (046A 334)	315 CHOCTAW PASS (046D 801)			
	28 BUCKSKULL PT (046A 337)	35 TREETOP KNOLL DR (046A 271)			
	26 BUCKSKULL PT (046A 336)	1138 SANDY BOTTOM RD (051 033)			
	22 BUCKSKULL PT (046A 335)	189 TIMBER CREEK DR (049 089 008)			
	200 SCONTI KNOLL DR (046A 404)	84 HIGHLAND TRL (046A 393)			
	193 SCONTI KNOLL DR (046A 405)	38 HIGHLAND TRL (047B 001)			
	191 SCONTI KNOLL DR (046A 406)	110 HIGHLAND CT (046A 394)			
	86 SCONTI PT (046A 409)	57 HIGHLAND CT (046A 395)			
	48 SCONTI RDG (046A 237)	400 CAMERON CT (049 089 014)			
l	194 TWIN CREEKS DR (046D 001 085)	61 HUNTERS TRCE (049A 002)			
ŝ	185 TWIN CREEKS DR (046D 927)	835 COVE LAKE DR (049 090 126)			
	165 TWIN CREEKS DR (046D 926)	250 SINTI TRL (046D 857)			
	5795 WILDERNESS PKY (046D 001 004)	9502 HIGHWAY 53 E (050B 062)			
ł.	1944 WILDERNESS PKY (046D 012)	9037 HIGHWAY 53 E (050B 040)			
ł	1944 WILDERNESS PKY (046D 013)	8200 HIGHWAY 53 E (051 003 001)			
	1944 WILDERNESS PKY (046D 014)	8100 HIGHWAY 53 E (051 003 001)			
	1944 WILDERNESS PKY (046D 015)	6361 HIGHWAY 53 E (051 040)			
	1543 OLD MILL WHITE RD (049 020)	393 MCARTHUR RD (050 015)			
	30 JUSTICE WAY (049 030)	427 MCARTHUR RD (050 014)			
	125 TROTTERS LN (SEWER PLANT)	34 LIMESTONE LN (050B 052)			
	87 TROTTERS LN (049A 001)				
-	A CONTRACTOR OF THE OWNER OF THE				

Tate

/Imery's Entrance Drive

Marblehill

-McArthur Road

Lake Cox Dam

Cove Road

-Lake Petit Dam Wolfscratch Drive

> -Lake Sconti Dam -Golf Course Road

Pendley Woods Road

Old Mill White Road (Upstream)

Old Mill White Road (Downstream)

State Route 53 (Near Marbleblock Lane)

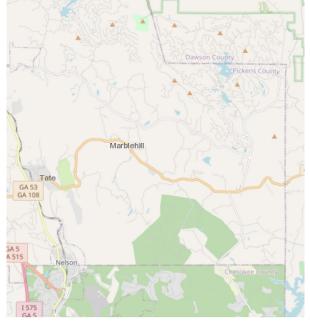
ortner Rd

State Route 53 (Near Sandy Bottom Road)

State Route 53 (Near Harrington Road)/

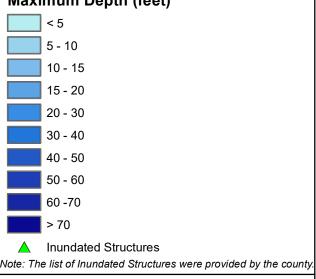
LAKE PETIT **DAM FAILURE**

LOCATION MAP



LEGEND

Maximum Depth (feet)



The method used to develop inundation zones are approximate. Geosyntec[▶] Actual areas inundated will depent on actual failure and pre-failure consultants hydrologic conditions and may differ significantly from information shown 18-May-2021 on maps. Feet 4,000 8,000 2,000 Meters 0 250 500 1,000 1,500

-Wilderness Parkway

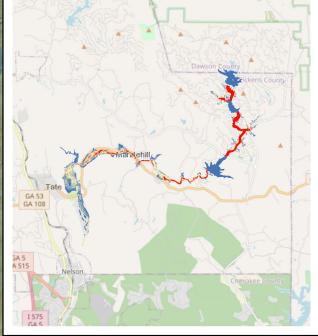
ATTACHMENT G

VELOCITY MAP



LAKE PETIT **DAM FAILURE**

LOCATION MAP



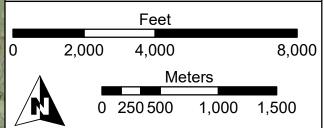
LEGEND Maximum Velocity (ft/s)

< 1
1 - 2
2 - 3
3 - 4
4 - 5
5 - 6
6 - 7
7 - 8
8 - 9
> 9

The method used to develop inundation zones are approximate. Actual areas inundated will depent on actual failure and pre-failure hydrologic conditions and may differ significantly from information shown on maps.

Geosyntec[▶] consultants

04-May-2021



GA 53 C

ATTACHMENT H

SUMMARY OF WARNINGS AND NOTES

Model Errors

- 1. Extrapolated beyond Storage VOL vs EL curve at Storage Area Sconti Lake
- 2. The maximum storage area wsel error was 0.044 (Sconti Lake at 12FEB2020 00:06:12)

Snip from Plan Computation in HEC-RAS

***** Error! Extrapolated beyond Storage VOL vs EL curve *****

At Storage Area Sconti Lake Writing Results to DSS

The maximum storage area wsel error was 0.044 Sconti Lake at 12FEB2020 00:06:12

ATTACHMENT I

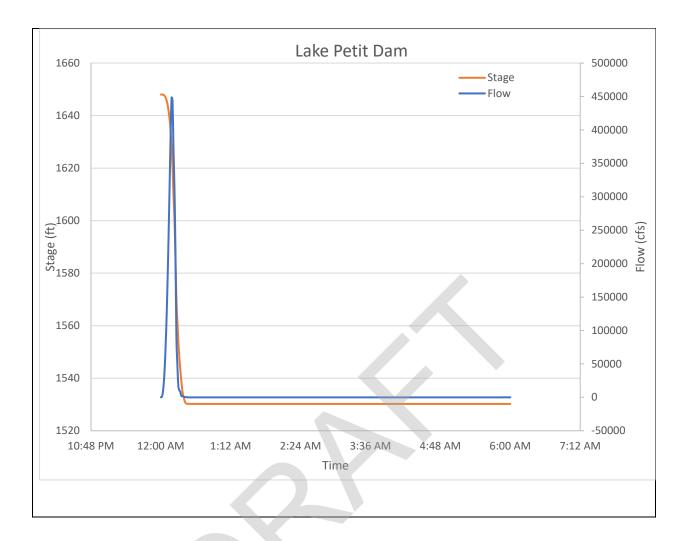
POTENTIAL HAZARD ADDRESSES

	ED STRUCTURES
	SS (PARCEL ID)
309 BUCKSKULL HOLLOW DR (046A 317)	66 MARBLEBLOCK DR (051 042)
301 BUCKSKULL HOLLOW DR (046A 318)	350 WOLFSCRATCH VILLAGE CIR (046A 358)
293 BUCKSKULL HOLLOW DR (046A 319)	226 WOLFSCRATCH VILLAGE CIR (046D 001 002)
229 BUCKSKULL HOLLOW DR (046A 321)	100 WOLFSCRATCH VILLAGE CIR (046D 001 004)
75 BUCKSKULL HOLLOW DR (046A 325)	1127 WOLFSCRATCH DR (046A 358)
57 BUCKSKULL HOLLOW DR (046A 326)	1125 WOLFSCRATCH DR (046A 358)
41 BUCKSKULL HOLLOW DR (046A 327)	800 WOLFSCRATCH DR (046A 358)
11 BUCKSKULL HOLLOW DR (046A 334)	315 CHOCTAW PASS (046D 801)
28 BUCKSKULL PT (046A 337)	35 TREETOP KNOLL DR (046A 271)
26 BUCKSKULL PT (046A 336)	1138 SANDY BOTTOM RD (051 033)
22 BUCKSKULL PT (046A 335)	189 TIMBER CREEK DR (049 089 008)
200 SCONTI KNOLL DR (046A 404)	84 HIGHLAND TRL (046A 393)
193 SCONTI KNOLL DR (046A 405)	38 HIGHLAND TRL (047B 001)
191 SCONTI KNOLL DR (046A 406)	110 HIGHLAND CT (046A 394)
86 SCONTI PT (046A 409)	57 HIGHLAND CT (046A 395)
48 SCONTI RDG (046A 237)	400 CAMERON CT (049 089 014)
194 TWIN CREEKS DR (046D 001 085)	61 HUNTERS TRCE (049A 002)
185 TWIN CREEKS DR (046D 927)	835 COVE LAKE DR (049 090 126)
165 TWIN CREEKS DR (046D 926)	250 SINTI TRL (046D 857)
5795 WILDERNESS PKY (046D 001 004)	9502 HIGHWAY 53 E (050B 062)
1944 WILDERNESS PKY (046D 012)	9037 HIGHWAY 53 E (050B 040)
1944 WILDERNESS PKY (046D 013)	8200 HIGHWAY 53 E (051 003 001)
1944 WILDERNESS PKY (046D 014)	8100 HIGHWAY 53 E (051 003 001)
1944 WILDERNESS PKY (046D 015)	6361 HIGHWAY 53 E (051 040)
1543 OLD MILL WHITE RD (049 020)	393 MCARTHUR RD (050 015)
30 JUSTICE WAY (049 030)	427 MCARTHUR RD (050 014)
125 TROTTERS LN (SEWER PLANT)	34 LIMESTONE LN (050B 052)
87 TROTTERS LN (049A 001)	
	·

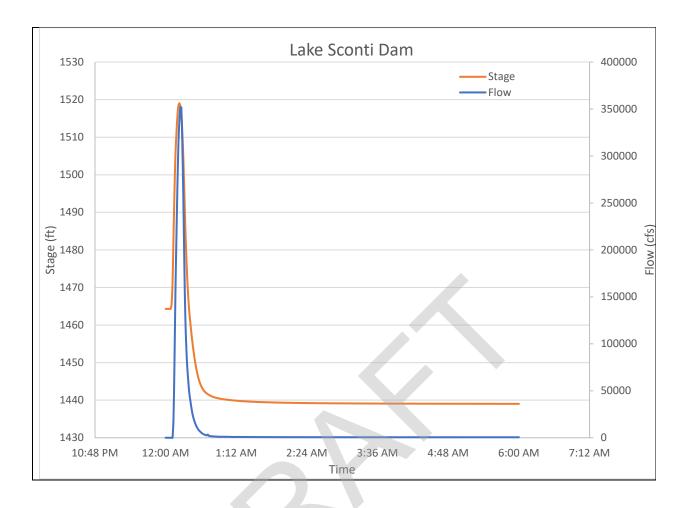
	INUNDATED PARCEL IDS																						
046A	069	046A 1	189	046A	236		046A	393		046D	001	003	046	802	046D	931		049	090	112	049	129	003
046A	070	046A 1	190	046A	237		046A	394		046D	001	085	046	804	046D	934		049	090	113	049	001	
046A	126	046A 1	191	046A	237		046A	395		046D	001	087	046	806	046D	935		049	090	114	049	002	
046A	127	046A 2	208	046A	239 00	01	046A	403		046D	002		046	807	049	017		049	090	115	049	003	
046A	128	046A 2	210	046A	239 00	02	046A	404		046D	003		046	847	049	018		049	090	116	049	016	
046A	129	046A 2	219	046A	240 00)5	046A	405		046D	004		046	848	049	019		049	090	117	049	017	
046A	130	046A 2	220 001	046A	241 0	01	046A	406		046D	005		046	849	049	019	001	049	090	118	049	031	
046A	131	046A 2	220 002	046A	242		046A	407		046D	006		046	850	049	019	002	049	090	119	049	032	
046A	132	046A 2	220 004	046A	244 00)5	046A	409		046D	007		046	851	049	019	003	049	090	120	049	046	001
046A	134	046A 2	221 001	046A	246 00)5	046A	410		046D	800		046	853	049	020		049	090	121	049	046	
046A	135	046A 2	221 002	046A	249		046A	411		046D	009		046	854	049	021		049	090	122	049	051	
046A	148	046A 2	221 003	046A	267		046A	412		046D	010		046	855	049	024		049	090	123	049	052	
046A	149	046A 2	221 004	046A	270		046A	423		046D	011		046	856	049	030		049	090	124	049	053	
046A	150	046A 2	222 001	046A	271		046A	429		046D	012		046	857	049	031		049	090	125	049	063	
046A	165	046A 2	222 002	046A	317		046A	437		046D	013		046	912	049	031	001	049	090	126	049	064	
046A	166	046A 2	222 004	046A	318		046A	445		046D	014		046	921	049	089		049	090	127	049	080	
046A	171	046A 2	227	046A	326		046A	446		046D	015		046	922	049	089	800	049	090	128	049	081	
046A	173	046A 2	228	046A	327		046A	447		046D	016		046	923	049	089	009	049	090	129	050	022	
046A	174	046A 2	229	046A	334		046A	448		046D	017		046	924	049	089	010	049	090	130	050	023	
046A	183	046A 2	230	046A	335		046A	449		046D	018		046	925	049	089	011	049	119		050	026	
046A	184	046A 2	231	046A	336		046A	450		046D	019		046	926	049	089	012	049	120		050	027	
046A	185	046A 2	232	046A	352		046A	467		046D	020		046	927	049	089	013	049	121		050	027	002
046A	186	046A 2	233	046A	356		046A	514		046D	021		046	929	049	089	014	049	124		050	028	001
046A	187	046A 2	234	046A	358		046D	001	004	046D	801		046	930	049	090		049	129	001	050	029	
046A	188	046A 2	235	046A	539 00	01	046D	001	002														

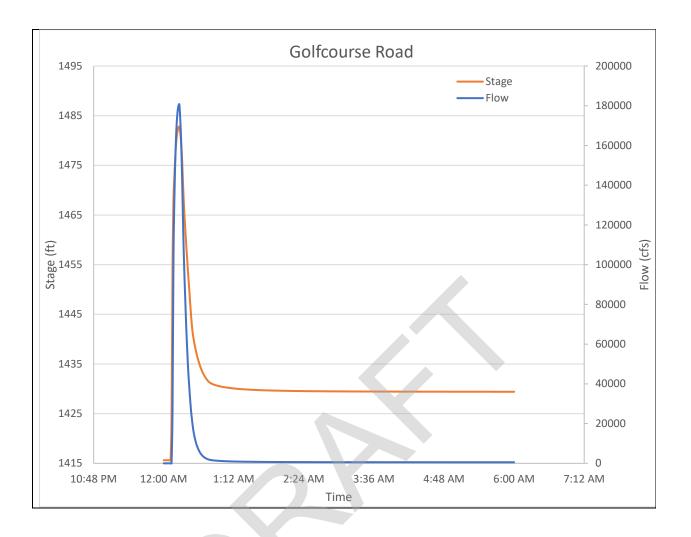
ATTACHMENT J

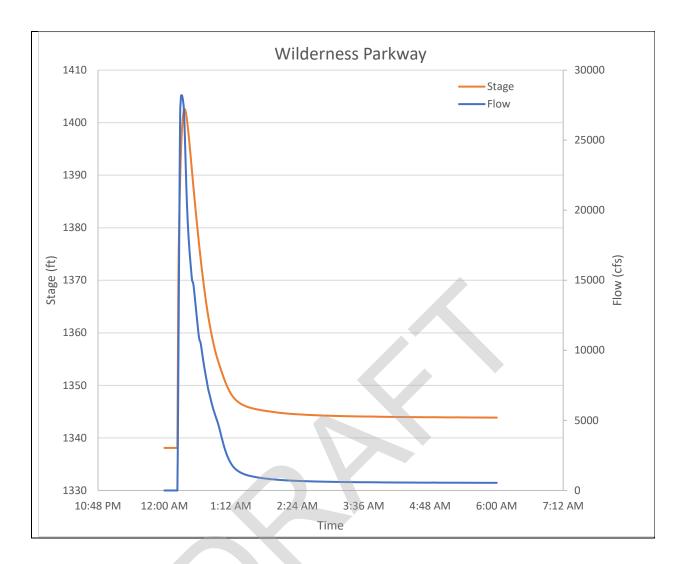
HYDROGRAPHS

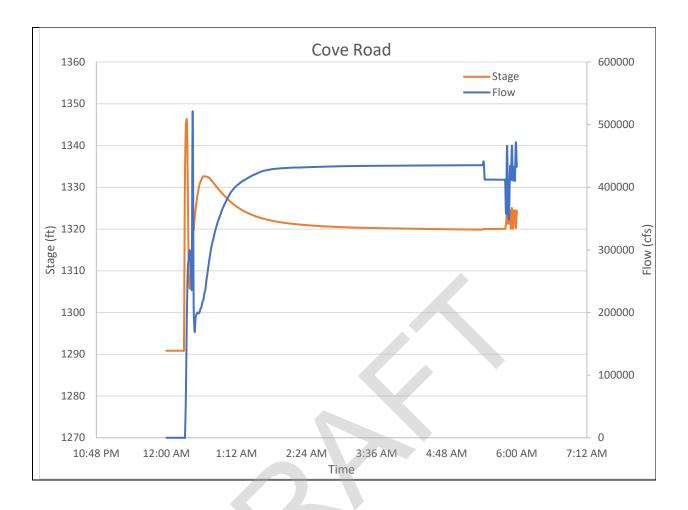


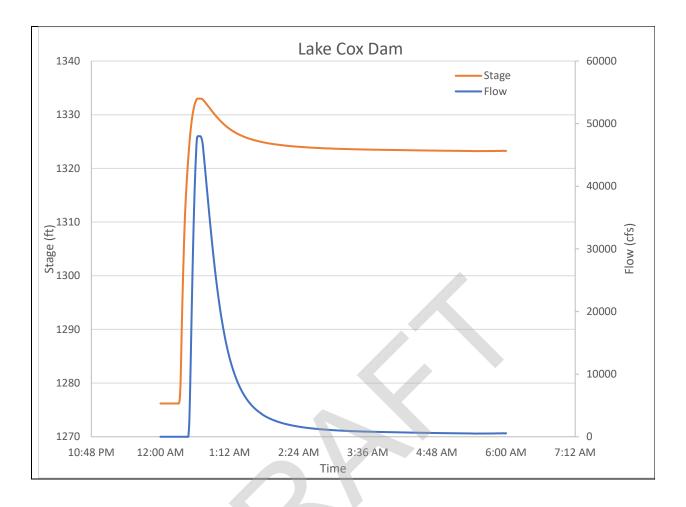


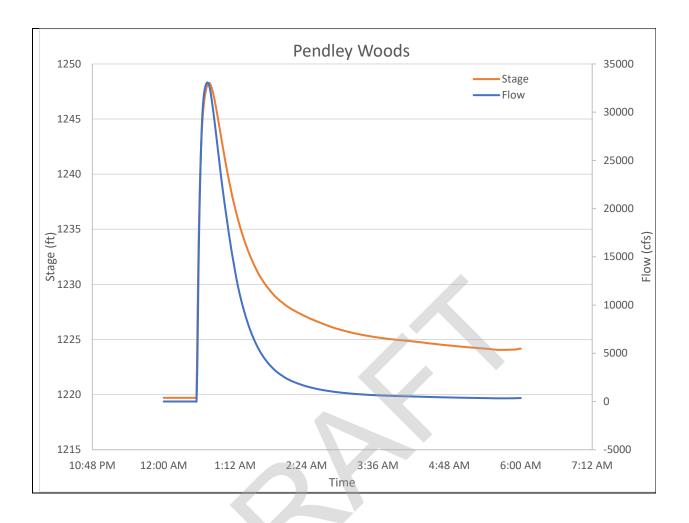


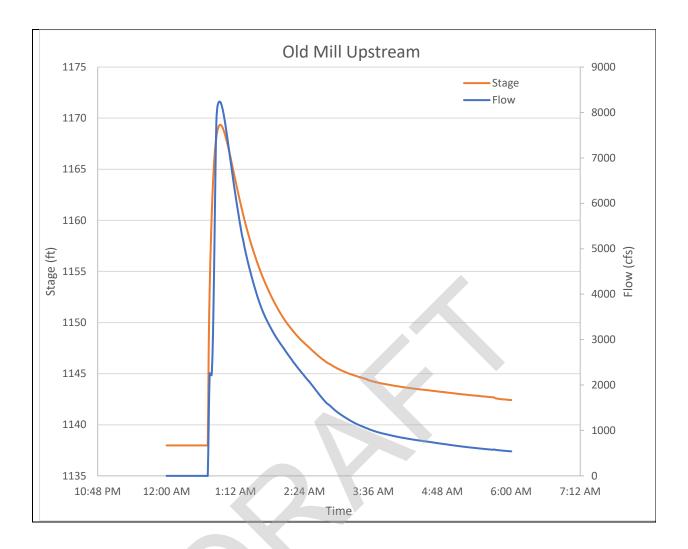


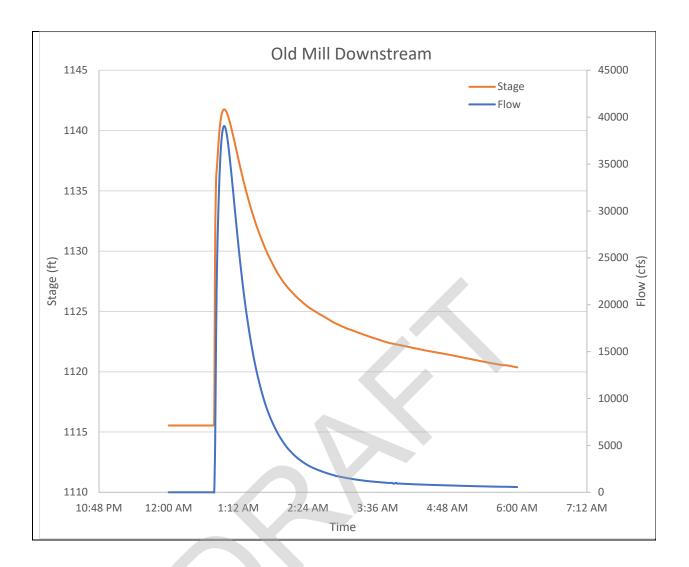


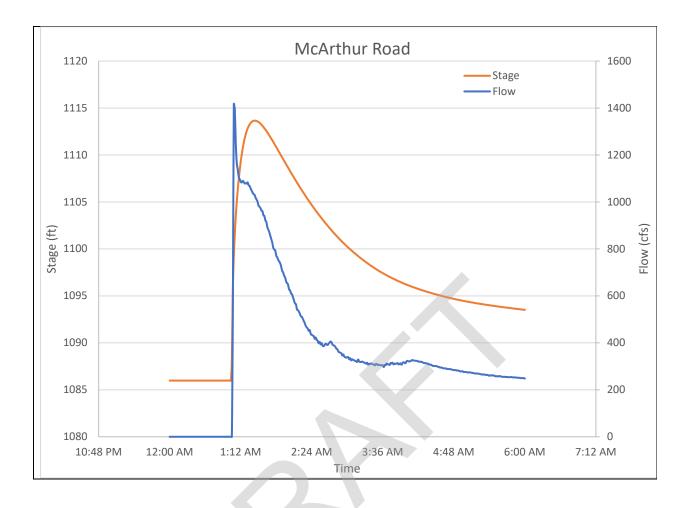




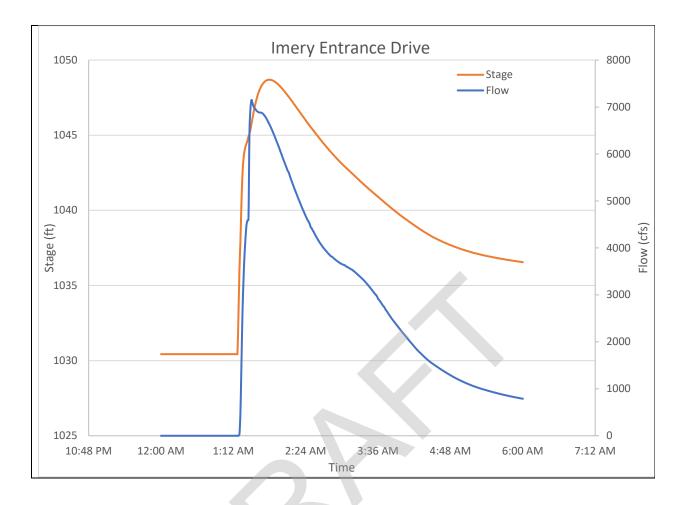


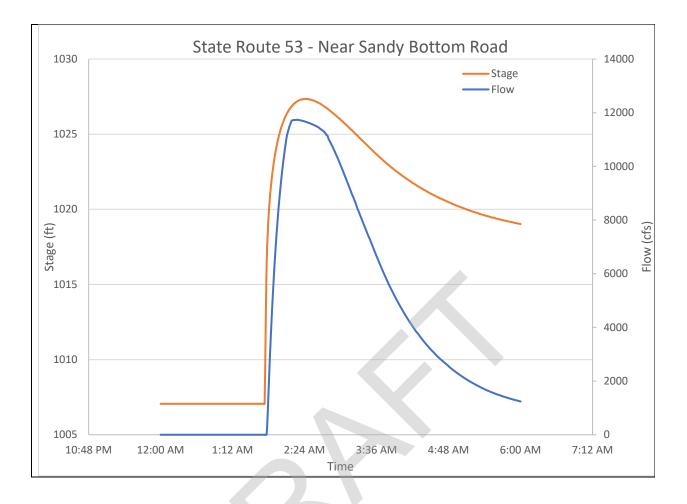


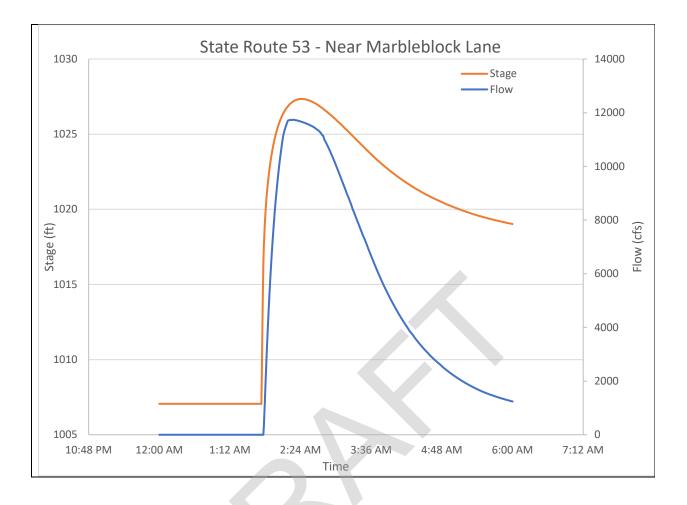






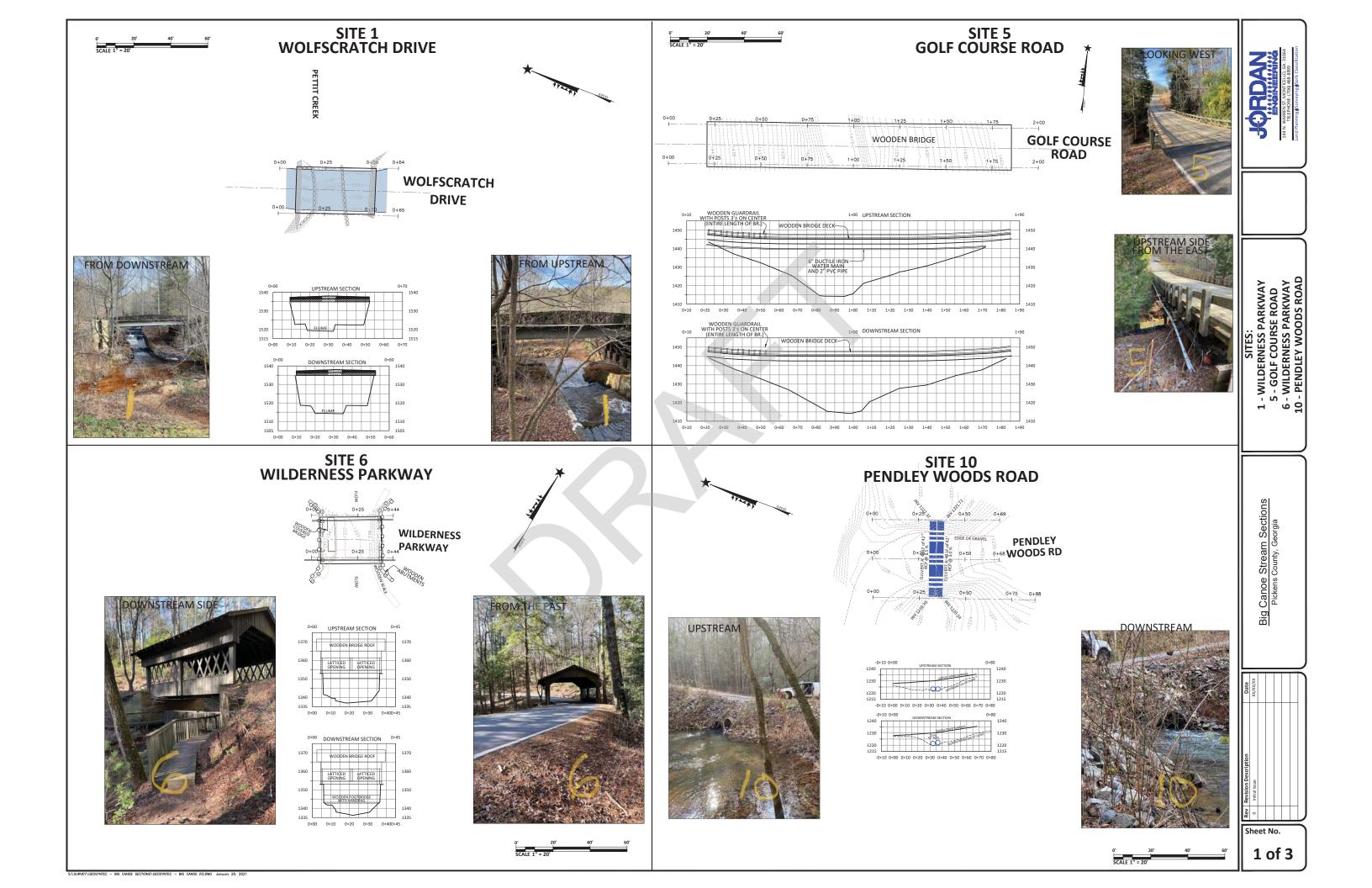


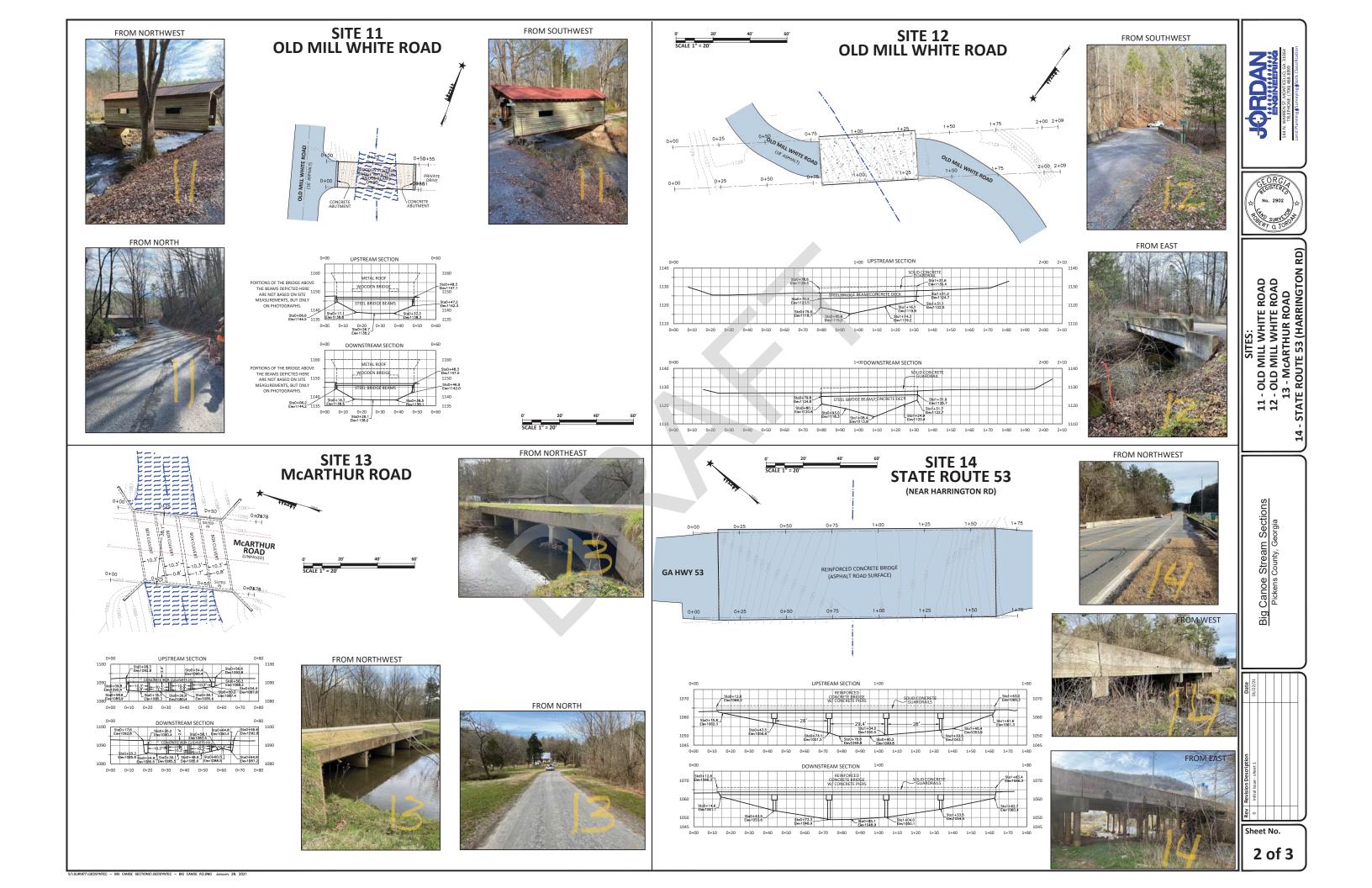


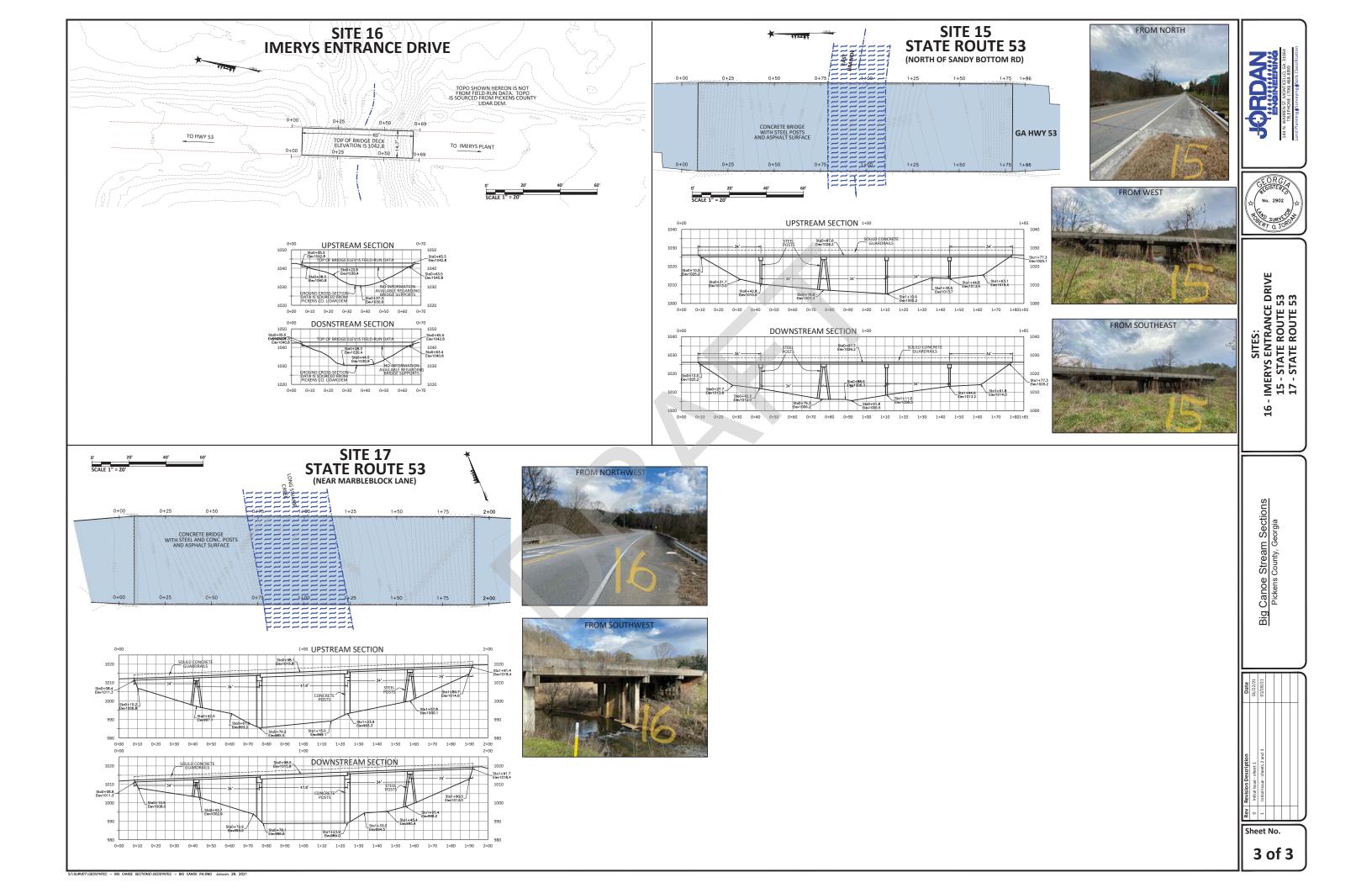


ATTACHMENT K

PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE DAM AND POINTS OF INTEREST







ATTACHMENT L

AERIAL PHOTOS OF POINT OF INTERESTS

Lake Petit Dam



Wolfscratch Drive



Lake Sconti Dam



Golf Course Road



Wilderness Parkway



Cove Road



Lake Cox Dam



Pendley Woods Road





Old Mill White Road (Upstream) – Left and Old Mill White Road (Downstream) - Right

McArthur Road



State Route 53 (Near Harrington Road)



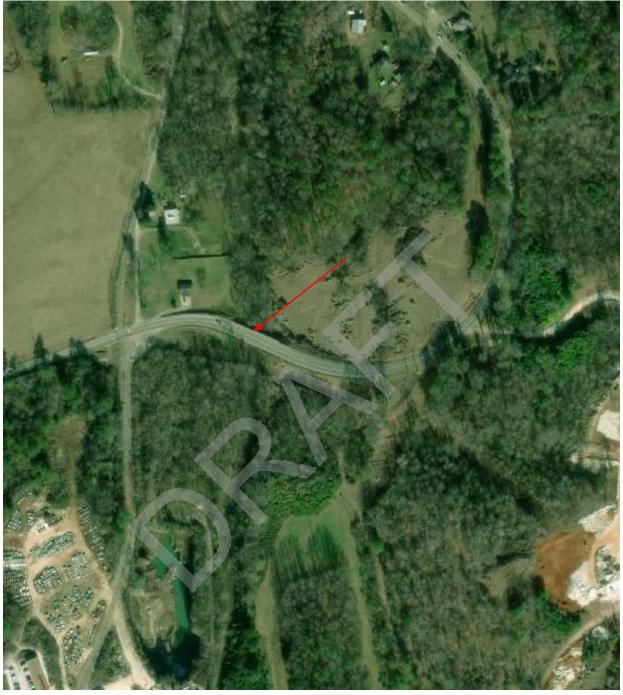
Imerys Entrance Drive



State Route 53 (Near Sandy Bottom Road)



State Route 53 (Near Marbleblock Lane)



APPENDIX D Definitions

APPENDIX D – DEFINITIONS

The following definitions are frequently used when discussing the physical characteristic of the Dam.

	The part of the valley side against with the dam is constructed.
ABUTMENT	Right and left abutments are those on respective sides as an
	observer when looking downstream.
	A unit of volumetric measure that would cover 1 acre to a
ACRE-FOOT	depth of 1 foot. One acre-foot is equal to 43,560 cubic feet or
	325,850 gallons.
	Structures around a dam that are necessary to the operation of
APPURTENANCES	the dam project (i.e., spillways).
DEDM	A nearly horizontal step (bench) in the upstream or
BERM	downstream sloping face of the dam.
	A disruption of the soil surface due to water discharging from
BOIL	below the surface. Eroded soil may be deposited in the form
	of a ring around the disruption.
	An opening through the dam resulting in partial or total failure
BREACH	of the dam.
	A dam that is either 25 feet tall or impounds 100 acre-feet
CATEGORY I DAM	of water and where improper operation or dam failure would
	result in the probable loss of human life.
	An in-depth exercise of an EAP that involves the
	interaction of the dam owner with the state and local
COMPREHENSIVE	emergency management agencies in a stressful
EAP EXERCISE	environment with time constraints. Functional and full
	scale EAP exercises are considered comprehensive EAP
	exercises.
CONDUIT	A closed channel (round pipe or rectangular box) that
	conveys water through, around, or under the dam.
	A usually level segment in the profile of an open channel
CONTROL SECTION	spillway above which water in the reservoir discharges
	through the spillway.
	A slice through the dam showing elevation vertically and
CROSS SECTION	direction of natural water flow horizontally. Also, a slice
	through a spillway showing elevation vertically and left
	and right sides of the spillway looking downstream.
	An artificial barrier generally constructed across a
DAM	watercourse for the purpose of impounding or diverting
	water.

DAM FAILURE	Catastrophic type of failure characterized by the sudden, rapid, and uncontrolled release of impounded water. It is recognized that there are lesser degrees of failure and that any malfunction or abnormality outside the design assumptions and parameters which adversely affect a dam's primary function of impounding water is properly considered a failure. Such lesser degrees of failure can progressively lead to or heighten the risk of a catastrophic failure. They are, however, normally amendable to corrective action.	
DAM OPERATOR	The person(s) or unit(s) of government with responsibility for the operation and maintenance of dam.	
DRAIN, TOE, FOUNDATION, OR BLANKET	A water collection system of sand and gravel and typically pipes along the downstream portion of the dam to collect seepage and convey it to a safe outlet.	
DRAINAGE AREA (WATERSHED)	The geographic area on which rainfall flows into the dam.	
DRAWDOWN	The lowering or releasing of the water level in a reservoir over time or the volume lowered or released over a particular period of time.	
EMBANKMENT	Fill material, usually earth or rock, placed with sloping sides.	
EMERGENCY	A condition that develops unexpectedly, endangers the structural integrity of the dam and/or downstream human life and property, and requires immediate action.	
EMERGENCY ACTION PLAN (EAP) EXERCISE	An activity designed to promote emergency preparedness; test or evaluate emergency action plans, procedures or facilities; train personnel in emergency management duties; and demonstrate operational capability. Exercises consist to the performance of duties, tasks or operations very similar to the way they would be performed in a real emergency. However, the exercise performance is in response to a simulated event.	
EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY	The State and local agencies responsible for emergency operations, planning, mitigation, preparedness, response, and recovery for all hazards.	
EMERGENCY OPERATIONS CENTER	The location or facility where responsible officials gather during an emergency to direct and coordinate emergency operations, to communicate with other jurisdictions and	

	with field emergency forces, and to formulate protective	
	action decisions and recommendations during an	
	emergency.	
	A map showing the geographic area downstream of a dam	
EVACUATION MAP	that should be evacuated if it is threatened to be flooded by	
	a breach of the dam or other large discharge.	
	The layers of sand and gravel in a drain that allow seepage	
FILTER	through an embankment to discharge into the drain without	
	eroding the embankment soil.	
	A process of determining progressively over time the	
FLOOD ROUTING	amplitude of a flood wave as it moves past a dam or	
	downstream to successive points along a river or stream.	
	Vertical distance between a stated water level in the	
FREEBOARD	reservoir and the top of dam.	
GATE, SLIDE, OR	An operable, watertight valve to manage the discharge of	
SLUID	water from the dam.	
CROND	The area along the intersection of the face of a dam and the	
GROIND	abutment.	
	A situation which creates the potential for adverse	
	consequences such as loss of life, property damage or other	
HARADD	adverse impacts. Impacts may be for a defined area	
HAZARD	downstream of a dam from floodwaters released through	
	spillways and outlet works of the dam or waters released by	
	partial or complete failure of the dam.	
	The water immediately upstream from a dam. The water	
HEADWATER	surface elevation varies due to fluctuations in inflow and	
	the amount of water passed through the dam.	
	The vertical distance between the lowest point along the	
HEIGHT	crest of the dam and the lowest point at the downstream	
	toe, which usually occurs in the bed of the outlet channel.	
	An arrangement of devices installed into or near dams that	
	provide measurements to evaluate the structural behavior	
INSTRUMENTATION	and other performance parameters of the dam and	
	appurtenant structures.	
	A map delineating areas that would be flooded as a result of	
INUNDATION MAP	a dam failure or other unusually large spillway release.	
	To immediately inform appropriate individuals,	
NOTIFICATION	organizations, or agencies about a potentially emergency	
	situation so they can initiate appropriate actions.	
OUTLET WORKS	An appurtenant structure that provides for controlled	

	reasons of normal water flows through the dam	
	passage of normal water flows through the dam.	
OVERTOP	Flow of an embankment dam beyond its spillway capacity	
	and over the top of the dam crest, or containment elevation.	
PROBABLE MAXIMUM	The theoretically greatest precipitation or resulting flood	
PRECIPITATION (PMP) OR FLOOD (PMF)	that is meteorologically feasible for a given duration over a	
OR FLOOD (PMF)	specific drainage area at a particular geographical location.	
	The progressive destruction of an embankment or	
PIPING	embankment foundation by internal erosion of the soil by	
	seepage flows.	
PROJECT DESIGN	The maximum rate of rainfall in which the dam could	
FLOOD	safely pass or store without overtopping.	
DECEDITOR	The body of water impounded or potentially impounded by	
RESERVOIR	the dam.	
	A layer of large rock, precast blocks, or other suitable	
	material, generally placed on an embankment or along a	
RIP RAP	watercourse as protection against wave action, erosion, or	
	scour.	
	A measure of the likelihood and severity of an adverse	
RISK	consequence.	
	The continuous movement of water from the upstream face	
SEEPAGE	of the dam toward its downstream face.	
	The downward movement of the ground due to forces (i.e.,	
SETTLEMENT	buildings and other structures) applied to the surface.	
	A structure over or through which flood flows are	
SPILLWAY	discharged.	
TAILWATER	The water downstream from the dam.	
	The junction of the upstream or downstream face of an	
TOE OF DAM	embankment with the ground surface.	

APPENDIX E

E-1: Contact Checklist E-2: Condition B (Level 2) or C (Level 3) Event Log E-3: Dam Emergency Situation Report Forms

APPENDIX E-1 – CONTACT CHECKLIST

Lake Petit Dam, Pickens County, Georgia

Date:

The following contacts should be made immediately after the Emergency Condition (Level) is determined. The person making the contacts should initial and record the time of the call and who was notified for each contact made. See the Notification Flowcharts for critical contact information and Emergency Services Contacts for contact information for other possible emergency services.

Emergency Condition A (Level 1)

Dam Owner's Representative Owner's Technical Representative GA Safe Dams Program Emergency Condition I	Person Contacted	Time Contacted	Contacted by
Dam Owner's Representative Owner's Technical Representative GA Safe Dams Program Pickens County EMA Emergency Condition (Person Contacted	Time Contacted	Contacted by
911 GA Safe Dams Program Owner's Technical Representative Engineer of Record Pickens County EMA	Person Contacted	Time Contacted	Contacted by

APPENDIX E-2 – CONDITION B (LEVEL 2) OR C (LEVEL 3) EVENT LOG

(To	be Completed During the E	mergency)
Lake Petit Dam, Pickens Count	ty, Georgia	Date:
Water Level Elevation:	Fre	eeboard:
When and how was the event d	etected?	
Weather conditions:		
General description of the eme	rgency situation:	
Emergency level determination	: Actions and Event Progre	Made by:
Date Time	Action/Event Progressio	n Taken By

Report prepared by: _____

(To be Completed Following the Termination	n of the Emergency)
Lake Petit Dam, Pickens County, Georgia	Date:
National Inventory of Dams (NID) No.: GA00685	
Weather conditions:	
General description of emergency situation:	
Area(s) of dam affected:	
Extent of dam damage:	
Possible cause(s):	
Effect on dam's operation:	
Initial reservoir elevation:	Time:
Maximum reservoir elevation:	Time:
Final reservoir elevation:	Time:
Description of area flooded downstream/damages/injuries/los	ss of life:
Other data and comments:	
Observer's name and telephone number:	
Report prepared by:	

APPENDIX E-3 – DAM EMERGENCY SITUATION REPORT

APPENDIX F Locally Available Resources

APPENDIX F – LOCALLY AVAILABLE RESOURCES

The Pickens County Commissioner indicated the following heavy equipment may be available in the case of an emergency (for use, contact John Nicholson at Pickens County EMA at 706-253-8829 or Kim Quinton at the Pickens County Public Works Department at 770-893-9564):

- One (1) Caterpillar D6 Bulldozer;
- One (1) 330 Kobelco Excavator;
- One (1) Kubota 080 Excavator;

Other locally available resources include:

- One (1) Caterpillar 303 Excavator;
- One (1) Caterpillar 313 Rubber Tire Trackhoe;
- Two (2) Bobcat skid steers;
- Three (3) tandem dump trucks;
- Two (2) single axle box dump trucks; and
- Three (3) single axle flat bed trucks.

Heavy Equipment Service and Rental	Sand and Gravel Supply	Ready-mix Concrete Supply
Sunbelt Rentals 5290 Lake Pointe Center Drive Cumming, Georgia Main: 770-887-9966 Emergency: 800-667-9328 United Rentals 1151 Northpoint Parkway SE Acworth, Georgia 30102 Main: 770-974-3500 (On call service available 24/7)	Martin Marietta Ball Ground Quarry 970 Old Nelson Road Ball Ground, Georgia 30107 770-735-4783 Vulcan Materials Company 4420 Hightower Road Ball Ground, Georgia 30107 Main: 678-947-3310 GA Services: 770-454-3691	Wayne Davis Concrete 115 River Mill Drive Ball Ground, Georgia 706-692-3464 Ernst Concrete 970 Old Nelson Road Ball Ground, Georgia 30107 770-853-0533 Argos Ready Mix 829 Univeter Road Canton, Georgia 770-704-7778
Pumps	Diving Service	Sand Bags
Xylem Cartersville 402 Old Mill Road Cartersville, Georgia 30120 770-415-8814 (On call service available 24/7) United Rentals 5260 Truman Drive Decatur, Georgia 30035 Main: 404-439-4322 (On call service available 24/7) Rain for Rent 2330 Burnt Wood Drive Kennesaw, Georgia 30152 678-594-6601	Georgia Department of Natural Resources, Law Enforcement Division, Search and Rescue Team 781 Red Top Mountain Road SE, Acworth, Georgia 30102 770-529-2424 (M-F 8am – 4:30pm) 1-800-241-4113 (After hours) Underwater Construction Corporation 8494 Gulf View Drive Soddy Daisy, TN 37379 423-332-6700	Hanes Geo Components 3105 Sweetwater Road, Shite 200 Lawrenceville, Georgia 30044 Main: 866-961-3565 Emergency: 678-221-7849 SouthScape 790 East Church Street (Hwy 53 Business) Jasper, Georgia 30143 706-253-0033 770-894-7400